

ASCENT CAPITAL GROUP, INC.

FORM 10-K (Annual Report)

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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D. C. 20549
Form 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number 001-34176

ASCENT MEDIA CORPORATION

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

State of Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

**12300 Liberty Boulevard
Englewood, Colorado**

(Address of principal executive offices)

26-2735737

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

80112

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code:

(720) 875-5622

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class

Name of Exchange on Which Registered

Series A Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share

The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

Series B Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share

Indicate by check mark if the Registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933. Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the Registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of Registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act) Yes No

The aggregate market value of the voting stock held by nonaffiliates of Ascent Media Corporation computed by reference to the last sales price of such stock, as of the closing of trading on February 27, 2009, was approximately \$313 million.

The number of shares outstanding of Ascent Media Corporation's common stock as of February 27, 2009 was: Series A common stock 13,410,044 shares; and Series B common stock 659,679 shares.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The Registrant's definitive proxy statement for its 2009 Annual Meeting of Stockholders is hereby incorporated by reference into Part III of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.



ASCENT MEDIA CORPORATION
2008 ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K

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ITEM 1. DESCRIPTION OF OUR BUSINESS

(a) General Development of Business

Ascent Media Corporation (“Ascent Media”) was incorporated in the state of Delaware on May 29, 2008 as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Discovery Holding Company (“DHC”). On September 17, 2008, DHC completed the spin-off of Ascent Media to DHC’s shareholders and we became an independent, publicly traded company. In the spin-off, each holder of DHC common stock received 0.05 of a share of our Series A common stock for each share of DHC Series A common stock held and 0.05 of a share of our Series B common stock for each share of DHC Series B common stock held. 13,401,886 shares of our Series A common stock and 659,732 shares of our Series B common stock were issued in the spin-off, which was intended to qualify as a tax-free transaction.

Our principal assets are our wholly-owned operating subsidiary Ascent Media Group, LLC (“AMG”) and cash and cash equivalents. At December 31, 2008, cash and cash equivalents, on a consolidated basis, totaled \$341,517,000, which included AMG’s cash on hand. We currently have no indebtedness for borrowed money. We intend to continue to operate AMG, while also looking for opportunities to leverage our strong capital position through strategic acquisitions or other investments.

AMG is primarily engaged in the business of providing content and creative services to the media and entertainment industries in the United States, the United Kingdom and Singapore. Through its Content Services and Creative Services groups, AMG provides solutions for the creation, management and distribution of content to major motion picture studios, independent producers, broadcast networks, programming networks, advertising agencies and other companies that produce, own and/or distribute entertainment, news, sports, corporate, educational, industrial and advertising content. Services are marketed to target industry segments through AMG’s internal sales force and may be sold on a bundled or individual basis.

Recent Developments

On September 4, 2008, we consummated the sale of 100% of the outstanding ownership interests in Ascent Media CANS, LLC (“AccentHealth”) to an unaffiliated third party, for approximately \$120 million in cash. AccentHealth operates an advertising-supported captive audience television network in doctor office waiting rooms nationwide. Our assets at the time of the spin-off included the cash proceeds we received in such sale, net of selling expenses. The results of operations of AccentHealth have been treated as discontinued operations for all periods presented in this Annual Report.

* * * * *

Certain statements in this Annual Report on Form 10-K constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including statements regarding our business, marketing and operating strategies, integration of acquired businesses, new service offerings, financial prospects and anticipated sources and uses of capital. In particular, statements under Item 1. “Business,” Item 1A. “Risk Factors”, Item 2. “Properties,” Item 3. “Legal Proceedings,” Item 7. “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” and Item 7A. “Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk” contain forward-looking statements. Where, in any forward-looking statement, we express an expectation or belief as to future results or events, such expectation or belief is expressed in good faith and believed to have a reasonable basis, but there can be no assurance that the expectation or belief will result or be achieved or accomplished. The following include some but not all of the factors that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from those anticipated:

- general economic and business conditions;
- industry trends including the timing of, and spending on, feature film, television and television commercial production;
- spending on domestic and foreign television advertising and spending on domestic and foreign first-run and existing content libraries;

- the regulatory and competitive environment of the industries in which we, and the entities in which we have interests, operate;
- continued consolidation of the broadband distribution and movie studio industries;
- uncertainties inherent in the development of new business lines and business strategies;
- integration of acquired operations;
- uncertainties associated with product and service development and market acceptance, including the development and provision of programming for new television and telecommunications technologies;
- changes in the distribution and viewing of television programming, including the expanded deployment of personal video recorders, video on demand and internet protocol-based television and their impact on television advertising revenue;
- rapid technological changes;
- future financial performance, including availability, terms and deployment of capital;
- fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates;
- political unrest in international markets;
- the ability of suppliers and vendors to deliver products, equipment, software and services;
- the outcome of any pending or threatened litigation;
- availability of qualified personnel;
- the possibility of an industry-wide strike or other job action affecting a major entertainment industry union, or the duration of any existing strike or job action;
- changes in, or failure or inability to comply with, government regulations, including, without limitation, regulations of the Federal Communications Commission, or FCC, and adverse outcomes from regulatory proceedings;
- changes in the nature of key strategic relationships with partners and joint venturers;
- competitor responses to our products and services, and the products and services of the entities in which we have interests; and
- threatened terrorists attacks and ongoing military action in the Middle East and other parts of the world.

These forward-looking statements and such risks, uncertainties and other factors speak only as of the date of this Annual Report, and we expressly disclaim any obligation or undertaking to disseminate any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statement contained herein, to reflect any change in our expectations with regard thereto, or any other change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based. When considering such forward-looking statements, you should keep in mind the factors described in Item 1A, “Risk Factors” and other cautionary statements contained in this Annual Report. Such risk factors and statements describe circumstances which could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement.

(b) Financial Information About Reportable Segments

We identify our reportable segments based on financial information reviewed by our chief operating decision maker. We report financial information for our consolidated business segments that represent more than 10% of our consolidated revenue or earnings before taxes and equity affiliates whose share of earnings represent more than 10% of our earnings before taxes.

Based on the foregoing criteria, our two reportable segments are our Content Services group and our Creative Services group, which are also operating segments of AMG. Financial information related to our reportable segments can be found in note 16 to our consolidated financial statements found in Part II of this Annual Report.

(c) Narrative Description of Business

Through our wholly-owned subsidiary AMG, we are primarily engaged in the business of providing services to the media and entertainment industries in the United States, the United Kingdom and Singapore.

AMG provides a wide variety of creative services and content management and delivery services to the media and entertainment industries in the United States, the United Kingdom and Singapore. AMG provides solutions for the creation, management and distribution of content to major motion picture studios, independent producers, broadcast networks, programming networks, advertising agencies and other companies that produce, own and/or distribute entertainment, news, sports, corporate, educational, industrial and advertising content. Services are marketed to target industry segments through AMG's internal sales force and may be sold on a bundled or individual basis.

The assets and operations of AMG are composed primarily of the assets and operations of various businesses acquired from 2000 through 2004, including The Todd-AO Corporation, Four Media Company, Video Services Corporation, Group W Network Services, London Playout Centre and the systems integration business of Sony Electronics. The combination and integration of these and other acquired entities allows AMG to offer integrated outsourcing solutions for the technical and creative requirements of its clients, from content creation and other post-production services to media management and transmission of the final product to broadcast television stations, cable system head-ends and other destinations and distribution points.

In the quarter ended December 31, 2008, AMG changed its alignment of operating segments. As a result, AMG is organized into two operating groups: businesses that provide content management and delivery services and businesses that provide creative services. The content services businesses will provide fully integrated content delivery solutions and services to its customers. The creative services businesses will focus on providing post-production services to the television and movie industry. Segment information for prior periods has been revised to retrospectively reflect AMG's current segment reporting structure. The change to segment reporting has no effect on our reported net earnings (loss).

Content Services

AMG's Content Services group provides a full complement of facilities and services necessary to optimize, archive, manage, and reformat and repurpose completed media assets for global distribution via freight, satellite, fiber and the Internet, as well as the facilities, technical infrastructure, and operating staff necessary to assemble programming content for cable and broadcast networks and to distribute media signals via satellite and terrestrial networks. AMG's Content Services group operates from facilities located in California, Connecticut, Florida, Minnesota, New York, New Jersey, Virginia, the United Kingdom and Singapore. As used in the media services industry, the term "element" refers to a unit of created content of any length, such as a feature film, television episode, commercial spot, movie trailer, promotional clip or other unique product, such as a foreign language version or alternate format of any of the foregoing.

Key services provided by AMG's Content Services group include the following:

Assembly, formatting and master creation and duplication. AMG implements clients' creative decisions, including decisions regarding the integration of sound and visual effects, to assemble source material into its final form. In addition, AMG uses sophisticated computer graphics equipment to generate titles and character imagery and to format certain entertainment media content to meet specific production and distribution requirements, including time compression and commercial breaks. Finally, AMG creates and delivers multiple master copies of the applicable final product for distribution, broadcast, archival and other purposes designated by the customer.

Digital media management services. AMG's Digital Media Distribution Center provides services that enable content owners to digitize content once, then store, manage, re-purpose and distribute such content globally in multiple formats and languages to numerous providers. These file-based services can help AMG's clients exploit existing and emerging global revenue streams, including broadband, mobile and other digital outlets and devices, reducing time-to-market while providing increased security, flexibility and database functionality. Such services can be implemented as a fully outsourced platform or individual managed services.

Advertising distribution. Once a television commercial has been completed, AMG provides support services required to manufacture and deliver commercials to specific television broadcasters or radio stations, including format conversion, video and audio duplication, distribution, and storage and asset management, for advertising agencies, corporate advertisers and other content owners. AMG uses satellite, fiber-optic and Integrated Services Digital Network, or ISDN, Internet access, terrestrial broadband, and conventional air freight for the delivery of television and radio spots to broadcasters and radio stations. AMG's commercial television distribution facilities in Los Angeles and San Francisco, California enable AMG to service any regional or national client.

Restoration, preservation and asset protection of existing and damaged content . AMG provides film restoration, preservation and asset protection services. AMG's technicians use photochemical and digital processes to clean, repair and rebuild a film's elements in order to return the content to its original and sometimes to an improved image quality. AMG also protects film element content from future degradation by transferring film images to newer archival film stocks and digital files. AMG also provides asset protection services for its clients' color library titles, which is a preservation process whereby B/W, silver image, polyester, positive and color separation masters are created, to protect the images of new and older films.

Transferring film to video or digital media masters. A considerable amount of film content is ultimately distributed to the home video, broadcast, cable or pay-per-view television markets. This requires film images to be transferred to a video or digital file format. Each frame must be color corrected and adapted to the desired aspect ratio to meet the required distribution specifications and ensure the highest level of conformity to the original film version. Because certain film formats require transfers with special characteristics, it is not unusual for a motion picture to be mastered in many different versions. Technological developments, such as the domestic introduction of television sets with a 16 X 9 aspect ratio and the implementation of advanced and high definition digital television systems for terrestrial and satellite broadcasting, have contributed to the growth of AMG's film transfer business. AMG also digitally removes dirt and scratches from a damaged film master that is transferred to a digital file format.

Professional duplication and standards conversion. AMG provides professional duplication, which is the process of creating broadcast quality and resolution independent sub-masters for distribution to professional end users. AMG uses master elements to make sub-masters in numerous domestic and international broadcast standards as well as up to 22 different tape formats. AMG also provides standards conversion, which is the process of changing the frame rate of a video signal from one video standard, such as the United States standard (NTSC), to another, such as a European standard (PAL or SECAM). Content is regularly copied, converted and checked by quality control for use in intermediate processes, such as editing, on-air backup and screening and for final delivery to cable and pay-per-view programmers, broadcast networks, television stations, airlines, home video duplicators and foreign distributors. AMG's duplication and standards conversion facilities are technically advanced with unique characteristics that significantly increase equipment capacity while reducing error rates and labor cost.

DVD compression and authoring and menu design. AMG provides all stages of DVD production, including creative menu design, special feature production, interactive features, compression, authoring, multi channel audio mixing, and quality control. AMG supports DVD production in traditional DVD formats as well as the Blu Ray format. AMG also prepares and optimizes content for evolving formats of digital distribution, such as video-on-demand and interactive television.

Storage of elements and working masters. AMG's physical archives are designed to store working master videotapes and film elements in a highly controlled environment protected from temperature and humidity variation, seismic disturbance, fire, theft and other external events. In addition to the physical security of the archive, content owners require frequent and regular access to their libraries. Physical elements stored in AMG's archive are uniquely bar-coded and maintained in a library management database offering rapid access to elements, concise reporting of element status and element tracking throughout its travel through AMG's operations. AMG also provides file-based digital archive services, as discussed under the heading *Digital media management services* above.

Syndicated television distribution. AMG's syndication services provide AMOL-encoding and closed-captioned sub-mastering, commercial integration, library distribution, station list management and v-chip encoding. AMG distributes syndicated television content by freight, satellite, fiber or the Internet, in formats ranging from low-resolution proxy streams to full-bandwidth high-definition television and streaming media.

Network origination and master control. AMG provides outsourced network origination services to cable, satellite and pay-per-view programming networks. This suite of services involves the digitization and management of client-provided media assets (programs, advertisements, promotions and secondary events) and their aggregation into a continuous playout stream in accordance with the programming schedule. Currently, over two hundred programming feeds — running 24 hours a day, seven days a week — are supported by AMG's facilities in the United States, London and Singapore. Network origination services are provided from large-scale technical platforms with integrated asset management, hierarchical storage management (a data storage technique which automatically moves data between high-cost and low-cost storage media), and broadcast automation capabilities. These platforms, which are designed, built, owned and operated by AMG, require AMG to incorporate and integrate hardware and software from multiple third-party suppliers into a coordinated service solution. Associated services include cut-to-clock and compliance editing, tape library management, ingest & quality control, format conversion, and tape duplication. For multi-language television services, AMG facilitates the collection, aggregation, and playout of languaging materials, including subtitles and foreign language dubs. On-air graphics and other secondary events are also integrated with the content. In conjunction with network origination services, AMG operates television production studios and provides complete post-production services for on-air promotions for some clients.

Transport and connectivity. AMG operates satellite earth station facilities in Singapore, California, New York, New Jersey, Minnesota and Connecticut. AMG's facilities are staffed 24 hours a day and may be used for uplink, downlink and turnaround services. AMG accesses various "satellite neighborhoods," including basic and premium cable, broadcast syndication, direct-to-home and DBS markets. AMG resells transponder capacity for occasional and full-time use and operates a global fiber network with both real-time and file-transport capabilities. AMG's "teleports" are high-bandwidth communications gateways with video switches and facilities for satellite, optical fiber and microwave transmission. AMG's facilities offer satellite antennae capable of transmitting and receiving feeds in both C-Band and Ku-Band frequencies. AMG operates a global fiber network to carry real-time video and data services between its various locations in the US, London, and Singapore. This network is used to provide full-time program feeds and ad hoc services to clients and to transport files and real-time signals between AMG locations. AMG also operates industry-standard encryption and/or compression systems as needed for customer satellite transmission. AMG's transport and connectivity services may be directly associated with network origination services or may be provided on a stand-alone basis.

Engineering and systems integration. AMG designs, builds, installs and services advanced technical systems for production, management and delivery of rich media content to the worldwide broadcast, cable television, broadband, government and telecommunications industries. AMG's engineering and systems integration business operates out of facilities in New Jersey, California, Virginia, and London, and services global clients including major broadcasters, cable and satellite networks, telecommunications providers, and corporate television networks, as well as numerous production and post-production facilities. Services offered include program management, engineering design, equipment procurement, software integration, construction, installation, service and support.

Strategic consulting services. AMG provides strategic, technology and business consulting services to the media and entertainment industry. Key practice areas include: digital migration, content delivery strategies, workflow analysis and design, emerging delivery platforms (such as Internet-protocol television, mobile and broadband), technology assessment, and technology-enabled business strategies.

The Content Services group has entered into long-term contracts mainly for its content origination and transport services and its systems integration services with many of its largest customers, including its largest customer, Motorola, Inc. At December 31, 2008, service commitments that are deemed to be under long-term

contracts totaled \$273 million with approximately \$107 million of this amount expected to be earned in fiscal year 2009. At December 31, 2007, service commitments under these types of contracts were \$374 million.

Creative Services

AMG's Creative Services group provides various technical and creative services necessary to complete principal photography into final products, such as feature films, movie trailers and TV spots, documentaries, independent films, scripted and reality television, TV movies and mini-series, television commercials, internet and new media advertising, music videos, interactive games and new digital media, promotional and identity campaigns and corporate communications. These services are referred to generally in the entertainment industry as "post-production" services.

AMG markets its creative services under various brand names that are generally well known in the entertainment industry, including *Company 3*, *Encore Hollywood*, *FilmCore*, *Level 3 Post*, *Method*, *RIOT Santa Monica*, *RIOT Atlanta*, *Rushes* and *Ascent 142*.

The creative services client base comprises major motion picture studios and their international divisions, independent television production companies, broadcast networks, cable programming networks, advertising agencies, creative editorial companies, corporate media producers, independent owners of television and film libraries and emerging new media distribution channels. The principal facilities of the Creative Services group are in Los Angeles, the New York metropolitan area and London, with additional facilities in Atlanta, Chicago and San Francisco.

Key services provided by AMG's Creative Services group include the following:

Dailies. Clients that are in production require daily screening of their previous day's footage captured on film, video or data in order to evaluate technical and aesthetic qualities of the production and to facilitate the creative editorial process. AMG provides the services necessary for clients to view principal photography on a daily basis (known as "dailies" in the United States and "rushes" in Europe), including film processing and digital transfer, which is the transfer of film negatives to video or digital data. Dailies may be delivered to customers in a variety of videotape or file based formats. AMG also provides dailies viewing environments at client locations and in editorial cutting rooms for their clients' productions.

Digital intermediates. AMG's digital intermediate service provides customers with the ability to convert film to a high resolution digital master file for color correction, creative editorial and electronic assembly of masters in other formats. The digital intermediate process provides filmmakers and commercial producers with greater creative control through enhanced visual manipulation options and the ability to see their creative decisions applied in real time.

Color correction. The color correction process allows for the development of a creative look and feel for media content, which can then be applied to different source elements that are assembled in sequence to allow for consistency of visual presentation, notwithstanding variations in the original source material and the differing color spectrums of film and other media. AMG employs highly-skilled creative talent who utilize creative colorizing techniques, equipment and processes to enable its clients to achieve desired results for creative content including television commercials, music videos, feature films and television shows.

Creative editorial. After principal photography of advertising content has been completed, AMG's editors assemble various elements into a cohesive story consistent with the messaging, branding and creative direction of AMG's advertising clients. AMG provides the tools and talent required through all stages of the "finishing" process necessary for creation, and primary and secondary distributions, of completed advertising content.

Visual effects. Visual effects can be used to create images that cannot be created physically through a more cost-effective means, to digitally remove elements captured in principal photography, and to enhance or supplement original visual images by integrating computer generated images with images captured during principal photography. AMG provides its visual effects services with teams of artists utilizing an array of graphics and animation workstations and using a variety of software to accomplish unique effects.

Industry

The entertainment and media services industry supports the entertainment and media industries in the creation, management and distribution of various forms of media content, including motion pictures, movie trailers, television programs, television commercials, music videos, interactive games, new digital media, promotional and identity campaigns and corporate communications. Motion pictures are generally released in a “first-run” distribution, such as in a theatrical or straight-to-DVD release, or on broadcast or cable networks, and later in one or more additional distribution channels, such as home video, online media providers, pay-per-view, or domestic or international syndication. Television content is generally initially distributed over broadcast or cable networks, and may be concurrently distributed over secondary networks or via the Internet on network websites or by online media providers. Television content may be subsequently distributed or repurposed in the form of network re-broadcasts, clip shows, syndicated reruns, on-demand programming, additional online programming or home video distributions (including series or season DVD releases).

AMG’s business segments benefit from the volume of content being created and distributed as well as the success or popularity of an individual motion picture, television program or other stand-alone media property. The following trends in the creative media services industry are expected to have an impact on AMG’s business and operations:

Growing worldwide demand for original entertainment content. The global demand for entertainment content continues to increase, and the entertainment and media industry is increasingly reliant on international revenue. Accordingly, the need for the associated technical and creative services AMG offers is expanding. At the same time, the pace of technological change continues to accelerate. This may lead to an increased demand for capital expenditures in order to meet the industry demand for technological innovation. If AMG meets these technological challenges, AMG may benefit from the ability to provide an increasingly complex mix of content formats and broadcast standards to various geographic locations and cultures.

The development of new business opportunities for existing content libraries. The vast libraries of the major film and television studios are an ongoing source of programming for traditional and new channels of media distribution. For exploitation in a digital environment, these libraries must be re-mastered, augmented, restored, re-colored, converted and reformatted. In addition, current and developing digital media formats have contributed to the lack of uniformity in worldwide motion picture and television format, distribution and presentation standards, thus creating the need for the creation of new master elements in unique formats.

Continued proliferation of new distribution channels. Advances in technology and the creation and market acceptance of such content distribution channels as video-on-demand, mobile video over cell phones, and Internet distribution, as well as the government-mandated transition to digital television, facilitating the deployment of high-definition and/or multiple standard definition broadcast feeds, require new technical and operational infrastructure to create, manage and distribute content. The industry requires technical facilities and operational management that facilitates the creation, management, formatting and delivery of that content to the applicable markets and viewing audiences. At the same time, such changes have provided content owners the opportunity to create multiple distribution outlets and revenue streams from the same programming.

Increased demand for innovation, technical and creative quality and format options. Advances in technology, new broadcast standards, growing adoption by consumers of personal video recorders, which facilitate “time shifting” of programming by the television consumer, and increasing audience fragmentation require content owners, producers and distributors to cost-effectively increase image and audio quality and create increasingly innovative, compelling viewing experiences for audiences. Such advances have also resulted in audience acceptance of and demand for multiple content format options, including, in certain markets, standard and high-definition motion picture and television content, and variant audio tracks and aspect ratios associated with such content.

Reality-based programming. Broadcast and cable programmers continue to rely on reality-based programming for significant portions of their daytime, primetime and pre-primetime schedules. Although many such shows have tended to have lower post-production budgets and costs than scripted programming,

AMG does not believe that the demand for its services has been negatively impacted by recent increases in primetime reality-based programming. However, further increased reliance on such reality-based programming could reduce industry demand for some of the services that AMG provides.

Content repurposing. Broadcast and cable programmers have continued to show and distribute more regular-season reruns in regular time slots, at alternative viewing times and on-line. To the extent that this practice may reduce demand for original programming, or erode the traditional concept of the 24-week television season, such trends could reduce industry demand for some of AMG's services, potentially offsetting in whole or in part other industry trends.

Extended use of advertising spots. Although television commercials have traditionally had a relatively short "shelf-life," with spots updated frequently within a given advertising campaign, some advertisers have begun to re-use the same television commercials for longer periods. If it becomes more widespread, this practice may negatively impact the production of new short-form television commercials.

Demands of studios and independent production companies. While the domestic motion picture industry continues to be dominated by the major studios, including Paramount Pictures, Sony Pictures Entertainment, Twentieth Century Fox, Universal Pictures, The Walt Disney Company, and Warner Bros. Entertainment, smaller studios or "mini-majors" and independent production companies also play an important role in the production of motion pictures for domestic and international feature film markets. AMG markets its services to the full-range of content creators, owners and distributors.

Strategy

We are actively seeking opportunities to leverage our strong capital position through strategic acquisitions in the technology, media, telecommunications and related industries. In evaluating potential acquisition candidates we will consider various factors, including among other things:

- financial characteristics, including free cash flow;
- growth potential;
- potential return on investment incorporating appropriate financial leverage, including the target's existing indebtedness and opportunities to restructure any existing target indebtedness; and
- potential synergies with AMG, including for example the potential of the acquired business to benefit from AMG technology relating to content preparation and distribution.

We will consider acquisitions for cash, leveraged acquisitions, and acquisitions for Ascent Media stock. In addition to acquisitions, we will consider majority ownership positions, minority equity investments and, in appropriate circumstances, senior debt investments that include a path to full ownership or control, the possibility for high returns on investment, or significant strategic benefits.

In addition, Ascent Media's goal is to be the world's leading supplier of integrated digital media services by offering superior creative and technological solutions to the media and entertainment industry — creating, managing and distributing rich media content across all distribution channels on a global basis. We believe we can optimize our position in the market by pursuing the following strategies:

Provide a broad range of media services. The entertainment services industry has historically been fragmented, with numerous providers offering discrete, geographically-limited, non-integrated services. We provide a broad range of services from the creation and management of media content to the distribution of content via multiple transmission paths, including satellite, fiber and Internet Protocol-based networks on a global basis. We believe our range of service offerings and in-depth knowledge of media workflows provide us with a strategic advantage over less-diversified service providers in developing deep, long-term relationships with creators, owners and distributors of creative content. In addition, we believe that the reputations of our highly-respected creative boutiques, which operate under our own well-known brand names, help distinguish us from commodity suppliers.

Grow digital media management business. We seek to increase business with major media and entertainment clients by creating, storing, managing, repurposing and distributing their digital media content through traditional channels as well as emerging new media outlets on a global basis. We believe that the technical complexity and scale issues associated with providing these services will make outsourcing of activities more attractive to our client base, creating opportunities for increased market share. In 2008, we extended the geographical reach of our proprietary digital media management system, adding capabilities in Singapore to our existing centers in Los Angeles, the New York metropolitan area and the United Kingdom.

Deploy an international media network. We plan to provide clients access to a fiber-based network integrated with our creative services and content management and delivery services. The network, which was deployed in 2008 and will be further expanded in 2009, will provide global connectivity and file transport capabilities, which will make client workflows more efficient and enhance our end-to-end portfolio of services.

Invest in core business operations. We intend to increase our capabilities through internal investments to improve the capacity, utilization and throughput of our existing facilities. We will also consider opportunities that may arise to add scale or service offerings, or to increase market share, through strategic acquisitions or joint ventures. Consistent with this strategy, we will also seek opportunities to divest non-core assets, when appropriate.

Seek opportunities to offer new services within core competencies. We intend to expand our market share by applying our core capabilities to develop new value-added service offerings, participating in emerging high revenue-generating services such as re-versioning content for distribution to new platforms. We will endeavor to develop service offerings that meet the unique needs of our customers. In that regard, we are in the process of developing an online marketplace that will give content owners and rights holders a platform to sell and distribute film, television, short film and other video content to web publishers, cable outlets, television networks and stations world-wide, and we plan to roll out the online marketplace in the third quarter of 2009.

For a description of the risks associated with the foregoing strategies, and with Ascent Media's business in general, see "Risk Factors" section beginning on page 13.

Seasonality

The demand for AMG's core motion picture services, primarily in its Creative Services group, has historically been seasonal, with higher demand in the spring (second fiscal quarter) and fall (fourth fiscal quarter), and lower demand in the winter and summer. Similarly, demand for AMG's television program services, primarily in its Creative Services group, is higher in winter (first fiscal quarter) and fall (fourth fiscal quarter) and lowest in the summer. Demand for AMG's commercial services, primarily in its Creative Services group, has historically been fairly consistent with slightly higher activity in the summer (third fiscal quarter). However, as a result of economic conditions in the United States and the possibility of a strike by the Screen Actors Guild, there has been increased volatility in the volume of production of commercials and feature films over the course of the past year, and, in particular, the third and fourth quarters of 2008. AMG anticipates greater fluctuation in demand for its commercial and feature film services as a result of this volatility in production volume. In addition, changes in the timing of the demand for television program services may result in increased business for AMG in the summer. In addition, the timing of long-term projects in AMG's Content Services group have started to offset the quarters in which there has been historically lower demand for AMG's motion picture and television services.

Regulatory Matters

Some of AMG's subsidiary companies hold licenses and authorizations from the FCC, required for the conduct of their businesses, including earth station and various classes of wireless licenses and an authorization to provide certain services pursuant to Section 214 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended. Many of the FCC licenses held by such subsidiaries are for transmit/receive earth stations, which cannot be operated without individual licenses. The licenses for these stations are granted for a period of fifteen years and, while the FCC generally renews licenses for satellite earth stations, there can be no assurance that these licenses will be renewed at their expiration dates. Registration with the FCC, rather than licensing, is required for receiving transmissions from domestic

satellites from points within the United States. AMG relies on third party licenses or authorizations when it and its subsidiaries transmit domestic satellite traffic through earth stations operated by third parties. The FCC establishes technical standards for satellite transmission equipment that change from time to time and requires coordination of earth stations with land-based microwave systems at certain frequencies to assure non-interference. Transmission equipment must also be installed and operated in a manner that avoids exposing humans to harmful levels of radio-frequency radiation. The placement of earth stations or other antennae also is typically subject to regulation under local zoning ordinances. Wireless licenses generally are granted for a period of ten years. The FCC regulates technical standards governing wireless licenses. The transfer of control and assignment of transmit/receive earth stations and most wireless licenses are subject to the prior approval of the FCC.

Competition

The entertainment and media services industry is highly competitive, with much of the competition centered in Los Angeles, California, the largest and most competitive market, particularly for domestic television and feature film production as well as for the management of content libraries. We expect that competition will increase as a result of industry consolidation and alliances, as well as from the emergence of new competitors. In particular, major motion picture studios such as Paramount Pictures, Sony Pictures Entertainment, Twentieth Century Fox, Universal Pictures, The Walt Disney Company, and Warner Bros. Entertainment, while AMG's customers, can perform similar services in-house with substantially greater financial resources than AMG's, and in some cases significant marketing advantages. These studios may also outsource their requirements to other independent providers like us or to other studios. Other major competitors of AMG include: Thomson, a French corporation, particularly under its Technicolor brand; Kodak, through its Laser Pacific division; Deluxe Entertainment Services; and DG FastChannel, Inc. In addition, there may be new entrants into aspects of the entertainment and media services industry, which may include new media companies, such as Google and Amazon, consulting companies, such as Accenture and Deloitte, and traditional information technology companies, such as IBM and Hewlett-Packard. These companies may become competitors of AMG as well. AMG also actively competes with certain industry participants that have a unique operating niche or specialty business. There is no assurance that AMG will be able to compete effectively against these competitors. AMG's management believes that important competitive factors include the range of services offered, reputation for quality and innovation, pricing and long-term relationships with customers.

Employees

Ascent Media, together with its subsidiaries, has approximately 3,100 employees, most of which work on a full-time basis. Approximately 2,150 of the employees are employed in the United States, with the remaining 950 employed outside the United States, principally in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Singapore.

Approximately 75 of AMG's employees belong to either the International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employees in the United States or the Broadcasting Entertainment Cinematograph and Theatre Union in the United Kingdom.

(d) Financial Information About Geographic Areas

For financial information related to our geographic areas in which we do business, see note 16 to our consolidated financial statements found in Part II of this Annual Report.

(e) Available Information

All of our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), including our Form 10-Ks, Form 10-Qs and Form 8-Ks, as well as amendments to such filings are available on our Internet website free of charge generally within 24 hours after we file such material with the SEC. Our website address is www.ascentmediacorporation.com.

Our corporate governance guidelines, code of business conduct and ethics, compensation committee charter, nominating and corporate governance committee charter, and audit committee charter are available on our website. In addition, we will provide a copy of any of these documents, free of charge, to any shareholder who calls or

submits a request in writing to Investor Relations, Ascent Media Corporation, 520 Broadway, 5th Floor, Santa Monica, CA 90401. Telephone No. (310) 434-7000.

The information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference herein.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

The risks described below and elsewhere in this Annual Report are not the only ones that relate to our businesses or our common stock. The risks described below are considered to be the most material. However, there may be other unknown or unpredictable economic, business, competitive, regulatory or other factors that also could have material adverse effects on our businesses. If any of the events described below were to occur, our businesses, prospects, financial condition, results of operations and/or cash flows could be materially adversely affected.

Factors Relating to our Business

We have a history of losses and may incur losses in the future, which could materially and adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

On a combined basis, our subsidiaries incurred losses in three out of the last five fiscal years. In future periods, we may not be able to increase or sustain profitability on a consistent quarterly or annual basis. Failure to maintain profitability in future periods may materially and adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

We have a limited operating history as a separate company upon which you can evaluate our performance.

Although our subsidiary AMG was a separate public company prior to June 2003, we have had an operating history as a separate public company only since September 2008. There can be no assurance that our business strategy will be successful on a long-term basis. We may not be able to grow our businesses as planned and may not be profitable.

Our historical financial information may not be representative of our results as a separate company.

Certain historical financial information included in this Annual Report reflects our results of operations, financial condition and cash flow with respect to time periods during which we were not a stand-alone entity, and may not necessarily reflect what such metrics would have been had we been a separate, stand-alone entity pursuing independent strategies during the periods presented.

The failure of any banking institution in which we deposit our funds or the failure of any such banking institutions to operate in the ordinary course could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial position.

Recent conditions in global credit and other financial markets have resulted in significant volatility and disruptions in the availability of credit and in some cases have pressured the solvency or liquidity of some financial institutions. Some of these financial institutions, including banks, have had difficulty providing financial services in the ordinary course and in some cases have failed or otherwise been largely taken over by governments. We and our subsidiaries deposit our cash and cash equivalents with a number of financial institutions around the world. Should some or all of these financial institutions fail or otherwise be unable to operate in the ordinary course, our access to our own funds may be interrupted or delayed. If we are unable to timely access such funds, we may need to seek credit from other banks or financial institutions, to the extent available. No assurances can be given that we would be able to obtain credit in such circumstances on terms acceptable to us, or on any terms. If we are unable to access some or all of our cash on deposit, either temporarily or permanently, or if we required to borrow to meet our working capital needs, or are unable to do so, it could have a negative impact on our operations, including our reported operating results, or our financial position, or both.

Disruptions in worldwide credit markets have increased the risk of default by the issuers of instruments in which we invest cash and other financial institutions.

Disruptions in the credit and other financial markets have impacted the creditworthiness of certain financial institutions. Although we seek to manage the credit risks associated with our cash and other investments, we are exposed to an increased risk that our counterparties may default on their obligations to us. At December 31, 2008, our total assets included short-term marketable securities of \$328 million. Were one or more of our counterparties to fail or otherwise be unable to meet its obligations to us, our financial condition could be adversely affected.

An inability to access capital markets at attractive rates could materially increase our expenses.

Although we currently have sufficient cash and investments available to meet our currently anticipated capital requirements, we may in the future require access to capital markets as a source of liquidity for capital expenditures not satisfied by operating cash flows. However, in such event there can be no assurance that we will be able to obtain financing on terms acceptable to us or on any terms. If our ability to access required capital were to become significantly constrained, we could incur material interest costs, our financial condition could be harmed and future results of operations could be adversely affected.

We may not be successful in implementing our acquisition strategy.

One focus of our corporate strategy is to seek opportunities to grow free cash flow through strategic acquisitions, which may include leveraged acquisitions. However, there can be no assurance that we will be able to consummate that strategy, and if we are not able to invest our capital in acquisitions that are accretive to free cash flow it could negatively impact the growth of our business. Our ability to consummate such acquisitions may be negatively impacted by various factors, including among other things:

- failure to identify attractive acquisition candidates on acceptable terms;
- competition from other bidders;
- inability to raise any required financing; and
- antitrust or other regulatory restrictions, including any requirements that may be imposed by government agencies as a condition to any required regulatory approval.

If we engage in any acquisition, we will incur a variety of costs, and may never realize the anticipated benefits of the acquisition. Our business strategy includes the future acquisition of businesses that we believe are strategically attractive and that we expect will be accretive to consolidated free cash flow. If we undertake any acquisition, the process of operating such acquired business on a stand-alone basis, or of integrating an acquired business with AMG, may result in unforeseen operating difficulties and expenditures and may absorb significant management attention. Moreover, we may fail to realize the anticipated benefits of any acquisition as rapidly as expected or at all. Future acquisitions could reduce our current stockholders' ownership percentage, cause us to incur debt, expose us to future liabilities and result in amortization expenses related to intangible assets with definite lives. We may incur significant expenditures in anticipation of an acquisition that is never realized.

We cannot be certain that AMG will be successful in integrating any acquired businesses.

AMG's businesses may grow through acquisitions in selected markets. Integration of new businesses may present significant challenges, including: realizing economies of scale; eliminating duplicative overheads; and integrating networks, financial systems and operational systems. We cannot assure you that, with respect to any acquisition, AMG will realize anticipated benefits or successfully integrate any acquired business with its existing operations. In addition, while AMG intend to implement appropriate controls and procedures as they integrate acquired companies, we may not be able to certify as to the effectiveness of these companies' disclosure controls and procedures or internal control over financial reporting (as required by United States federal securities laws and regulations) until AMG has fully integrated them.

Our businesses are subject to risks of adverse government regulation.

The industries in which we operate, and those of our customers, are subject to varying degrees of regulation in the United States by the FCC and other entities and in foreign countries by similar entities. There can be no assurance that our business, either directly or through AMG's reliance on customers or vendors impacted by such regulations, will not be adversely affected by any future legislation, new regulation or deregulation.

A loss of any of AMG's largest customers would reduce its revenue.

Although AMG serviced over 3,000 customers during the year ended December 31, 2008, its ten largest customers accounted for approximately 52% of its consolidated revenue. The ten largest customers of the Content Services group accounted for approximately 60% of the revenue of the Content Services operating segment during the 2008 fiscal year, with one customer accounting for approximately 18% of the group's revenue. The ten largest customers of the Creative Services group accounted for approximately 46% of the revenue of the Creative Services operating segment during the 2008 fiscal year. The loss of, and failure to replace, any significant portion of the revenue generated from sales to any of AMG's largest customers could have a material adverse effect on the business of AMG or on the affected operating segment. However, the Creative Services group's revenue generated by AMG's largest customers represents various types of services provided by various facilities within the group for multiple points of contact at the corporate customer. Network origination services are generally provided pursuant to contracts with terms of one to three years or longer. AMG's ten largest customers include, among others, the parent companies of the six major motion picture studios.

AMG's business depends on certain client industries.

AMG derives substantially all its revenue from services provided to the motion picture, television and advertising industries. Fundamental changes in the business practices of any of these client industries could cause a material reduction in demand by AMG's clients for the services offered by AMG. AMG's business benefits from the volume of motion picture and television content being created and distributed as well as the success or popularity of an individual television show. Accordingly, a decrease in either the supply of, or demand for, original entertainment content would have a material adverse effect on AMG's results of operations. Because spending for television advertising drives the production of new television programming, as well as the production and deployment of television commercials and the sale of existing content libraries for syndication, a reduction in television advertising spending would adversely affect AMG's business. Factors that could impact television advertising and the general demand for original entertainment content include the growing use of personal video recorders and services, continued fragmentation of and competition for the attention of television audiences, the proliferation of alternatives to traditional television viewing (including Internet video services) and general economic conditions.

Because AMG uses third-party satellite and terrestrial connectivity services to provide certain of its creative and content services, a material disruption to such connectivity services could have a negative impact on AMG's operations.

AMG obtains satellite transponder capacity, fiber-optic capacity and Internet connectivity pursuant to long-term contracts and other arrangements with third-party vendors. Such connectivity services are used in connection with many aspects of AMG's business, including network origination, teleport services, digital media management, dailies, telecine services, distribution of advertising, syndicated television programming and other content, and various Web-based services and interfaces. Although AMG believes that its arrangements with connectivity suppliers are adequate, disruptions in such services may occur from time to time as a result of technical malfunction, disputes with suppliers, force majeure or other causes. In the event of any such disruption in satellite or terrestrial connectivity services, AMG may incur additional costs to supplement or replace the affected service, and may be required to compensate its own customers for any resulting declines in service levels.

A significant labor dispute in AMG's client industries could have a material adverse effect on its business.

An industry-wide strike or other job action by or affecting the Writers Guild, Screen Actors Guild or other major entertainment industry union could reduce the supply of original entertainment content, which would in turn reduce the demand for AMG's services. An extensive work stoppage would affect feature film production as well as episodic television and commercial production and could have a material adverse effect on the Creative Services group, including the potential loss of key personnel and the possibility that broadcast and cable networks will seek to reduce the proportion of their schedules devoted to scripted programming.

On November 5, 2007, the Writers Guild of America, East and West (the "Writers Guild") declared a strike affecting the script writing for television shows and films. The strike, which lasted until February 12, 2008, had a significant adverse effect on the revenue generated by AMG's creative services business for services provided on new entertainment projects utilizing scripted content and the production of new television commercials during the 2007-2008 television season.

The contract between the Screen Actors Guild and the Alliance of Motion Picture and Television Producers ("AMPTP") for theatrical motion picture and television performances expired on June 30, 2008, without agreement on terms for a new contract. The Screen Actors Guild continues to work under the terms of the expired contract. Further, the commercial contracts between the Screen Actors Guild, the American Federation of Television and Radio Artists and the advertising industry for television, radio and internet/new media commercials is scheduled to expire on March 31, 2009. The failure to finalize and ratify a new agreement with the AMPTP or the failure to enter into new commercial contracts upon expiration of the current contracts could lead to a strike or other job action. Any such labor dispute could have an adverse effect on the television and/or motion picture production industries, including AMG's business, and in the case of a severe or prolonged work stoppage, the adverse effect on AMG's business, operations, results of operations and/or financial condition could be material.

Changes in technology may limit the competitiveness of and demand for AMG's services.

The post-production industry is characterized by technological change, evolving customer needs and emerging technical standards. Historically, AMG has expended significant amounts of capital to obtain equipment using the latest technology. Obtaining access to any new technologies that may be developed in AMG's industries will require additional capital expenditures, which may be significant and may have to be incurred in advance of any revenue that may be generated by such new technologies. In addition, the use of some technologies may require third party licenses, which may not be available on commercially reasonable terms. Although we believe that AMG will be able to continue to offer services based on the newest technologies, we cannot assure you that AMG will be able to obtain any of these technologies, that AMG will be able to effectively implement these technologies on a cost-effective or timely basis or that such technologies will not render obsolete AMG's role as a provider of motion picture and television production services. If AMG's competitors providing content management and delivery services have technology that enables them to provide services that are more reliable, faster, less expensive, reach more customers or have other advantages over the network origination and content distribution services AMG provides, then the demand for AMG's content management and delivery services may decrease.

While AMG believes that its business methods and technical processes do not infringe upon the proprietary rights of any third parties, there can be no assurances that third parties will not assert infringement claims against AMG.

AMG's business of providing creative services and content management and delivery services is highly dependent upon the technical abilities and knowledge of its personnel and business methods and processes developed by AMG and its subsidiaries and their respective predecessors over time. There can be no assurance that third parties will not bring trade secret, copyright infringement or other proprietary rights claims against AMG, or claim that AMG's use of certain technologies violates a patent. There can be no assurances as to the outcome of any such claims. However, even if these claims are not meritorious, they could be costly and could divert management's attention from other more productive activities. If it is determined that AMG has infringed upon or misappropriated a third party's proprietary rights, there can be no assurance that any necessary license or rights could be obtained on

terms satisfactory to AMG, if at all. The inability to obtain any such license or rights could result in the incurrence of expenses and changes in the way AMG operates its business.

Loss of key personnel could negatively impact AMG's business.

AMG's future success depends in large part on the retention, continued service and specific abilities of its key creative, technical and management personnel. A significant percentage of our revenue can be attributed to services that can only be performed by certain highly compensated, specialized employees, and in certain instances, our customers have identified by name those personnel requested to work on such customers' projects. Competition for highly qualified employees in the entertainment and media services industry is intense and the process of locating and recruiting key creative, technical and management personnel with the combination of skills and abilities required to execute AMG's strategy is time-consuming. AMG has employment agreements with many of its key creative, technical and management personnel. However, there can be no assurance that AMG will continue to attract, motivate and retain key personnel, and any inability to do so could negatively impact our business and our ability to grow.

Risk of loss from earthquakes or other catastrophic events could disrupt AMG's business.

Some of AMG's purpose-built facilities are located in Southern California, a region known for seismic activity. Due to the extensive amount of specialized equipment incorporated into specially designed editorial suites, digital intermediates suites and theaters, and other post-production facilities, as well as teleports, AMG's operations in this region may not be able to be temporarily relocated to mitigate the impacts of a catastrophic event. AMG carries insurance for property loss and business interruption resulting from such events, including earthquake insurance, subject to deductibles, and for certain operations has facilities in other geographic locations. Although we believe AMG has adequate insurance coverage relating to damage to its property and the temporary disruption of its business from casualties, and that it could provide services at other geographic locations, there can be no assurance that such insurance and other facilities would be sufficient to cover all of AMG's costs or damages or AMG's loss of income resulting from its inability to provide services in Southern California for an extended period of time.

Failure to obtain renewal of FCC licenses could disrupt AMG's business.

AMG holds licenses, authorizations and registrations from the FCC required for the conduct of its content services business, including earth station and various classes of wireless licenses and an authorization to provide certain services. Many of the FCC licenses held by AMG are for transmit/receive earth stations, which cannot be operated without individual licenses. The licenses for these stations are granted for a period of fifteen years and, while the FCC generally renews licenses for satellite earth stations routinely, there can be no assurance that AMG's licenses will be renewed at their expiration dates. Registration with the FCC, rather than licensing, is required for receiving transmissions from satellites from points within the United States. AMG relies on third party licenses or authorizations when it transmits domestic satellite traffic through earth stations operated by third parties. Our failure, and the failure of third parties, to obtain renewals of such FCC licenses could disrupt the content services segment of AMG and have a material adverse effect on AMG. The FCC generally grants wireless licenses for ten year terms and regulates the technical standards governing wireless licenses. Failure to comply with the FCC's wireless license regulations may cause the FCC to impose fines and forfeitures on a licensee. Further material changes in the law and regulatory requirements must be anticipated, and there can be no assurance that our businesses will not be adversely affected by future legislation, new regulation, deregulation or court decisions.

AMG operates in an increasingly competitive market, and there is a risk that it may not be able to compete effectively with other providers in the future.

The entertainment and media services industries in which AMG competes are highly competitive and service-oriented, and the network origination and data transmission industries are currently saturated with companies providing services similar to AMG's. AMG has few long-term or exclusive service agreements with its creative services customers. Business generation in these markets is based primarily on the reputation of the provider's creative talent and customer satisfaction with reliability, timeliness, quality and price. The major motion picture studios, which are AMG's customers, such as Paramount Pictures, Sony Pictures Entertainment, Twentieth Century

Fox, Universal Pictures, The Walt Disney Company and Warner Bros. Entertainment, have the capability to perform similar services in-house. These studios also have substantially greater financial resources than AMG's, and in some cases significant marketing advantages. Thus, depending on the in-house capacity available to some of these studios, a studio may be not only a customer but also a competitor. There are also numerous independent providers of services similar to AMG's and we actively compete with certain industry participants that have a unique operating niche or specialty business. If there were a significant decline in the number of motion pictures or the amount of original television programming produced, or if the studios or AMG's other clients either established in-house post-production facilities or significantly expanded their in-house capabilities, AMG's operations could be materially and adversely affected.

We may have substantial indemnification obligations under certain inter-company agreements we entered into in connection with the spin-off.

Pursuant to our tax sharing agreement with DHC, we have agreed to be responsible for all taxes attributable to us or any of our subsidiaries, whether accruing before, on or after the spin-off (subject to specified exceptions). We have also agreed to be responsible for and indemnify DHC with respect to (i) certain taxes attributable to DHC or any of its subsidiaries (other than Discovery Communications, LLC) and (ii) all taxes arising as a result of the spin-off (subject to specified exceptions). Our indemnification obligations under the tax sharing agreement are not limited in amount or subject to any cap. Pursuant to the reorganization agreement we entered into with DHC in connection with the spin-off, we assumed certain indemnification obligations designed to make our company financially responsible for substantially all non-tax liabilities that may exist relating to the business of AMG, whether incurred prior to or after the spin-off, as well as certain obligations of DHC. Any indemnification payments under the tax sharing agreement or the reorganization agreement could be substantial.

We cannot predict or quantify the impact weakening economic conditions in the United States and abroad may have on the media and entertainment industries or the demand for our services.

The media and entertainment industries, as well as our business and earnings, are affected by general business and economic conditions in the United States and abroad, and the current downturn of such conditions could adversely affect demand for our products and services. Adverse economic conditions, such as high unemployment rates, fluctuations in debt and equity markets, poor credit availability, high cost of capital and declining investor confidence, may cause a significant reduction in consumer entertainment spending, media production levels, advertising spending, capital expenditures for systems integration projects, and media outsourcing demands, which would in turn materially impair our business and earnings. There can be no assurance as to the effectiveness of any legislative or other act or initiative of any federal or state governmental authority designed to respond to the ongoing financial crisis and economic downturn. Accordingly, our ability to increase or maintain revenue and earnings could be adversely affected to the extent that relevant economic environments remain weak or decline further. We are unable to predict the extent of any of these potential adverse effects.

Piracy of elements may harm our business.

AMG's customers rely on it to process, complete and deliver filmed, video and digital footage for motion pictures, television programming, commercials and other proprietary content prior to public release and to archive, manage and distribute copyrighted media elements. Any failure or inability to protect the intellectual property rights of AMG's clients from piracy, counterfeiting or other unauthorized use could negatively affect AMG's business. Although AMG believes its security policies and procedures are adequate, there can be no assurances that AMG will not experience liability losses arising from piracy claims in the future and any such claims may have a negative impact on AMG's reputation and our sales.

Factors Relating to our Common Stock and the Securities Market

We cannot be certain that an active trading market will be sustained, and our stock price may fluctuate significantly.

We cannot assure you that an active trading market will be sustained for our common stock, nor can we predict the prices at which either series of our common stock may trade. The market price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly due to a number of factors, some of which may be beyond our control, including:

- actual or anticipated fluctuations in our operating results;
- changes in earnings estimated by securities analysts or our ability to meet those estimates;
- the operating and stock price performance of comparable companies; and
- domestic and foreign economic conditions.

If we are unable to satisfy the requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, or our internal control over financial reporting is not effective, the reliability of our financial statements may be questioned and our stock price may suffer.

Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 requires any company subject to the reporting requirements of the United States securities laws to do a comprehensive evaluation of its and its consolidated subsidiaries' internal control over financial reporting. To comply with this statute, we are required to document and test our internal control procedures; our management will be required to assess and issue a report concerning our internal control over financial reporting; and our independent auditors will be required to issue an attestation regarding our internal control over financial reporting. Our compliance with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act will first be tested in connection with the filing of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2009. The rules governing the standards that must be met for management to assess our internal control over financial reporting are complex, subject to change, and require significant documentation, testing and possible remediation to meet the detailed standards under the rules. During the course of its testing, our management may identify material weaknesses or deficiencies which may not be remedied in time to meet the deadline imposed by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. If our management cannot favorably assess the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting or our auditors identify material weaknesses in our internal control, investor confidence in our financial results may weaken, and our stock price may suffer.

It may be difficult for a third party to acquire us, even if doing so may be beneficial to our shareholders.

Certain provisions of our certificate of incorporation and bylaws may discourage, delay or prevent a change in control of our company that a shareholder may consider favorable. These provisions include the following:

- authorizing a capital structure with multiple series of common stock: a Series B that entitles the holders to ten votes per share, a Series A that entitles the holders to one vote per share and a Series C that, except as otherwise required by applicable law, entitles the holders to no voting rights;
- authorizing the issuance of "blank check" preferred stock, which could be issued by our board of directors to increase the number of outstanding shares and thwart a takeover attempt;
- classifying our board of directors with staggered three-year terms, which may lengthen the time required to gain control of our board of directors;
- limiting who may call special meetings of shareholders;
- prohibiting shareholder action by written consent (subject to certain exceptions), thereby requiring shareholder action to be taken at a meeting of the shareholders;
- establishing advance notice requirements for nominations of candidates for election to our board of directors or for proposing matters that can be acted upon by shareholders at shareholder meetings;

- requiring shareholder approval by holders of at least 80% of our voting power or the approval by at least 75% of our board of directors with respect to certain extraordinary matters, such as a merger or consolidation of our company, a sale of all or substantially all of our assets or an amendment to our certificate of incorporation;
- requiring the consent of the holders of at least 75% of the outstanding Series B common stock (voting as a separate class) to certain share distributions and other corporate actions in which the voting power of the Series B common stock would be diluted by, for example, issuing shares having multiple votes per share as a dividend to holders of Series A common stock; and
- the existence of authorized and unissued stock which would allow our board of directors to issue shares to persons friendly to current management, thereby protecting the continuity of its management, or which could be used to dilute the stock ownership of persons seeking to obtain control of us.

In addition, John C. Malone, our largest shareholder, beneficially owns shares of our common stock that represent 31% of the aggregate voting power of our outstanding common stock.

We have adopted a shareholder rights plan in order to encourage anyone seeking to acquire our company to negotiate with our board of directors prior to attempting a takeover.

While the plan is designed to guard against coercive or unfair tactics to gain control of our company, the plan may have the effect of making more difficult or delaying any attempts by others to obtain control of our company.

Holders of a single series of our common stock may not have any remedies if an action by our directors or officers has an adverse effect on only that series of our common stock.

Principles of Delaware law and the provisions of our certificate of incorporation may protect decisions of our board of directors that have a disparate impact upon holders of any single series of our common stock. Under Delaware law, the board of directors has a duty to act with due care and in the best interests of all of our shareholders, including the holders of all series of our common stock. Principles of Delaware law established in cases involving differing treatment of multiple classes or series of stock provide that a board of directors owes an equal duty to all common shareholders regardless of class or series and does not have separate or additional duties to any group of shareholders. As a result, in some circumstances, our directors may be required to make a decision that is adverse to the holders of one series of our common stock. Under the principles of Delaware law referred to above, you may not be able to challenge these decisions if a majority of our board of directors is disinterested, independent and adequately informed with respect to their decisions and acts in good faith, and in the honest belief that it is acting in the best interest of all of our stockholders.

Our Series B common stock trades on the OTC Bulletin Board, which is often characterized by volatility and illiquidity.

The OTC Bulletin Board tends to be highly illiquid, in part, because there is no national quotation system by which potential investors can track the market price of shares except through information received or generated by a limited number of broker-dealers that make markets in particular stocks. There is also a greater chance of market volatility for securities that trade on the OTC Bulletin Board as opposed to a national exchange or quotation system. This volatility is due to a variety of factors, including a lack of readily available price quotations, lower trading volume, absence of consistent administrative supervision of “bid” and “ask” quotations, and market conditions. The potential for illiquidity and volatility with respect to our Series B common stock may also be adversely affected by (i) the relatively small number of shares of our Series B common stock held by persons other than our officers, directors and persons who hold in excess of 10% of the Series B common stock outstanding, (ii) the relatively small number of such unaffiliated shareholders, and (iii) the low trading volume of such shares on the OTC Bulletin Board.

ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

All of our real and tangible personal property is owned or leased by our subsidiaries or affiliates.

The operations of Ascent Media, through its AMG subsidiary, are conducted at approximately 50 properties. Certain of these facilities are used by multiple operations within AMG. In the United States, AMG utilizes owned and leased properties in California, Connecticut, Georgia, New Jersey, New York and Virginia; the Content Services group also operates a satellite earth station and related facilities in Minnesota. Internationally, AMG utilizes owned and leased properties in the United Kingdom, in London and Milton Keynes. In addition, the Content Services group operates two leased facilities in Singapore.

Worldwide, AMG leases approximately 880,000 square feet and owns another 270,000 square feet, for a total of 1,150,000 square feet. The Content Services group utilizes 670,000 square feet and the Creative Services group utilizes 295,000 square feet. Approximately 140,000 square feet is shared between the Content Services group and the Creative Services group, with the remaining 45,000 square feet utilized by Corporate.

In the United States, AMG's leased properties total approximately 620,000 square feet and have terms expiring between June 2009 and June 2019. Several of these agreements have extension options. The leased properties are used for our technical operations, office space and media storage.

AMG's international leases total approximately 260,000 square feet and have terms that expire between June 2009 and June 2021, and are also used for technical operations, office space and media storage. The majority of the international leases have extension clauses.

Approximately 210,000 square feet of AMG's owned properties are located in Southern California, with another 45,000 square feet located in Northvale, New Jersey, Tappan, New York, and Minneapolis, Minnesota. In addition, AMG owns approximately 15,000 square feet in London, England. Nearly all of AMG's owned properties are purpose-built for its technical and creative service operations. AMG's facilities are adequate to support its current near-term growth needs.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

None.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None.

PART II.

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Market Information

We have two series of common stock, Series A, which trades on the NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol ASCMA and Series B, which is eligible for quotation on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol ASCMB but did not trade in 2008. The following table sets forth the quarterly range of high and low sales prices of shares of our Series A common stock from September 18, 2008 to December 31, 2008.

	Series A	
	High	Low
2008		
Third quarter	\$33.81	24.41
Fourth quarter	\$26.31	17.00

Holders

As of January 31, 2009, there were approximately 1,328 and 73 record holders of our Series A common stock and Series B common stock, respectively (which amounts do not include the number of shareholders whose shares are held of record by banks, brokerage houses or other institutions, but include each institution as one shareholder).

Dividends

We have not paid any cash dividends on our common stock and we have no present intention of so doing. Payment of cash dividends, if any, in the future will be determined by our Board of Directors in light of our earnings, financial condition and other relevant considerations.

Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans

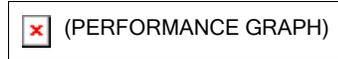
Information required by this item is incorporated by reference to our definitive proxy statement for our 2009 Annual Meeting of shareholders.

Stock Performance Graph

The following performance graph and related information shall not be deemed “soliciting material” or “filed” with the SEC, nor shall such information be incorporated by reference into any future filings under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, each as amended, except to the extent we specifically incorporate it by reference into such filing.

The following graph sets forth the percentage change in the cumulative total shareholder return on our Series A common stock for the period beginning September 18, 2008 and ended December 31, 2008 as compared to the S&P Media Index and the NASDAQ Stock Market Index over the same period. The graph assumes \$100 was originally invested on September 18, 2008 and that all subsequent dividends were reinvested in additional shares.

The comparisons in the graph below are based on historical data and are not intended to forecast the possible future performance of our Series A common stock.



	<u>9/18/08</u>	<u>12/31/08</u>
ASCMA Series A	\$100.00	\$80.37
S&P Media Index	\$100.00	\$71.29
NASDAQ Stock Market Index	\$100.00	\$71.71

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

Effective September 17, 2008, DHC completed a spin off transaction pursuant to which our capital stock was distributed as a dividend to holders of DHC’s Series A and Series B common stock. See the “Ascent Media Spin-Off” section of “Item 7. Management Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” for further information.

The following tables present selected historical information relating to our financial condition and results of operations for the past five years. The following data should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements.

	December 31,				
	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
Amounts in thousands					
Summary Balance Sheet Data:					
Current assets	\$490,618	363,076	316,504	385,868	187,811
Goodwill	\$ —	95,069	260,036	351,101	353,028
Total assets	\$745,304	830,986	952,919	996,627	805,435
Current liabilities	\$ 91,202	119,600	114,229	84,783	107,437
Stockholders’ equity	\$625,310	686,896	814,696	890,029	677,560

	Years Ended December 31,				
	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
Amounts in thousands, except per share amounts					
Summary Statement of Operations Data:					
Net revenue	\$ 600,613	589,395	571,123	589,024	528,608
Operating income (loss)(a)	\$(116,393)	(170,547)	(112,453)	3,416	11,823
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations(a)	\$(111,181)	(147,557)	(87,864)	6,297	10,644
Net earnings (loss)(a)	\$ (64,619)	(132,331)	(83,007)	8,970	15,147
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share(b)	\$ (4.60)	(9.41)	(5.90)	0.64	1.08

- (a) Includes impairment of goodwill of \$95,069,000, \$165,347,000 and \$93,402,000 for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively.
- (b) Basic and diluted net earnings (loss) per common share is based on (1) 14,061,618 shares, which is the number of shares issued in the spin off, for all periods prior to the spin off and (2) the actual number of weighted average outstanding shares for all periods subsequent to the spin off.

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis provides information concerning our results of operations and financial condition. This discussion should be read in conjunction with our accompanying consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included elsewhere herein.

Overview

We are a holding company and own 100% of our principal operating subsidiary, Ascent Media Group, LLC (“AMG”). We sold our other wholly-owned operating subsidiary, Ascent Media CANS, LLC (dba AccentHealth) (“AccentHealth”), on September 4, 2008.

Ascent Media Spin-Off

On September 17, 2008, Discovery Holding Company (“DHC”) completed the spin off of our capital stock to the holders of DHC Series A and Series B common stock (the “Ascent Media Spin Off”). The Ascent Media Spin Off was effected as a distribution by DHC to holders of its Series A and Series B common stock of shares of our Series A and Series B common stock. The Ascent Media Spin Off did not involve the payment of any consideration by the holders of DHC common stock and is intended to qualify as a transaction under Section 368(a) and 355 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for United States federal income tax purposes. The Ascent Media Spin Off was accounted for at historical cost due to the pro rata nature of the distribution. The Ascent Media Spin Off was made as a dividend to holders of record of DHC common stock as of the close of business on September 17, 2008. The Ascent Media Spin Off was approved by the board of directors of DHC in connection with a transaction between DHC and Advance/Newhouse Programming Partnership (“Advance/Newhouse”), pursuant to which DHC and Advance/Newhouse combined their respective interests in Discovery Communications Holding, LLC. It was a condition to the Ascent Media Spin Off that the agreement between DHC and Advance/Newhouse relating to that transaction was in effect and that all conditions precedent to that transaction (other than the Ascent Media Spin Off and certain conditions to be satisfied at the closing thereof) had been satisfied or, to the extent waivable, waived. Following the Ascent Media Spin Off, we are a separate publicly traded company, and we and DHC operate independently.

As a result of becoming a separate publicly traded company, we expect to incur costs and expenses greater than those we incurred as a subsidiary of DHC. These increased costs and expenses will arise from various factors, including, but not limited to:

- Costs associated with complying with the federal securities laws, including compliance with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002;
- Increased professional fees for annual and quarterly public reporting requirements, tax consulting and legal counseling;
- Fees paid to our board of directors; and
- Fees associated with public company requirements, such as listing our Series A common stock on the NASDAQ Global Market, filing and printing our reporting requirements, stockholder related expenses and investor relations related expenses.

We estimate that these costs and expenses, in the aggregate, could result in approximately \$5 to \$7 million of additional annual expense as compared to those historically reported.

Ascent Media Group

AMG provides creative services and content management and delivery services to the media and entertainment industries in the United States, the United Kingdom and Singapore. AMG’s clients include major motion picture studios, independent producers, broadcast networks, programming networks, advertising agencies and other companies that produce, own and/or distribute entertainment, news, sports, corporate, educational, industrial and advertising content. AMG’s operations are organized into the following two groups: the Content Services group and the Creative Services group.

On November 5, 2007, Writers Guild of America, East and West (“Writers Guild”) declared a strike affecting the script writing for television shows and films. The strike, which lasted until February 12, 2008, had a significant adverse effect on the revenue generated by AMG’s creative services business for services provided on new entertainment projects utilizing scripted content and the production of new television commercials during the 2007-2008 television season.

The contract between the Screen Actors Guild and the Alliance of Motion Picture and Television Producers (“AMPTP”) for theatrical motion picture and television performances expired on June 30, 2008, without agreement on terms for a new contract. The Screen Actors Guild continues to work under the terms of the expired contract. Further, the commercial contracts between the Screen Actors Guild, the American Federation of Television and Radio Artists and the advertising industry for television, radio and internet/new media commercials is scheduled to

expire on March 31, 2009. The failure to finalize and ratify a new agreement with the AMPTP or the failure to enter into new commercial contracts upon expiration of the current contracts could lead to a strike or other job action. Any such labor dispute could have an adverse effect on the television and/or motion picture production industries, including AMG's business, and in the case of a severe or prolonged work stoppage, the adverse effect on AMG's business, operations, results of operations and/or financial condition could be material.

In recent years, AMG has been challenged by increasing competition and resulting downward rate pressure for certain of its services. Such factors have caused some margin compression and lower operating income. AMG is continuing to focus on leveraging its broad array of traditional media and file-based services to be a full service provider to new and existing customers within the feature film, television production and advertising industries. Its strategy focuses on providing a unified portfolio of business-to-business services intended to enable media companies to realize increasing benefits from digital distribution. With facilities in the United States, the United Kingdom and Singapore, AMG hopes to increase its services to multinational companies on a worldwide basis. The challenges that it faces include continued development of end to end file-based solutions, increased competition in both its Creative Services and Content Services groups, the need to differentiate its products and services to help maintain or increase operating margins and financing capital expenditures for equipment and other items to meet customers' requirements for integrated and file-based workflows.

Adjusted OIBDA

We evaluate the performance of our operating segments based on financial measures such as revenue and adjusted operating income before depreciation and amortization ("adjusted OIBDA"). We define segment adjusted OIBDA as revenue less cost of services and selling, general and administrative expense (excluding stock-based and long-term incentive compensation and accretion expense on asset retirement obligations) determined in each case for the relevant operating segment only. We believe this non-GAAP financial measure is an important indicator of the operational strength and performance of our businesses, including each business' ability to invest in ongoing capital expenditures and service any debt. In addition, this measure is used by management to evaluate operating results and perform analytical comparisons and identify strategies to improve performance. This measure of performance excludes depreciation and amortization, stock-based and long-term incentive compensation, accretion expense on asset retirement obligations, restructuring and impairment charges, gains on sale of operating assets and other income that are included in the measurement of earnings (loss) before income taxes pursuant to GAAP. Accordingly, adjusted OIBDA should be considered in addition to, but not as a substitute for, earnings (loss) before income taxes, cash flow provided by operating activities and other measures of financial performance prepared in accordance with GAAP. Because segment adjusted OIBDA excludes corporate and other SG&A (as defined below), and does not include an allocation for corporate overhead, segment adjusted OIBDA should not be used as an indication of the operating results that could be expected if either operating segment were operated on a stand-alone basis.

Results of Operations

Our operations are organized into the following reportable segments: the Content Services group and the Creative Services group.

The Content Services group's revenue consists of fees relating to facilities and services necessary to optimize, archive, manage and reformat and repurpose completed media assets for global distribution via freight, satellite, fiber and the Internet. In addition, the Content Services group includes the facilities, technical infrastructure, and operating staff necessary to assemble programming content for cable and broadcast networks and to distribute media signals via satellite and terrestrial networks. The Content Services group includes AMG's digital media distribution center, which provides file-based services in areas such as digital imaging, digital vault, distribution services and interactive media to new and existing distribution platforms. Additionally, the Content Services group provides owners of film libraries a broad range of restoration, preservation, archiving, professional mastering and duplication services. The scope of these services vary in duration from one day to several months depending on the nature of the service, and fees typically range from less than \$1,000 to \$100,000 per project. For the year ended December 31, 2008, approximately 31% of the Content Services group's revenue relates to broadcast services, satellite operations and fiber services that are earned monthly under long-term contracts ranging generally from one

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to seven years. Additionally, approximately 33% of revenue relates to systems integration and engineering services that are provided on a project basis over terms generally ranging from three to twelve months.

AMG's Creative Services group generates revenue primarily from fees for various technical and creative services necessary to complete principal photography into final products. Generally, these services pertain to the completion of feature films, television programs, television commercials and new digital media. These services are referred to generally in the entertainment industry as "post-production" services. These projects normally span from a few days to three months or more in length, and fees for these projects typically range from \$10,000 to \$1,000,000 per project.

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
Amounts in thousands			
Consolidated Results of Operations			
Net revenue	\$ 600,613	589,395	571,123
Loss from continuing operations before income tax	\$(108,810)	(161,294)	(102,638)
Net loss	\$ (64,619)	(132,331)	(83,007)
Segment Results of Operations			
<i>Revenue</i>			
Content Services group	\$ 430,648	404,043	386,984
Creative Services group	\$ 169,965	185,352	184,139
<i>Adjusted OIBDA</i>			
Content Services group	\$ 47,169	45,560	39,066
Creative Services group	\$ 22,480	35,529	40,830
Total segment adjusted OIBDA(a)	\$ 69,649	81,089	79,896
<i>Adjusted OIBDA as a Percentage of Revenue</i>			
Content Services group	11.0%	11.3%	10.1%
Creative Services group	13.2%	19.2%	22.2%

(a) See reconciliation to loss from continuing operations before income taxes below.

Revenue. Our consolidated revenue increased \$11,218,000 or 1.9% and \$18,272,000 or 3.2% for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively, as compared to the prior year. In 2008, Content Services revenue increased by \$26,605,000 due to (i) an increase of \$31,951,000 in system integration services revenue reflecting a significant number of larger projects in the United States and Europe in 2008, with one customer in the United States contributing to a significant amount of the increase, (ii) an increase of \$8,259,000 for traditional media services both in the United States and the United Kingdom and (iii) an increase of \$3,070,000 for content origination and transport services primarily with existing customers worldwide. These increases were partially offset by (i) a decrease of \$6,625,000 in lab revenues driven by declines in the photochemical market in the United States and the disruption impact of consolidation of our labs in the United Kingdom (ii) a decrease of \$4,525,000 in subtitling services in the United Kingdom, (iii) a decrease of \$2,094,000 in DVD services in the United States driven by lower number of titles due to delayed transition to BluRay and (iv) unfavorable changes in foreign currency exchange rates of \$7,145,000. In 2008, Creative Services revenue decreased by \$15,387,000 due to (i) a decrease of \$8,798,000 in television post production services primarily driven by the Writers Guild strike earlier in the year, (ii) a decrease of \$5,323,000 in commercial revenue driven by a weaker worldwide commercial production market particularly in the later half of 2008 (iii) a decrease of \$4,130,000 resulting from the shut down of certain operations in Mexico and United States and (iv) unfavorable changes in foreign currency exchange rates of \$1,282,000. These decreases were partially offset by an increase of \$5,007,000 in feature film revenue driven by increased titles for digital intermediate and post-production services.

For the year ended December 31, 2008, \$77,088,000 of the content services revenue was generated by one customer, Motorola, Inc., under system integration services contracts. For the year ended December 31, 2007, these

Motorola contracts generated \$36,011,000 of content services revenue. These contracts expire in July 2009 and we could only sustain this level of revenue in the future if we enter into other contracts of this same magnitude, for which there can be no assurances.

For the year ended December 31, 2007, Content Services group’s revenue increased \$17,059,000 from the prior year due to (i) an increase of \$16,823,000 in system integration services revenue due to an increase in the number of projects, (ii) an increase of \$10,363,000 in new digital media management services and (iii) favorable changes in foreign currency exchange rates of \$9,352,000. These increases in revenue were partially offset by (i) a decrease of \$9,218,000 in worldwide media services including audio, broadcast, subtitling and lab, (ii) a decrease of \$5,704,000 primarily due to the expiration of certain service contracts and (iii) decrease of \$3,867,000 in content origination and transport services with the expiration of certain contracts primarily in the United Kingdom. In 2007, Creative Services group revenue increased \$1,213,000 due to (i) an increase of \$5,025,000 in commercial revenue driven primarily by strong worldwide demand in the first quarter, (ii) an increase of \$3,818,000 in feature revenue driven by increased titles for digital intermediate and post production services and (iii) favorable changes in foreign currency exchange rates of \$1,452,000. These increases were partially offset by a \$6,520,000 decrease in television post production services in the United States as the Creative Services revenue was negatively impacted by the Writers Guild strike, which primarily impacted television production in the fourth quarter of 2007.

Cost of Services. Our cost of services increased \$24,462,000 or 5.9% and \$25,554,000 or 6.5% for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively, as compared to the corresponding prior year. A significant portion of the 2008 increase related to Content Services resulting from higher volumes of system integration services, driving large increases in production material and labor costs. This was partially offset by lower cost of services in Creative Services driven by decreases in television production services impacted by the Writers Guild strike.

A significant portion of the 2007 increase related to Content Services resulting from higher volumes of system integration services, which have a higher percentage of production material and labor costs. The cost of services for the Creative Services group was higher on only slightly higher revenue due to higher labor costs which were fixed despite the loss of revenue from the Writers Guild strike at the end of 2007.

As a percent of revenue, cost of services was 73.5%, 70.8% and 68.5% for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The percentage increases are mainly a result of revenue mix primarily driven by the higher production material costs for system integration projects in the Content Services group. Additionally, creative services labor costs decreased to a much lesser degree than revenue during the period of the Writers Guild strike, with certain fixed costs remaining regardless of the decline in revenue.

Selling, General and Administrative. Our selling, general and administrative expenses (“SG&A”) are comprised of the following:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
	Amounts in thousands		
SG&A(a)	\$117,112	113,864	126,194
Stock-based and long-term incentive compensation	3,531	262	934
Accretion expense on asset retirement obligations	296	296	673
Total SG&A	<u>\$120,939</u>	<u>114,422</u>	<u>127,801</u>

(a) SG&A includes corporate SG&A of \$27,617,000, \$22,565,000 and \$26,420,000 for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively, which are not included in total segment adjusted OIBDA.

SG&A, excluding stock-based and long-term incentive compensation and accretion expense on asset retirement obligations, increased \$3,248,000 or 2.9% and decreased \$12,330,000 or 9.8% for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively, as compared to the corresponding prior year. For 2008, the increase was due to higher public company costs primarily for professional fees, start up costs relating to development efforts on new businesses, higher facility costs related to duplicative rent as a creative services business unit relocates and higher bad-debt expense. These increases were partially offset by lower personnel costs at the Creative Services

group as a result of the strike and the shutdown of Mexico operations and the impact of headcount reductions made in the fourth quarter in conjunction with restructuring activities. For 2007, the decline is driven by lower personnel costs, resulting from restructuring in the third and fourth quarters of 2006, and lower professional fees. As a percent of revenue, our SG&A, excluding stock-based and long-term incentive compensation and accretion expense on asset retirement obligations, was 19.5%, 19.3% and 22.1% for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Stock-based and Long-term Incentive Compensation. Stock-based compensation was \$3,531,000, \$262,000 and \$934,000 for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively, and is included in SG&A in our consolidated statements of operations. Effective August 3, 2006, AMG adopted its 2006 Long-Term Incentive Plan, as amended, (the “2006 Plan”). The 2006 Plan provides the terms and conditions for the grant of, and payment with respect to, Phantom Appreciation Rights (“PARs”) granted to certain officers and other key personnel of AMG that are payable in cash or stock at the compensation committee’s discretion. The value of the PARs is based on a formula set forth in the 2006 Plan and is tied to cumulative free cash flow and a calculation based on certain operating and financial results of AMG. We record compensation based on the vesting and value of the PARs. Effective September 9, 2008, the 2006 Plan was amended to reflect the sale of AccentHealth, which was previously included in determining the value of the PARs. As a result of the amendment, we will make cash distributions totaling \$3,523,000 to the grantees who held PARs on the date of the AccentHealth sale. These cash distributions will be made over a three year period, beginning in February 2009, with the majority of grantees expected to receive their entire distribution in 2009. The charge to expense is included in stock-based and long-term incentive compensation for the year ended December 31, 2008. We recorded 2006 Plan expense of \$276,000 for the year ended December 31, 2007, with no expense recorded in 2006.

Restructuring Charges. During 2008, we recorded restructuring charges of \$8,801,000, related to certain severance and facility costs in conjunction with ongoing structural changes being implemented to align our organization with our strategic goals and with how we operate, manage and sell our services. Such changes include the consolidation of certain facilities in the United States and the United Kingdom, the closing of our operations in Mexico and reduction in headcount to realign with the new reporting structure. Approximately \$4.8 million of the 2008 restructuring charges related to the Creative Services group in the United States and United Kingdom while the remaining amount related mainly to the Content Services group. Any additional future restructuring costs for the ongoing structural changes being implemented is not currently determinable.

During 2007, we recorded restructuring charges of \$761,000 related to severance in conjunction with restructuring efforts primarily within the United Kingdom creative services business. During 2006, we recorded restructuring charges of \$10,832,000 primarily related to severance from the realignment of its operating divisions. These restructuring activities were primarily in the Corporate and other group in the United States and United Kingdom.

The following table provides the activity and balances of the restructuring reserve.

	<u>Opening Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions(a)</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
	Amounts in thousands			
Severance	\$ —	8,645	(2,694)	5,951
Excess facility costs	3,828	2,187	(2,251)	3,764
December 31, 2006	<u>\$ 3,828</u>	<u>10,832</u>	<u>(4,945)</u>	<u>9,715</u>
Severance	5,951	761	(5,355)	1,357
Excess facility costs	3,764	—	(2,142)	1,622
December 31, 2007	<u>\$ 9,715</u>	<u>761</u>	<u>(7,497)</u>	<u>2,979</u>
Severance	1,357	5,183	(4,014)	2,526(b)
Excess facility costs	1,622	3,618	(1,946)	3,294(c)
December 31, 2008	<u>\$ 2,979</u>	<u>8,801</u>	<u>(5,960)</u>	<u>5,820</u>

(a) Primarily represents cash payments.

(b) Substantially all of this amount is expected to be paid in 2009.

(c) Substantially all of this amount is expected to be paid by 2012.

Gain on Sale of Operating Assets, net. During 2008, we recorded a gain on sale of operating assets, net, of \$9,038,000. Included in these amounts was a pre-tax gain of \$10,174,000 for the 2008 sales of United Kingdom real estate for net cash proceeds of \$16,215,000.

Depreciation and Amortization. Depreciation and amortization expense decreased 4.9% to \$59,766,000 and increased 1.2% to \$62,868,000 for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively, as compared to the corresponding prior year. The 2008 decrease is the result of a decrease in property, plant and equipment as the amount of assets that were either sold or fully depreciated exceeded the depreciation on new assets placed in service during 2008. The 2007 increase is due to depreciation on new assets placed in service in 2007 partially offset by assets becoming fully depreciated.

Impairment of Goodwill. In connection with our 2008 annual evaluation of the recoverability of our goodwill, we estimated the value of our commercial TV reporting unit, which is included in the Creative Services group, using a discounted cash flow analysis. The result of this valuation indicated that the fair value of the commercial TV reporting unit was less than its carrying value. The commercial TV reporting unit fair value was then used to calculate an implied value of the goodwill related to this reporting unit. The \$95,069,000 excess of the carrying amount of the Creative Services goodwill over its implied value was recorded as an impairment charge in the fourth quarter of 2008. The impairment charge is the result of lower future expectations for commercial TV operating cash flow due to the impact of the current global economic climate on our customers in the entertainment industry.

In connection with our 2007 annual evaluation of the recoverability of our goodwill, we estimated the value of our reporting units using a discounted cash flow analysis. The result of this valuation indicated that the fair value of the former Network Services group, which is now included in the Content Services group, was less than its carrying value. The Network Services reporting unit fair value was then used to calculate an implied value of the goodwill related to this reporting unit. The \$165,347,000 excess of the carrying amount of the Content Services goodwill over its implied value was recorded as an impairment charge in the fourth quarter of 2007. The impairment charge is the result of lower future expectations for network services operating cash flow due to a continued decline in operating cash flow margins as a percent of revenue, resulting from competitive conditions in the entertainment and media services industries and increasingly complex customer requirements that are expected to continue for the foreseeable future.

In 2006, the former Media Management Services group, which is now included in the Content Services group, was tested for goodwill impairment in the third quarter, prior to AMG's annual goodwill valuation assessment. It was tested prior to the annual assessment due to its restructuring activities and the declining financial performance

of the former Media Management Services group, including ongoing operating losses driven by technology and customer requirement changes in the industry. We estimated the fair value of that reporting unit principally by using trading multiples of revenue and operating cash flows of similar companies in the industry. This test resulted in a goodwill impairment loss for the former Media Management Services group of \$93,402,000, which represents the excess of the carrying value over the implied fair value of such goodwill.

Loss from Continuing Operations Before Income Taxes. We recorded net losses from continuing operations before income taxes of (\$108,810,000), (\$161,294,000) and (\$102,638,000) for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The changes between these years are the result of the aforementioned changes in revenue and expenses.

Income Taxes from Continuing Operations. Our effective tax rate was an expense of 2.2%, a benefit of 8.5% and a benefit of 14.4% for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively. For 2008, we had a pre-tax loss from continuing operations of (\$108,810,000), but incurred \$2,371,000 of income tax expense. We incurred income tax expense despite the pre-tax loss from continuing operations mainly due to (i) the tax impact of \$32,290,000 related to non-deductible goodwill impairment and (ii) an increase in the valuation allowance of \$10,052,000. For 2007 and 2006, our income tax rates were lower than the federal income tax rate of 35% primarily from goodwill impairment charges of \$165,347,000 and \$93,402,000, respectively, for which we did not receive full tax benefits. In 2006, the impact of not receiving a tax benefit on the impairment charge was partially offset by a \$7,663,000 tax benefit resulting from a change in the valuation allowance.

Earnings from Discontinued Operations, Net of Income Taxes. We recorded earnings from discontinued operations, net of income taxes of \$46,562,000, \$15,226,000 and \$4,857,000 for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively. These amounts included the earnings of the discontinued operations mentioned above. The 2008 amount includes the pre-tax gains on the sale of the discontinued operations totaling approximately \$69 million and \$27.4 million in related income tax expense. See further information about the discontinued operations below.

Net Loss. We recorded net losses of (\$64,619,000), (\$132,331,000) and (\$83,007,000) for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The changes between these years are the result of the aforementioned changes in revenue and expenses and discontinued operations.

Adjusted OIBDA. The following table provides a reconciliation of consolidated segment adjusted OIBDA to loss from continuing operations before income taxes.

	<u>Year Ended December 31,</u>		
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
	Amounts in thousands		
Total segment adjusted OIBDA	\$ 69,649	81,089	79,896
Corporate selling, general and administrative expenses	(27,617)	(22,565)	(26,420)
Stock-based and long-term incentive compensation	(3,531)	(262)	(934)
Accretion expense on asset retirement obligations	(296)	(296)	(673)
Restructuring and other charges	(8,801)	(761)	(10,832)
Depreciation and amortization	(59,766)	(62,868)	(62,095)
Gain on sale of operating assets, net	9,038	463	2,007
Impairment of goodwill	(95,069)	(165,347)	(93,402)
Other income, net	7,583	9,253	9,815
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	<u>\$(108,810)</u>	<u>(161,294)</u>	<u>(102,638)</u>

Content Services group adjusted OIBDA as a percentage of revenue was 11.0%, 11.3% and 10.1% for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Creative Services group adjusted OIBDA as a percentage of revenue was 13.2%, 19.2% and 22.2% for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Due to the higher labor and material costs for the Content Services group, as well as higher facility costs, the adjusted OIBDA margin for the Content Services group is lower than such margin for the Creative Services group for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006.

The primary cost components for the Content Services group are labor and materials, with these costs comprising over 71% of the segment revenue. The other cost components for the Content Services group are facility costs, production equipment and general and administrative expenses. Content Services group adjusted OIBDA increased \$1,609,000 or 3.5% for the year ended December 31, 2008, compared to the prior year. This increase in adjusted OIBDA was due to (i) an increase of \$6,777,000 driven by higher systems integration revenues and (ii) an increase of \$2,200,000 driven by higher content distribution and transport services. These increases in adjusted OIBDA were partially offset by (i) a decrease of \$2,853,000 in digital media services as more complex projects increased costs, (ii) a \$2,700,000 loss recorded on a systems integration contract, and (iii) \$2,100,000 startup costs relating to development efforts on new businesses. As a result of the above, for the year ended December 31, 2008, the Content Services group adjusted OIBDA margin was slightly lower than the prior year.

Content Services adjusted OIBDA increased \$6,494,000 or 17% for the year ended December 31, 2007, compared to the prior year. This increase in adjusted OIBDA was due to (i) \$5,356,000 resulting from new digital media services, (ii) \$2,871,000 from higher system integration services and (iii) \$1,483,000 from reduced cost structure in media services in the United States. This increase in adjusted OIBDA was partially offset by a decrease of \$2,527,000 from lower content origination and transport revenues. As a result, for the year ended December 31, 2007, content services adjusted OIBDA margin was higher than the prior year.

The services provided by the Creative Services group are labor intensive and they require high labor and facility costs, with labor and facility costs representing over 73% of revenue. The Creative Services group's other primary cost components are production equipment, materials cost and general and administrative expenses. Creative Services group adjusted OIBDA decreased \$13,049,000 or 37% for the year ended December 31, 2008, compared to the prior year. This decrease in adjusted OIBDA was due to (i) \$8,018,000 from lower commercial revenues and declines in the average size of commercial projects resulting in a lower margin revenue mix, (ii) \$5,053,000 from the impact of the Writers Guild strike as certain fixed costs and staffing levels continued as revenue declined and (iii) \$2,400,000 primarily from duplicative rent and facility closures. These declines in adjusted OIBDA were offset by an increase of \$2,537,000 from higher revenues in feature films and digital intermediate projects. As a result of the above, the overall Creative Services group OIBDA margin was lower for 2008 compared to 2007.

Creative Services group adjusted OIBDA decreased \$5,301,000 or 13% for the year ended December 31, 2007, compared to the prior year. This decrease in adjusted OIBDA was largely due to a decrease of \$4,527,000 due to the Writer's Guild strike.

Discontinued Operations

AccentHealth

AccentHealth, which was acquired in January 2006, operated an advertising-supported captive audience television network in doctor office waiting rooms nationwide. AccentHealth was part of the Content Services group. On September 4, 2008, we completed the sale of 100% of the ownership interests in AccentHealth to an unaffiliated third party for net cash proceeds of \$118,641,000. Our board of directors determined that AccentHealth was a non-core asset, and the sale of AccentHealth would be consistent with our strategy of continuing to invest in core business operations while seeking opportunities to divest our non-core assets. We recognized a pre-tax gain on the sale of \$63,929,000 subject to customary post-closing adjustments, and \$25,566,000 of income tax expense on the gain. We do not anticipate that the sale of AccentHealth will materially impact our remaining businesses or assets.

Palm Bay

Ascent Media Systems & Technology Services, LLC, located in Palm Bay, Florida ("Palm Bay"), provided field service operations through an on-staff network of field engineers located throughout the United States and was part of the Content Services group. On September 8, 2008, AMG sold Palm Bay to an unaffiliated third party for net cash proceeds of \$7,040,000. AMG recognized a gain on this sale of \$3,370,000, and income tax expense of \$1,348,000 on such gain.

Visiontext

Visiontext Limited (“Visiontext”) operated a post-production subtitling business in the United Kingdom and United States and was part of the Creative Services group. On September 30, 2008, AMG sold Visiontext to an unaffiliated third party for net cash proceeds of \$2,150,000. AMG recognized a gain on this sale of \$1,777,000, and income tax expense of \$497,000 on such gain.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At December 31, 2008, we have \$341,517,000 of cash and cash equivalents on a consolidated basis a portion of which we may use to fund potential strategic acquisitions or investment opportunities. The cash is invested in highly liquid, highly rated short-term investments and a substantial portion of the balance is held in investments that are participating in the United States government guarantee program.

Additionally, our other source of funds is AMG’s cash flows from operating activities. During the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, AMG’s cash flow from operating activities was \$21,041,000, \$61,176,000 and \$80,300,000, respectively. The primary drivers of the cash flow from operating activities are adjusted OIBDA and changes in working capital. Fluctuations in adjusted OIBDA are discussed in “Results of Operations” above under the captions Revenue, Cost of Services and Selling, General and Administrative. Changes in working capital are generally due to the timing of purchases and payments for equipment and the timing of billings and collections for revenue.

During the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, capital expenditures totaled \$39,072,000, \$42,898,000 and \$71,896,000, respectively. These expenditures relate to the purchase of new equipment, the upgrade of facilities and the buildout of AMG’s existing facilities to meet customer contracts, which are capitalized as additions and remain the property of AMG, not the specific customer. During the year ended December 31, 2006, AMG used cash of \$51,837,000 to purchase marketable securities. During the years ended December 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, AMG then sold those marketable securities for cash of \$23,545,000 and \$28,292,000, respectively.

For the foreseeable future, we expect to have sufficient available cash and cash equivalents and net cash from AMG’s operating activities to meet our working capital needs and capital expenditure requirements. We intend to seek external equity or debt financing in the event any new investment opportunities, additional capital expenditures or our operations require additional funds, but there can be no assurance that we will be able to obtain equity or debt financing on terms that are acceptable to us.

In 2009, we expect to spend approximately \$30,000,000 to \$35,000,000 for capital expenditures, which we expect will be funded with our cash from operations and AMG’s working capital.

Our ability to seek additional sources of funding depends on our future financial position and results of operations, which, to a certain extent, are subject to general conditions in or affecting our industry and our customers and to general economic, political, financial, competitive, legislative and regulatory factors beyond our control.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements and Contractual Obligations

Information concerning the amount and timing of required payments under our contractual obligations at December 31, 2008 is summarized below:

	Payments Due by Period				Total
	Less than 1 Year	1-3 Years	3-5 Years	After 5 Years	
	Amounts in thousands				
Operating leases	\$25,063	44,367	26,768	47,577	143,775
Capital lease	2,392	4,769	2,867	—	10,028
Other	301	—	4,226	91	4,618
Total contractual obligations	<u>\$27,756</u>	<u>49,136</u>	<u>33,861</u>	<u>47,668</u>	<u>158,421</u>

We have contingent liabilities related to legal proceedings and other matters arising in the ordinary course of business. Although it is reasonably possible we may incur losses upon conclusion of such matters, an estimate of any loss or range of loss cannot be made. In the opinion of management, it is expected that amounts, if any, which may be required to satisfy such contingencies will not be material in relation to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141(R), "*Business Combinations*" ("SFAS No. 141(R)"). The statement will significantly change the accounting for business combinations, and under this statement, an acquiring entity will be required to recognize all the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a transaction at the acquisition-date fair value with limited exceptions. SFAS No. 141 (R) will change the accounting treatment for certain specific items, including acquisition costs, noncontrolling interests, acquired contingent liabilities, in-process research and development, restructuring costs and changes in deferred tax asset valuation allowances and income tax uncertainties after the acquisition date. The adoption of the requirements of SFAS No. 141 (R) applies prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Valuation of Long-lived Assets and Amortizable Other Intangible Assets. We perform impairment tests for our long-lived assets if an event or circumstance indicates that the carrying amount of our long-lived assets may not be recoverable. In response to changes in industry and market conditions, we may also strategically realign our resources and consider restructuring, disposing of, or otherwise exiting businesses. Such activities could result in impairment of our long-lived assets or other intangible assets. We are subject to the possibility of impairment of long-lived assets arising in the ordinary course of business. We regularly consider the likelihood of impairment and may recognize impairment if the carrying amount of a long-lived asset or intangible asset is not recoverable from its undiscounted cash flows in accordance with SFAS No. 144, "*Accounting for Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets*". Impairment is measured as the difference between the carrying amount and the fair value of the asset. We use both the income approach and market approach to estimate fair value. Our estimates of fair value are subject to a high degree of judgment since they include a long-term forecast of future operations. Accordingly, any value ultimately derived from our long-lived assets may differ from our estimate of fair value.

Valuation of Goodwill and Non-amortizable Other Intangible Assets. We assess the impairment of goodwill annually and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. Factors we consider important which could trigger an impairment review include significant underperformance to historical or projected future operating results, substantial changes in our strategy or the manner of use of our assets, significant negative industry or economic trends and the market capitalization. Fair value of each reporting unit is determined through a combination of discounted cash flow models and comparisons to similar businesses in the industry. Our estimates of fair value are subject to a high degree of judgment since they include a long-term forecast of future operations and an estimate of our cost of capital.

Valuation of Trade Receivables. We must make estimates of the collectibility of our trade receivables. Our management analyzes the collectibility based on historical bad debts, customer concentrations, customer credit-worthiness, current economic trends and changes in our customer payment terms. We record an allowance for doubtful accounts based upon specifically identified receivables that we believe are uncollectible. In addition, we also record an amount based upon a percentage of each aged category of our trade receivables. These percentages are estimated based upon our historical experience of bad debts. Our trade receivables balance was \$114,154,000, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$9,200,000, as of December 31, 2008. As of December 31, 2007, our trade receivables balance was \$122,079,000, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$8,359,000.

Valuation of Deferred Tax Assets. In accordance with SFAS No. 109, "*Accounting for Income Taxes*", we review the nature of each component of our deferred income taxes for reasonableness. As part of this review, we rely on an estimate of our long-term forecast of future operations. After consideration of all available evidence and estimates, we have determined that it is more likely than not that we will not realize the tax benefits associated with

certain cumulative net operating loss carry forwards and certain other deferred tax assets, and as such, we have established a valuation allowance of \$24,461,000 and \$17,470,000 as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK

Foreign Currency Risk

We continually monitor our economic exposure to changes in foreign exchange rates and may enter into foreign exchange agreements where and when appropriate. Substantially all of our foreign transactions are denominated in foreign currencies, including the liabilities of our foreign subsidiaries. Although our foreign transactions are not generally subject to significant foreign exchange transaction gains or losses, the financial statements of our foreign subsidiaries are translated into United States dollars as part of our consolidated financial reporting. As a result, fluctuations in exchange rates affect our financial position and results of operations.

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

Our consolidated financial statements are filed under this Item, beginning on Page 36. The financial statement schedules required by Regulation S-X are filed under Item 15 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None.

ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

In accordance with Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15, the Company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including its chairman, president and principal accounting officer (the "Executives"), of the effectiveness of its disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Executives concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of December 31, 2008 to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in its reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms.

There has been no change in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting identified during the three months ended December 31, 2008 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, its internal controls over financial reporting.

This Annual Report does not include a report of management's assessment regarding internal control over financial reporting or an attestation report of the Company's registered public accounting firm due to a transition period established by rules of the SEC for newly public companies.

ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Stockholders
Ascent Media Corporation:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Ascent Media Corporation and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss, cash flows and stockholders' equity for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2008. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Ascent Media Corporation and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2008, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Los Angeles, California

March 31, 2009

ASCENT MEDIA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Balance Sheets
December 31, 2008 and 2007

	2008	2007
	Amounts in thousands	
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 341,517	201,633
Trade receivables, net	114,154	122,079
Prepaid expenses	12,223	13,084
Deferred income tax assets, net (note 10)	10,826	10,750
Assets of discontinued operations	—	13,232
Income taxes receivable	9,122	—
Other current assets	2,776	2,298
Total current assets	490,618	363,076
Investments in marketable securities	—	23,545
Property and equipment, net (note 5)	223,928	259,026
Goodwill (note 6)	—	95,069
Deferred income tax assets, net (note 10)	22,545	29,233
Assets of discontinued operations	—	50,038
Other assets, net	8,213	10,999
Total assets	<u>\$ 745,304</u>	<u>830,986</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 22,633	24,768
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	22,258	23,614
Other accrued liabilities	31,172	32,683
Deferred revenue	15,139	22,992
Income taxes payable	—	12,764
Liabilities of discontinued operations	—	2,779
Total current liabilities	91,202	119,600
Other liabilities	28,792	24,490
Total liabilities	<u>119,994</u>	<u>144,090</u>
Commitments and contingencies (notes 13 and 14)		
Stockholders' Equity:		
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value. Authorized 5,000,000 shares; no shares issued	—	—
Series A common stock, \$.01 par value. Authorized 45,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding 13,409,776 shares at December 31, 2008	134	—
Series B common stock, \$.01 par value. Authorized 5,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding 659,732 shares at December 31, 2008	7	—
Series C common stock, \$.01 par value. Authorized 45,000,000 shares; no shares issued	—	—
Additional paid-in capital	1,459,078	—
Parent's investment	—	1,437,520
Accumulated deficit	(825,956)	(761,337)
Accumulated other comprehensive earnings (loss)	(7,953)	10,713
Total stockholders' equity	625,310	686,896
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 745,304</u>	<u>830,986</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

ASCENT MEDIA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss
Years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
	Amounts in thousands, except per share amounts		
Net revenue	\$ 600,613	589,395	571,123
Operating expenses:			
Cost of services	441,469	417,007	391,453
Selling, general, and administrative, including stock-based and long-term compensation (note 11)	120,939	114,422	127,801
Restructuring and other charges (note 7)	8,801	761	10,832
Gain on sale of operating assets, net	(9,038)	(463)	(2,007)
Depreciation and amortization	59,766	62,868	62,095
Impairment of goodwill (note 6)	95,069	165,347	93,402
	<u>717,006</u>	<u>759,942</u>	<u>683,576</u>
Operating loss	(116,393)	(170,547)	(112,453)
Other income:			
Interest income	6,579	11,066	10,175
Other income (expense), net	1,004	(1,813)	(360)
	<u>7,583</u>	<u>9,253</u>	<u>9,815</u>
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	(108,810)	(161,294)	(102,638)
Income tax benefit (expense) from continuing operations (note 10)	(2,371)	13,737	14,774
Net loss from continuing operations	(111,181)	(147,557)	(87,864)
Discontinued operations:			
Earnings from discontinued operations	77,236	10,530	7,563
Income tax benefit (expense) from discontinued operations	(30,674)	4,696	(2,706)
Earnings from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	<u>46,562</u>	<u>15,226</u>	<u>4,857</u>
Net loss	<u>\$ (64,619)</u>	<u>(132,331)</u>	<u>(83,007)</u>
Other comprehensive earnings (loss), net of taxes (note 12):			
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(18,603)	2,337	13,448
Pension liability adjustment	(63)	(255)	—
Other comprehensive earnings (loss)	<u>(18,666)</u>	<u>2,082</u>	<u>13,448</u>
Comprehensive loss	<u>\$ (83,285)</u>	<u>(130,249)</u>	<u>(69,559)</u>
Basic and Diluted earnings (loss) per share (note 3)			
Continuing operations	\$ (7.91)	(10.49)	(6.25)
Discontinued operations	3.31	1.08	0.35
Net loss	<u>\$ (4.60)</u>	<u>(9.41)</u>	<u>(5.90)</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

ASCENT MEDIA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
Years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
	Amounts in thousands (See note 4)		
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net loss	\$ (64,619)	(132,331)	(83,007)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Earnings from discontinued operations, net of income tax	(46,562)	(15,226)	(4,857)
Depreciation and amortization	59,766	62,868	62,095
Stock-based compensation	293	—	934
Gain on sale of assets, net	(9,038)	(463)	(2,007)
Impairment of goodwill	95,069	165,347	93,402
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)	6,059	(20,466)	(19,805)
Other non-cash credits, net	(4,112)	(965)	860
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:			
Trade receivables	8,479	5,371	(8,611)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,224	(7,310)	2,268
Payables and other liabilities	(21,248)	(275)	26,380
Operating activities from discontinued operations, net	(4,270)	4,626	12,648
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>21,041</u>	<u>61,176</u>	<u>80,300</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Capital expenditures	(39,072)	(42,898)	(71,896)
Cash paid for acquisition, net of cash acquired	(3,859)	—	—
Net sales (purchases) of marketable securities	23,545	28,292	(51,837)
Cash proceeds from the sale of discontinued operations	127,831	—	—
Cash proceeds from the sale of operating assets	18,433	1,276	5,601
Other investing activities, net	(93)	(23)	(90)
Investing activities from discontinued operations, net	(5,455)	(2,198)	(50,161)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	<u>121,330</u>	<u>(15,551)</u>	<u>(168,383)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Net cash transfers from (to) parent	(1,735)	2,194	(7,182)
Payment of capital lease obligation	(752)	(641)	(7)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	<u>(2,487)</u>	<u>1,553</u>	<u>(7,189)</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	<u>139,884</u>	<u>47,178</u>	<u>(95,272)</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	<u>201,633</u>	<u>154,455</u>	<u>249,727</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>\$341,517</u>	<u>201,633</u>	<u>154,455</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

ASCENT MEDIA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity
Years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

	Preferred Stock	Common Stock			Additional Paid-in Capital	Parent's Investment	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Earnings	Total Stockholders Equity
		Series A	Series B	Series C					
Amounts in thousands									
Balance at December 31, 2005	\$ —	—	—	—	—	1,441,100	(546,254)	(4,817)	890,029
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	(83,007)	—	(83,007)
Other comprehensive earnings	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13,448	13,448
Stock compensation	—	—	—	—	—	913	—	—	913
Net cash transfers to parent	—	—	—	—	—	(7,182)	—	—	(7,182)
Other	—	—	—	—	—	495	—	—	495
Balance at December 31, 2006	—	—	—	—	—	1,435,326	(629,261)	8,631	814,696
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	(132,331)	—	(132,331)
Other comprehensive earnings	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,082	2,082
Net cash transfers from parent	—	—	—	—	—	2,194	—	—	2,194
Cumulative effect of accounting change (Note 9)	—	—	—	—	—	—	255	—	255
Balance at December 31, 2007	—	—	—	—	—	1,437,520	(761,337)	10,713	686,896
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	(64,619)	—	(64,619)
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(18,666)	(18,666)
Contribution of net operating losses from DHC	—	—	—	—	(553)	23,694	—	—	23,141
Stock-based compensation	—	—	—	—	293	—	—	—	293
Net cash transfers to parent	—	—	—	—	—	(1,735)	—	—	(1,735)
Change in capitalization in connection with Ascent Media Spin Off (note 2)	—	134	7	—	1,459,338	(1,459,479)	—	—	—
Balance at December 31, 2008	\$ —	134	7	—	1,459,078	—	(825,956)	(7,953)	625,310

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

ASCENT MEDIA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

(1) Basis of Presentation

For periods prior to the September 17, 2008 consummation of the spin off transaction (“Ascent Media Spin Off”) described in note 2, the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Ascent Media Corporation (“Ascent Media” or the “Company”) represent a combination of the historical financial information of (1) Ascent Media Group, LLC (“AMG”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Discovery Holding Company (“DHC”), (2) Ascent Media CANS, LLC (dba AccentHealth) (“AccentHealth”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of DHC until its sale on September 4, 2008 (see note 8) and (3) cash and investment assets of DHC. For the period following September 17, 2008, the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Ascent Media represent Ascent Media and its consolidated subsidiaries. The Ascent Media Spin Off has been accounted for at historical cost due to the pro rata nature of the distribution.

Ascent Media is comprised of two reportable segments: Content Services and Creative Services. The Content Services group provides a full complement of facilities and services necessary to optimize, archive, manage, and reformat and repurpose completed media assets for global distribution via freight, satellite, fiber and the Internet, as well as the facilities, technical infrastructure, and operating staff necessary to assemble programming content for cable and broadcast networks and to distribute media signals via satellite and terrestrial networks. The Creative Services group provides various technical and creative services necessary to complete principal photography into final products, such as feature films, movie trailers and TV spots, documentaries, independent films, scripted and reality television, TV movies and mini-series, television commercials, internet and new media advertising, music videos, interactive games and new digital media, promotional and identity campaigns and corporate communications. These services are referred to generally in the entertainment industry as “post-production” services.

AccentHealth operated an advertising-supported captive audience television network in doctor office waiting rooms nationwide, and was included as part of the Content Services group for financial reporting purposes until its sale on September 4, 2008.

(2) Ascent Media Spin-Off Transaction

During the fourth quarter of 2007, the Board of Directors of DHC approved a resolution to spin off the capital stock of Ascent Media to the holders of DHC Series A and Series B common stock. The Ascent Media Spin Off was approved in connection with a transaction between DHC and Advance/Newhouse Programming Partnership (“Advance/Newhouse”) pursuant to which DHC and Advance/Newhouse combined their respective indirect interests in Discovery Communications, LLC (“Discovery”).

The Ascent Media Spin Off was completed on September 17, 2008 (the “Spin Off Date”) and was effected as a distribution by DHC to holders of its Series A and Series B common stock of shares of Ascent Media Series A and Series B common stock, respectively. Holders of DHC common stock on September 17, 2008 received 0.05 of a share of Ascent Media Series A common stock for each share of DHC Series A common stock owned and 0.05 of a share of Ascent Media Series B common stock for each share of DHC Series B common stock owned. In the Ascent Media Spin Off, 13,401,886 shares of Ascent Media Series A common stock and 659,732 shares of Ascent Media Series B common stock were issued. The Ascent Media Spin Off did not involve the payment of any consideration by the holders of DHC common stock and is intended to qualify as a transaction under Sections 368(a) and 355 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for United States federal income tax purposes.

Following the Ascent Media Spin Off, Ascent Media and DHC operate independently, and neither has any stock ownership, beneficial or otherwise, in the other. In connection with the Ascent Media Spin Off, Ascent Media and DHC entered into certain agreements in order to govern certain of the ongoing relationships between Ascent Media and DHC after the Ascent Media Spin Off and to provide mechanisms for an orderly transition. These agreements include a Reorganization Agreement, a Services Agreement and a Tax Sharing Agreement.

ASCENT MEDIA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

The Reorganization Agreement provides for, among other things, the principal corporate transactions required to effect the Ascent Media Spin Off and cross indemnities as well as the assumption by Ascent Media of certain obligations of DHC relating to the Ascent Media Spin Off and periods prior to the effectiveness of the Ascent Media Spin Off and the transfer by DHC to Ascent Media of approximately \$150 million in cash. Pursuant to the Services Agreement, Ascent Media will provide a subsidiary of DHC with certain general and administrative services for a one-year period beginning on the date of the Ascent Media Spin Off, including accounting, finance, human resources, information technology, payroll and real estate management services. In consideration for such services, DHC's subsidiary will pay Ascent Media a fee of \$1,000,000. DHC's subsidiary will also reimburse Ascent Media for any out-of-pocket expenses incurred by Ascent Media in providing these services. In addition, during the term of the Services Agreement, Ascent Media has agreed to make cash advances to such subsidiary of DHC from time to time, in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$1.5 million, as reasonably required to meet this DHC subsidiary's current payroll and to pay third-party vendors in the ordinary course of its business. Such advances will be due and payable in full on the first anniversary of the Ascent Media Spin Off and will bear interest at the prime rate, calculated on an average daily balance basis.

Under the Tax Sharing Agreement, Ascent Media will be responsible for all taxes attributable to it or one of its subsidiaries, whether accruing before, on or after the Ascent Media Spin Off (other than any such taxes for which DHC is responsible under the Tax Sharing Agreement). Ascent Media has also agreed to be responsible for and to indemnify DHC with respect to (i) all taxes attributable to DHC or any of its subsidiaries (other than Discovery) for any tax period that ends on or before the date of the Ascent Media Spin Off (and for any tax period that begins on or before and ends after the date of the Ascent Media Spin Off, for the portion of that period on or before the date of the Ascent Media Spin Off), other than such taxes arising as a result of the Ascent Media Spin Off and related internal restructuring of DHC and (ii) all taxes arising as a result of the Ascent Media Spin Off or the internal restructuring of DHC to the extent such taxes are not the responsibility of DHC under the Tax Sharing Agreement. DHC will be responsible for (i) all United States federal, state, local and foreign income taxes attributable to DHC or any of its subsidiaries for any tax period that begins after the date of the Ascent Media Spin Off (and for any tax period that begins on or before and ends after the date of the Ascent Media Spin Off, for the portion of that period after the date of the Ascent Media Spin Off), other than such taxes arising as a result of the Ascent Media Spin Off and related internal restructuring of DHC, (ii) all taxes arising as a result of the Ascent Media Spin Off to the extent such taxes arise as a result of any breach on or after the date of the Ascent Media Spin Off of any representation, warranty, covenant or other obligation of DHC or of a subsidiary or shareholder of DHC made in connection with the issuance of the tax opinion relating to the Ascent Media Spin Off or in the Tax Sharing Agreement, and (iii) all taxes arising as a result of such internal restructuring of DHC to the extent such taxes arise as a result of any action undertaken after the date of the Ascent Media Spin Off by DHC or a subsidiary or shareholder of DHC.

Pursuant to a Services Agreement between Liberty Media Corporation ("Liberty") and Ascent Media, Liberty will provide certain general and administrative services including legal, tax, accounting, treasury and investor relations support. Ascent Media will reimburse Liberty for direct, out-of-pocket expenses incurred by Liberty in providing these services and for Ascent Media's allocable portion of costs associated with any shared services or personnel. Liberty and Ascent Media have agreed that they will review cost allocations every six months and adjust such charges, if appropriate.

(3) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers investments with original purchased maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

ASCENT MEDIA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

Trade Receivables

Trade receivables are shown net of an allowance based on historical collection trends and management's judgment regarding the collectability of these accounts. These collection trends, as well as prevailing and anticipated economic conditions, are routinely monitored by management, and any adjustments required are reflected in current operations. The allowance for doubtful accounts as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 was \$9,200,000 and \$8,359,000, respectively.

A summary of activity in the allowance for doubtful accounts is as follows:

	<u>Balance Beginning of Year</u>	<u>Charged (Credited) to Expense</u>	<u>Write-Offs and Other</u>	<u>Balance End of Year</u>
Amounts in thousands				
2008	\$ 8,359	3,568	(2,727)	9,200
2007	\$ 8,491	2,417	(2,549)	8,359
2006	\$ 6,395	3,283	(1,187)	8,491

Concentration of Credit Risk and Significant Customers

For the year ended December 31, 2008, \$77,088,000 or 12.8% of Ascent Media's consolidated revenue was generated by one customer, Motorola, Inc., under system integration services contracts which expire in July 2009. For the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, no single customer accounted for more than 10% of consolidated revenue.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair values of cash equivalents, current accounts receivable and current accounts payable approximate the carrying amounts because of their short-term nature.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are carried at cost and depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the term of the underlying lease. Estimated useful lives by class of asset are as follows:

Buildings	20 years
Leasehold improvements	15 years or lease term, if shorter
Machinery and equipment	5 - 7 years
Computer software (included in Machinery and Equipment in Note 5)	3 years

Depreciation expense for property and equipment was \$59,622,000, \$62,437,000 and \$61,664,000 for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Goodwill

The Company accounts for its goodwill pursuant to the provisions of SFAS No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets* ("SFAS No. 142"). In accordance with SFAS No. 142, goodwill is not amortized, but is tested for impairment annually and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. See further discussion of goodwill impairment in Note 6.

ASCENT MEDIA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

Other Intangible Assets

In accordance with SFAS No. 142, amortizable other intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of four to five years, and are reviewed for impairment in accordance with SFAS No. 144, *Accounting for Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets* (“SFAS No. 144”).

Long-Lived Assets

In accordance with SFAS No. 144, management reviews the realizability of its long-lived assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. In evaluating the value and future benefits of long-term assets, their carrying value is compared to management’s best estimate of undiscounted future cash flows over the remaining economic life. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying value of the assets exceeds the estimated fair value of the assets.

Foreign Currency Translation

The functional currencies of the Company’s foreign subsidiaries are their respective local currencies. Assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into United States dollars using exchange rates on the balance sheet date, and revenue and expenses are translated into United States dollars using average exchange rates for the period. The effects of the foreign currency translation adjustments are deferred and are included in parent’s investment as a component of accumulated other comprehensive earnings (loss).

Revenue Recognition

Revenue from post-production services to customers producing television programs, feature films and commercial advertising is recognized when services are provided, based on contracted hourly rates. Revenue from system integration services is recognized on the basis of the estimated percentage of completion of individual contracts. Percentage of completion is calculated based upon actual labor and equipment costs incurred compared to total forecasted costs for the contract. Estimated losses on long-term service contracts are recognized in the period in which a loss becomes evident. Revenue from content distribution contracts, which may include multiple elements, is recognized ratably over the term of the contract as services are provided. Under such contracts, any services which are not performed ratably are not material to the contract as a whole.

Prepayments received for services to be performed at a later date are reflected in the balance sheets as deferred revenue until such services are provided.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes* (“SFAS No. 109”). SFAS No. 109 prescribes an asset and liability approach that requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in the Company’s consolidated financial statements or tax returns. In estimating future tax consequences, SFAS No. 109 generally considers all expected future events other than proposed changes in the tax law or rates. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized. Income tax expense is the tax payable or refundable for the period plus or minus the change during the period in deferred tax assets and liabilities.

Effective January 1, 2007, the Company adopted FASB Interpretation No. 48, “Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109” (“FIN 48”). FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in a company’s financial statements and prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. In instances where the Company has taken or expects to take a tax position in its

ASCENT MEDIA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

tax return and the Company believes it is more likely than not that such tax position will be upheld by the relevant taxing authority, the Company records the benefits of such tax position in its consolidated financial statements.

Advertising Costs

Advertising costs generally are expensed as incurred. Advertising expense aggregated \$3,538,000, \$2,970,000 and \$3,047,000 for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for stock-based awards pursuant to Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004), “*Share-Based Payment*” (“Statement 123R”). Statement 123R generally requires companies to measure the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments (such as stock options and restricted stock) based on the grant-date fair value of the award, and to recognize that cost over the period during which the employee is required to provide service (usually the vesting period of the award).

The Company calculated the grant-date fair value for all of its stock options using the Black-Scholes Model. Ascent Media calculated the expected term of the awards using the methodology included in SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107. The volatility used in the calculation is based on the historical volatility of peer companies. The Company used the risk-free rate for Treasury Bonds with a term similar to that of the subject options and has assumed a dividend rate of zero.

Basic and Diluted Earnings (Loss) Per Common Share — Series A and Series B

Basic earnings (loss) per common share (“EPS”) is computed by dividing net earnings (loss) by the number of Series A and Series B common shares outstanding for the period. The number of shares outstanding for periods prior to the Spin Off Date is 14,061,618 shares, which is the number of shares that were issued on the Spin Off Date. Dilutive EPS presents the dilutive effect on a per share basis of potential common shares as if they had been converted at the beginning of the periods presented or at the date of grant, whichever is later. As of December 31, 2008, the options to purchase Ascent Media common stock had a dilutive effect of 2,561 shares and there were 215,472 options that were anti-dilutive.

Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (“GAAP”) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue and expenses for each reporting period. The significant estimates made in preparation of the Company’s consolidated financial statements primarily relate to valuation of goodwill, other intangible assets, long-lived assets, deferred tax assets, and the amount of the allowance for doubtful accounts. These estimates are based on management’s best estimates and judgment. Management evaluates its estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis using historical experience and other factors and adjusts them when facts and circumstances change. As the effects of future events cannot be determined with any certainty, actual results could differ from the estimates upon which the carrying values were based.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141(R), “*Business Combinations*” (“SFAS No. 141(R)”). The statement significantly changes the accounting for business combinations, and under this statement, an acquiring entity will be required to recognize the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a transaction at the acquisition-date fair value. SFAS No. 141 (R) will change the accounting treatment for certain items, including acquisition costs, noncontrolling interests, acquired contingent liabilities, in-process research and development, restructuring costs and changes in deferred tax asset valuation allowances and income

ASCENT MEDIA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

tax uncertainties after the acquisition date. The adoption of the requirements of SFAS No. 141 (R) applies prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. Beginning January 1, 2009, the Company will account for its business combinations in accordance with SFAS No. 141(R).

(4) Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
Amounts in thousands			
Cash paid for acquisition:			
Fair value of assets acquired	\$ 7,937	\$ —	48,264
Net liabilities assumed	(4,078)	—	(1,471)
Cash paid for acquisition, net of cash acquired	<u>\$ 3,859</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>46,793(a)</u>
Cash paid during the year for income taxes	<u>\$20,921</u>	<u>\$1,321</u>	<u>1,839</u>
Non-cash investing and financing activity:			
Capital lease	<u>—</u>	<u>\$5,774</u>	<u>—</u>

(a) Amount relates to AccentHealth acquisition, which is included in discontinued operations.

(5) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment at December 31, 2008 and 2007 consist of the following:

	2008	2007
	Amounts in thousands	
Property and equipment, net:		
Land	\$ 36,654	\$ 42,525
Buildings	176,599	203,767
Machinery and equipment	<u>177,155</u>	<u>202,569</u>
	390,408	448,861
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(166,480)</u>	<u>(189,835)</u>
	<u>\$ 223,928</u>	<u>\$ 259,026</u>

(6) Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

The following table provides the activity and balances of goodwill:

	Creative Services Group	Content Services Group	Total
	Amounts in thousands		
Balance at January 1, 2007	\$ 95,069	164,967	260,036
Goodwill impairment	—	(165,347)	(165,347)
Foreign exchange and other	—	380	380
Balance at December 31, 2007	<u>95,069</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>95,069</u>
Goodwill impairment	<u>(95,069)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(95,069)</u>
Balance at December 31, 2008	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>

ASCENT MEDIA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

In connection with the 2008 annual evaluation of the recoverability of goodwill, the Company estimated the value of the commercial TV reporting unit using a discounted cash flow analysis. The result of this valuation indicated that the fair value of the commercial TV reporting unit, which is included in the Creative Services group, was less than its carrying value. The commercial TV reporting unit fair value was then used to calculate an implied value of the goodwill related to this reporting unit. The \$95,069,000 excess of the carrying amount of the Creative Services goodwill over its implied value was recorded as an impairment charge in the fourth quarter of 2008.

In connection with the 2007 annual evaluation of the recoverability of our goodwill, the Company estimated the value of its reporting units using a discounted cash flow analysis. The result of this valuation indicated that the fair value of the former Network Services group, which is now included in the Content Services group, was less than its carrying value. The Network Services reporting unit fair value was then used to calculate an implied value of the goodwill related to this reporting unit. The \$165,347,000 excess of the carrying amount of the Content Services goodwill over its implied value was recorded as an impairment charge in the fourth quarter of 2007.

In 2006, the former Media Management Services group, which is now included in Content Services, was tested for goodwill impairment in the third quarter, prior to the annual goodwill valuation assessment. It was tested prior to the annual assessment due to its restructuring activities and the declining financial performance of the former Media Management Services group, including ongoing operating losses driven by technology and customer requirement changes in the industry. The Company estimated the fair value of that reporting unit principally by using trading multiples of revenue and operating cash flows of similar companies in the industry. This test resulted in a goodwill impairment loss for the former Media Management Services group of \$93,402,000, which represents the excess of the carrying value over the implied fair value of such goodwill.

Included in other assets at December 31, 2008 and 2007 are amortizable intangibles with a net book value of zero and \$143,000, respectively, and tradename intangibles (which are not subject to amortization) of \$1,848,000 for both years.

For the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, the Company recorded \$143,000, \$431,000 and \$431,000, respectively, of amortization expense for other intangible assets.

(7) Restructuring Charges

During 2008, 2007 and 2006, the Company completed certain restructuring activities designed to improve operating efficiencies and to strengthen its competitive position in the marketplace primarily through cost and expense reductions. In connection with these integration and consolidation initiatives, the Company recorded charges of \$8,801,000, \$761,000, \$10,832,000, respectively. The 2008 restructuring charge related to certain severance and facility costs in conjunction with ongoing structural changes being implemented to align our organization with our strategic goals and with how we operate, manage and sell our services. Such changes include the consolidation of certain facilities in the United States and the United Kingdom, the closing of our operations in Mexico and reduction in headcount to realign with the new reporting structure. Approximately \$4.8 million of the 2008 restructuring charges related to the Creative Services group in the United States and United Kingdom while the remaining amount related mainly to the Content Services group. Any additional future restructuring costs for the ongoing structural changes being implemented is not currently determinable. The 2007 restructuring charge related primarily to severance in the Creative Services group in the United Kingdom. The 2006 restructuring charge related primarily to severance at the corporate offices in the United States and United Kingdom and to the closure of facilities in the United Kingdom.

ASCENT MEDIA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

The following table provides the activity and balances of the restructuring reserve. At December 31, 2008, approximately \$4.4 million of the ending liability balance is included in other accrued liabilities with the remaining amount recorded in other long-term liabilities.

	<u>Opening Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions(a)</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
	Amounts in thousands			
Severance	\$ —	8,645	(2,694)	5,951
Excess facility costs	3,828	2,187	(2,251)	3,764
December 31, 2006	<u>\$ 3,828</u>	<u>10,832</u>	<u>(4,945)</u>	<u>9,715</u>
Severance	5,951	761	(5,355)	1,357
Excess facility costs	3,764	—	(2,142)	1,622
December 31, 2007	<u>\$ 9,715</u>	<u>761</u>	<u>(7,497)</u>	<u>2,979</u>
Severance	1,357	5,183	(4,014)	2,526(b)
Excess facility costs	1,622	3,618	(1,946)	3,294(c)
December 31, 2008	<u>\$ 2,979</u>	<u>8,801</u>	<u>(5,960)</u>	<u>5,820</u>

(a) Primarily represents cash payments.

(b) Substantially all of this amount is expected to be paid in 2009.

(c) Substantially all of this amount is expected to be paid by 2012.

(8) Acquisitions

In January 2006, one of the Company's subsidiaries acquired substantially all of the assets of AccentHealth's healthcare media business for cash consideration of \$46,793,000. AccentHealth operates an advertising-supported captive audience television network in doctor office waiting rooms nationwide. The Company recorded goodwill of \$32,224,000 and other intangible assets of \$9,800,000 in connection with this acquisition. The excess purchase price over the fair value of assets acquired was attributable to the growth potential of AccentHealth. In September 2008, AccentHealth was sold. See Note 9 for more information.

(9) Dispositions

The consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes of Ascent Media have been prepared reflecting the following businesses as discontinued operations in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 144 "Accounting for the Impairment and Disposal of Long-lived Assets".

On September 4, 2008, Ascent Media completed the sale of 100% of its ownership interests in AccentHealth, which was part of the Content Services group, to an unaffiliated third party for net cash proceeds of \$118,641,000. Ascent Media recognized a pre-tax gain on the sale of \$63,929,000, subject to customary post-closing adjustments, and \$25,566,000 of income tax expense resulting from the gain. Such gain and related income tax expense are included in earnings from discontinued operations in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations.

On September 8, 2008, Ascent Media sold 100% of the outstanding membership interests in Ascent Media Systems & Technology Services, LLC, which was part of the Content Services group, located in Palm Bay, Florida ("Palm Bay"), to an unaffiliated third party for net cash proceeds of \$7,040,000. Ascent Media recognized a pre-tax gain on the sale of \$3,370,000 and recorded income tax expense resulting from the gain of \$1,348,000. Such gain and related income tax expense are included in earnings from discontinued operations in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations.

ASCENT MEDIA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

On September 30, 2008, Ascent Media sold 100% of its ownership interest in Visiontext Limited (“Visiontext”), which was part of the Creative Services group, to an unaffiliated third party for net cash proceeds of \$2,150,000. Ascent Media recognized a pre-tax gain on the sale of \$1,777,000 and recorded income tax expense resulting from the gain of \$497,000. Such gain and related income tax expense are included in earnings from discontinued operations in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations.

The following table presents the results of operations of the discontinued operations that are included in earnings from discontinued operations, net of income tax:

	<u>Year Ended December 30,</u>		
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
	Amounts in thousands		
Revenue	\$30,394	42,030	37,030
Earnings before income taxes(a)	\$77,236	10,530	7,563

(a) The 2008 amount includes a \$63,929,000 gain on the sale of AccentHealth, a \$3,370,000 gain on the sale of Palm Bay and a \$1,777,000 gain on the sale of Visiontext.

(10) Income Taxes

The Company’s income tax benefit (expense) from continuing operations is as follows:

	<u>Years Ended December 31,</u>		
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
	Amounts in thousands		
Current			
Federal	\$ 1,459	(5,847)	(1,170)
State	(29)	(712)	(1,002)
Foreign	(1,263)	(145)	528
	<u>167</u>	<u>(6,704)</u>	<u>(1,644)</u>
Deferred			
Federal	2,410	16,496	7,072
State	(6,141)	4,294	10,500
Foreign	1,193	(349)	(1,154)
	<u>(2,538)</u>	<u>20,441</u>	<u>16,418</u>
Total tax benefit (expense)	<u><u>\$(2,371)</u></u>	<u><u>13,737</u></u>	<u><u>14,774</u></u>

Components of pretax income (loss) are as follows:

	<u>Years Ended December 31,</u>		
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
	Amounts in thousands		
Domestic	\$ (99,917)	(142,023)	(83,809)
Foreign	(8,893)	(19,271)	(18,829)
	<u><u>\$(108,810)</u></u>	<u><u>(161,294)</u></u>	<u><u>(102,638)</u></u>

ASCENT MEDIA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

Income tax benefit (expense) differs from the amounts computed by applying the United States federal income tax rate of 35% as a result of the following:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
	Amounts in thousands		
Computed expected tax benefit	\$ 38,084	56,453	35,923
State and local income taxes, net of federal income taxes	482	3,823	613
Change in valuation allowance affecting tax expense	(10,052)	(3,188)	7,663
Goodwill impairment not deductible for tax purposes	(32,290)	(35,231)	(26,655)
U.S. taxes on foreign income	(1,512)	(3,055)	776
Non-deductible expenses	(1,277)	(991)	(1,803)
Dividend	—	(1,202)	—
Foreign tax credit	2,501	—	—
Other, net	1,693	(2,872)	(1,743)
Income tax benefit (expense)	<u>\$ (2,371)</u>	<u>13,737</u>	<u>14,774</u>

Components of deferred tax assets and liabilities as of December 31 are as follows:

	2008	2007
	Amounts in thousands	
Current assets:		
Accounts receivable reserves	\$ 1,653	2,936
Accrued liabilities	17,840	11,875
Total current deferred tax assets	19,493	14,811
Valuation allowance	(8,059)	(3,401)
	<u>11,434</u>	<u>11,410</u>
Noncurrent assets:		
Net operating loss carryforwards	20,002	29,371
Property, plant and equipment	2,843	—
Intangible assets	16,765	18,404
Other	60	1,918
Total noncurrent deferred tax assets	39,670	49,693
Valuation allowance	(16,402)	(14,069)
	<u>23,268</u>	<u>35,624</u>
Deferred tax assets, net	<u>34,702</u>	<u>47,034</u>
Current liabilities:		
Other	(608)	(660)
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Property and equipment	—	(5,571)
Other	(723)	(820)
	<u>(723)</u>	<u>(6,391)</u>
Total deferred tax liabilities	<u>(1,331)</u>	<u>(7,051)</u>
Net deferred tax assets	<u>\$ 33,371</u>	<u>39,983</u>

ASCENT MEDIA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

The Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities are reported in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets as follows:

	December 31,	
	2008	2007
	Amounts in thousands	
Current deferred tax assets, net	\$10,826	10,750
Long-term deferred tax assets, net	22,545	29,233
Net deferred tax assets	\$33,371	39,983

At December 31, 2008, the Company has \$260,600,000 and \$10,608,000 in net operating loss carryforwards for state and foreign tax purposes, respectively. The state net operating losses expire at various times from 2011 through 2018, and the foreign net operating losses may be carried forward indefinitely. The Company has \$1,334,000 of state income tax credits which will expire at various times through 2011.

Although Ascent Media was included in the DHC consolidated tax returns while it was a subsidiary of DHC, Ascent Media has accounted for income taxes on a separate company return basis in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements. Such methodology resulted in Ascent Media recording income taxes payable prior to the Ascent Media Spin Off. Because DHC had net operating losses to offset \$23,141,000 of the tax payable in its consolidated tax return, Ascent Media reduced its income tax payable by this amount with an offsetting increase to equity. Prior to July 2005, Ascent Media was a subsidiary of Liberty and was included in their consolidated tax returns.

During the first quarter of 2008, Liberty reached an agreement with the IRS with respect to certain tax items that related to periods prior to the Company's spin off from Liberty in July 2005. The IRS agreement resulted in a reduction of \$5,370,000 and \$30,808,000 to the amount of federal and California net operating losses ("NOLs"), respectively, that Liberty allocated to the Company at the time of the 2005 spin off. The reduction in the Company's federal NOLs resulted in a first quarter 2008 tax expense of \$1,880,000 (35% of \$5,370,000). The Company had no expectation that it would be able to utilize the California NOLs, and had thus recorded a valuation allowance with respect to such NOLs. Therefore, the reduction in California NOLs was offset by a reduction in the corresponding valuation allowance and resulted in no net tax expense. During the fourth quarter of 2008, Liberty closed its IRS audit for tax years through 2005, with no further adjustments affecting the Company. At December 31, 2008, Ascent Media has fully utilized its federal net operating losses against its continuing and discontinued operations.

During the current year, management has determined that it is more likely than not that the Company will not realize the tax benefits associated with certain cumulative state and foreign net operating loss carryforwards and other deferred tax assets. As such, the Company continues to maintain a valuation allowance of \$24,461,000. The total valuation allowance increased \$6,991,000 during the year ended December 31, 2008 as a result of an increase of \$10,052,000 which affected tax expense, foreign exchange rate changes of (\$3,343,000) and an increase of \$282,000, which affected other comprehensive income.

The Company believes that the net deferred income tax assets will be realized based upon its budgeted pre-tax earnings, adjusted for significant items such as non-recurring charges, and the recognition of taxable income for the reversal of deferred tax liabilities in the same future period.

As of December 31, 2008, the Company's income tax returns for the period September 18, 2008 through December 31, 2008 as well as the periods July 21, 2005 through September 17, 2008, while the Company was included in the consolidated income tax returns of DHC, remain subject to examination by the IRS.

Upon adoption of FIN 48 on January 1, 2007, the Company reversed \$255,000 of tax liabilities included in its December 31, 2006 consolidated balance sheet with a corresponding decrease to accumulated deficit. A

ASCENT MEDIA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

reconciliation of the beginning and ending amount of unrecognized tax benefits, which is recorded in income taxes receivable, for the year ended December 31, 2008 is as follows:

	2008 Amounts in thousands
Balance at January 1, 2008	\$ 932
Reductions for tax positions of prior years	(456)
Foreign currency exchange adjustments	(63)
Other	(21)
Balance at December 31, 2008	\$ 392

The Company expects to settle approximately \$300,000 of the uncertain tax position during 2009, which will not materially impact its effective tax rate.

In connection with its adoption of FIN 48, Liberty recorded reserves for tax positions related to periods in which the Company filed as part of Liberty's consolidated federal income tax return. As a result, the amount of net operating losses allocated to the Company by Liberty was reduced and the Company recorded a decrease to its deferred tax assets at December 31, 2006 of \$551,000 with a corresponding increase to accumulated deficit. During 2008, Liberty finalized its examination with the IRS with no further adjustments to the allocated net operating loss. Accordingly, the Company has adjusted its deferred tax assets to reflect the final net operating loss allocation.

When the tax law requires interest to be paid on an underpayment of income taxes, the Company recognizes interest expense from the first period the interest would begin accruing according to the relevant tax law. Such interest expense is included in other income, net in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. Any accrual of penalties related to underpayment of income taxes on uncertain tax positions is included in Other income, net in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. As of December 31, 2008, accrued interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions were not significant.

During 2008, 2007 and 2006, the Company provided \$1,512,000, \$3,055,000 and (\$776,000), respectively, of United States tax expense (benefit) for future repatriation of cash from its Singapore operations. This charge represents undistributed earnings from Singapore not previously taxed in the United States that is anticipated to be repatriated. In addition, Ascent Media has received a benefit of \$2,501,000 of foreign tax credits from its Singapore operations, now available for use in 2008 and future years by Ascent Media.

The Company permanently reinvests excess cash from its United Kingdom operations. However, there were no undistributed earnings from the United Kingdom operations as of December 31, 2008.

(11) Stock-based and Long-Term Compensation

2006 Ascent Media Group Long-Term Incentive Plan

AMG has made awards to certain employees under its 2006 Long-Term Incentive Plan, as amended, (the "2006 Plan"). The 2006 Plan provides the terms and conditions for the grant of, and payment with respect to, Phantom Appreciation Rights ("PARs") granted to certain officers and other key personnel of AMG and its subsidiaries. The value of a single PAR ("PAR Value") is equal to the positive amount (if any) by which (a) the sum of (i) 6% of cumulative free cash flow (as defined in the 2006 Plan) over a period of up to six years, divided by 500,000; plus (ii) the calculated value of AMG, based on a formula set forth in the 2006 Plan, divided by 10,000,000; exceeds (b) a baseline value determined at the time of grant. The 2006 Plan is administered by a committee whose members are designated by our board of directors. Grants are determined by the committee, with the first grant occurring on August 3, 2006. The maximum number of PARs that may be granted under the 2006 Plan is 500,000, and there were 388,500 PARs granted as of December 31, 2008. The PARs vest quarterly over a three year period beginning on the grant date, and vested PARs are payable on March 31, 2012 (or, if earlier, on the six-

ASCENT MEDIA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

month anniversary of a grantee's termination of employment for any reason other than cause) in either cash or stock at the committee's discretion. AMG records a liability and a charge to expense based on the PAR Value and percent vested at each reporting period.

Prior to the most recent amendment of the 2006 Plan, the calculated value and free cash flow of AccentHealth were included in determining the PAR value. Effective September 9, 2008, the 2006 Plan was amended to reflect the sale of AccentHealth. As a result of the amendment, AMG or one of its subsidiaries will make cash distributions to each grantee who held PARs on the date of the AccentHealth sale, in an aggregate amount for each grantee representative of the increase in PAR Value related to AccentHealth from the date of grant of PARs to such grantee through the date of sale. These cash distributions will be made over a three year period, beginning in February 2009, with the majority of grantees receiving their entire distribution in 2009. AMG recorded a liability and a charge to selling, general and administrative expense of \$3,523,000 for such distribution.

Ascent Media Corporation 2008 Incentive Plan

The Ascent Media Corporation 2008 Incentive Plan (the "2008 incentive plan") was adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company on September 15, 2008. The 2008 incentive plan is designed to provide additional compensation to certain employees and independent contractors for services rendered, to encourage their investment in Ascent Media's capital stock and to attract persons of exceptional ability to become officers and employees. The number of individuals who receive awards under the 2008 incentive plan will vary from year to year and is not predictable. Awards may be granted as non-qualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted shares, stock units, cash awards, performance awards or any combination of the foregoing (collectively, "awards"). The maximum number of shares of Ascent Media's common stock with respect to which awards may be granted under the 2008 incentive plan is 2,000,000, subject to anti-dilution and other adjustment provisions of the incentive plan. The base or exercise price of a stock option or stock appreciation right may not be less than fair market value on the day it is granted.

Ascent Media Corporation 2008 Non-Employee Director Incentive Plan

The Ascent Media Corporation 2008 Non-Employee Director Incentive Plan (the "2008 director incentive plan") was adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company on September 15, 2008. The 2008 director incentive plan is designed to provide additional compensation to the non-employee Board of Director members for services rendered and to encourage their investment in Ascent Media's capital stock. Awards may be granted as non-qualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted shares, stock units, cash awards, performance awards or any combination of the foregoing (collectively, "awards"). The maximum number of shares of Ascent Media's common stock with respect to which awards may be granted under the 2008 director incentive plan is 500,000, subject to anti-dilution and other adjustment provisions of the incentive plan. The base or exercise price of a stock option or stock appreciation right may not be less than fair market value on the day it is granted.

Other

As of the Spin Off Date, DHC stock options held by an officer and director of DHC, who is currently a director of DHC's successor, were converted into options to purchase shares of the applicable series of Ascent Media common stock and options to purchase shares of the applicable series of common stock of DHC's successor. In accordance with the conversion calculation, the holder received 11,722 Ascent Media Series A options with exercise prices ranging from \$15.21 to \$29.42 and 76,210 Ascent Media Series B options with an exercise price of \$25.29. In accordance with the terms of the original DHC option and the conversion, the holder may elect, at the exercise date, to convert the Series B options into 93,115 Series A options with an exercise price of \$22.53. All of these options are fully vested. The Ascent Media Series B options (and the Ascent Media Series A options into which such Series B options may be converted) expire in 3 years. The remainder of the Ascent Media Series A options expire in 5 to 9 years.

ASCENT MEDIA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

Stock-based Awards

Under the terms of the 2008 director incentive plan discussed above, in November 2008 each of the non-employee directors of Ascent Media was granted 11,030 options to purchase Ascent Media Series A common stock with an exercise price of \$21.81. Such options vest quarterly over two years from the date of grant, terminate 10 years from the date of grant and had a grant-date fair value of \$10.50 per share, as determined using the Black-Scholes Model. In addition, the non-employee directors were each granted 1,146 restricted stock awards that also vest quarterly over two years. The restricted stock had a fair value of \$21.81 which was the closing price of the Ascent Media Series A common stock on the date of grant.

Under the terms of the 2008 incentive plan discussed above, during the fourth quarter, two employee officers were granted a total of 468,858 options to purchase Ascent Media Series A common stock with a weighted average exercise price of \$22.16 per share. Such options vest quarterly over five years from the date of the Ascent Media Spin Off, terminate 10 years from the date of the Ascent Media Spin Off and had a weighted-average grant date fair value of \$11.14, as determined using the Black-Scholes Model. In addition, the officers were granted a total of 126,243 restricted stock awards that vest quarterly over four years. The restricted stock had a weighted-average fair value of \$22.16 which was equal to the closing price of the Ascent Media Series A common stock on the dates of grant.

For the 2008 stock grants, the weighted average grant date assumptions used for the Black-Scholes Model were a volatility factor of 50%, a risk-free interest rate of 2.44%, an expected life of 5.9 years and a dividend yield of zero.

The following table presents the number and weighted average exercise price (“WAEP”) of options to purchase Ascent Media Series A and Series B common stock.

	<u>Series A</u> <u>Common Stock</u>	<u>WAEP</u>	<u>Series B</u> <u>Common Stock</u>	<u>WAEP</u>
Outstanding at January 1, 2008	—		—	
Grants	513,670	\$22.01	76,210	\$25.29
Outstanding at December 31, 2008	<u>513,670</u>	<u>\$22.01</u>	<u>76,210</u>	<u>\$25.29</u>
Exercisable at December 31, 2008	<u>41,026</u>	<u>\$20.57</u>	<u>76,210</u>	<u>\$25.29</u>

As of December 31, 2008, the total compensation cost related to unvested equity awards was approximately \$8,099,000. Such amount will be recognized in the consolidated statements of operations over a weighted average period of approximately 4.75 years. The intrinsic value of outstanding and exercisable stock options awards at December 31, 2008 was not material and the weighted average remaining contractual life of both exercisable and outstanding awards at December 31, 2008 was 9.75 years.

(12) Stockholders’ Equity

Preferred Stock

The Company’s preferred stock is issuable, from time to time, with such designations, preferences and relative participating, optional or other rights, qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof, as shall be stated and expressed in a resolution or resolutions providing for the issue of such preferred stock adopted by Ascent Media’s Board of Directors. As of December 31, 2008, no shares of preferred stock were issued.

Common Stock

Holder of Ascent Media Series A common stock are entitled to one vote for each share held, and holders of Ascent Media Series B common stock are entitled to 10 votes for each share held. Holders of Ascent Media Series C

ASCENT MEDIA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

common stock are not entitled to any voting powers, except as required by Delaware law. As of December 31, 2008, 13,409,776 shares of Series A common stock was outstanding, which was comprised of 13,401,886 shares issued as part of the Ascent Media Spin Off and 7,890 shares of restricted stock that was vested during the year. As of December 31, 2008, 659,732 shares of Series B common stock was outstanding, which was all issued as part of the Ascent Media Spin Off. Each share of the Series B common stock is convertible, at the option of the holder, into one share of Series A common stock. As of December 31, 2008, no shares of Ascent Media Series C common stock were issued.

As of December 31, 2008, there were 513,670 shares of Ascent Media Series A common stock and 76,210 shares of Ascent Media Series B common stock reserved for issuance under exercise privileges of outstanding stock options. The holder of the Series B options may elect to instead exercise his options for 93,115 shares of Ascent Media Series A common stock, which shares are not included in the Series A reserve described above.

Other Comprehensive Earnings (Loss)

Accumulated other comprehensive earnings (loss) included in the consolidated balance sheets and consolidated statement of stockholders' equity reflect the aggregate of foreign currency translation adjustments and pension adjustments.

The change in the components of accumulated other comprehensive earnings (loss), net of taxes, is summarized as follows:

	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments(a)	Pension Adjustments(b)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Earnings (Loss), Net of Taxes
	Amounts in thousands		
Balance at December 31, 2005	\$ (3,161)	(1,656)	(4,817)
Other comprehensive earnings	13,448	—	13,448
Balance at December 31, 2006	10,287	(1,656)	8,631
Other comprehensive earnings	2,337	(255)	2,082
Balance at December 31, 2007	12,624	(1,911)	10,713
Other comprehensive loss	(18,603)	(63)	(18,666)
Balance at December 31, 2008	<u>\$ (5,979)</u>	<u>(1,974)</u>	<u>(7,953)</u>

(a) No income taxes were recorded on foreign currency translation amounts for 2008, 2007 and 2006.

(b) No income taxes were recorded on the pension adjustment amounts for 2008, 2007 and 2006.

(13) Employee Benefit Plans

Defined Contribution Plan

AMG offers a 401(k) defined contribution plan covering most of its full-time domestic employees. AMG also sponsors a pension plan for eligible employees of its foreign subsidiaries. Employer contributions, which are discretionary, are determined by Ascent Media's board of directors. The plans are funded by employee and employer contributions. Total combined 401(k) plan and pension plan expenses for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$4,328,000, \$4,645,000 and \$4,203,000, respectively.

ASCENT MEDIA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

Management Incentive Plan

AMG offers a Management Incentive Plan (“MIP”) which provides for annual cash incentive awards based on company and individual performance. Certain executive officers and certain employees with a title of divisional managing director, corporate director or higher are eligible to receive awards under the MIP, as determined by a management incentive plan compensation committee. To the extent an award is earned, it is payable no later than two and one-half months following the end of the applicable plan year. Participants must be employed by AMG through the payment date to be eligible to receive the award. The forecasted award liability is accrued on a monthly basis throughout the plan year. For the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, total MIP expense was \$2,567,000, \$2,650,000 and \$1,633,000, respectively. The MIP liability at December 31, 2008 and 2007 was equivalent to the expense for the respective year.

Defined Benefit Plans

AMG has two defined benefit plans in the United Kingdom. Participation in the defined benefit plans is limited with approximately 143 participants, including retired employees.

AMG uses a measurement date of December 31 for its defined benefit pension plans.

The obligations and funded status of the defined benefit plans for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

	Years Ended	
	2008	2007
	Amounts in thousands	
Change in Benefit Obligation:		
Benefit Obligation — beginning of year	\$11,385	10,648
Service cost	91	106
Interest cost	475	545
Actuarial (gain) loss	(802)	519
Plan amendments	114	—
Settlements	(272)	(80)
Benefits paid	(421)	(591)
Member contributions	22	30
Foreign currency exchange rate changes	(3,132)	208
Benefit Obligation — end of year	<u>7,460</u>	<u>11,385</u>
Change in Plan Assets:		
Fair Value of plan assets — beginning of year	9,124	8,673
Actual return on assets	(466)	360
Settlements	(314)	(144)
Employer contributions	780	627
Member contributions	22	30
Benefits paid	(421)	(591)
Foreign currency exchange rate changes	(2,510)	169
Fair Value of plan assets — end of year	<u>6,215</u>	<u>9,124</u>
Unfunded Status	<u><u>\$ (1,245)</u></u>	<u><u>(2,261)</u></u>

ASCENT MEDIA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

AMG had recorded the entire unfunded balance in the table above for each year in the other liability account on the consolidated balance sheet. The projected benefit obligation and accumulated benefit obligation at December 31, 2008 and 2007 are equal to the “Benefit obligation — end of year” amount in the table above. The accumulated other comprehensive income balance at December 31, 2008 and 2007, included pension adjustments of \$(1,974,000) and \$(1,911,000), respectively.

The following table sets forth the average assumptions and the asset category allocations of the defined benefit plans for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007.

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
Assumptions:		
Discount rate	6.25%	5.85%
Long-term return on plan assets	4.83%	5.34%
Price inflation	3.00%	3.45%
Asset Category Allocations:		
Debt securities	49%	51%
Equity securities	29%	29%
Other	22%	20%

The amount of pension cost recognized for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were as follows:

	<u>Year Ended December 30,</u>		
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
	<u>Amounts in thousands</u>		
Service cost	\$ 104	107	108
Interest cost	540	551	527
Expected return on plan assets	(419)	(474)	(443)
Amortization of net loss	130	75	145
Recognized transitional liability	—	133	129
Settlement loss	—	65	20
	<u>\$ 355</u>	<u>457</u>	<u>486</u>

The estimated future benefit payments as of December 31, 2008 are as follows:

<u>Year Ended December 31:</u>	
2009	\$ 191
2010	\$ 340
2011	\$ 375
2012	\$ 142
2013	\$ 502
Thereafter	\$1,480

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

(14) Commitments and Contingencies

Future minimum lease payments under scheduled operating leases, which are primarily for buildings, equipment and real estate, having initial or remaining noncancelable terms in excess of one year are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ended December 31:

2009	\$25,063
2010	\$24,263
2011	\$20,104
2012	\$15,633
2013	\$11,135
Thereafter	\$47,577

Rent expense for noncancelable operating leases for real property and equipment was \$25,975,000, \$22,988,000 and \$21,812,000 for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Various lease arrangements contain options to extend terms and are subject to escalation clauses.

On December 31, 2003, Ascent Media acquired the operations of Sony Electronics' systems integration center business and related assets, which is referred to as SIC. In the exchange, Sony received the right to be paid by the end of 2008 an amount equal to 20% of the value of the combined business of Ascent Media's wholly owned subsidiary, AF Associates, Inc. ("AF Associates"), and SIC. The value of 20% of the combined business of AF Associates and SIC is estimated at \$6,100,000. On July 30, 2008, Ascent Media and Sony Electronics entered in to an amended agreement which required Ascent Media to immediately pay \$1,874,000 to Sony Electronics as a partial payment of the 20% of value, but delayed any further payments until a date no earlier than December 31, 2012. As a result of this amended agreement and payment to Sony Electronics, the estimated remaining liability was reduced from \$6,100,000 to \$4,226,000, and such amount is included in other liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet. The combined business of AF Associates and SIC is included in the Content Services group.

The Company is involved in litigation and similar claims incidental to the conduct of its business. In management's opinion, none of the pending actions is likely to have a material adverse impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

(15) Related Party Transactions

Ascent Media provides services, such as satellite uplink, systems integration, origination, and post-production, to Discovery, an affiliate of DHC. Ascent Media, previously a wholly-owned subsidiary of DHC, and Discovery, previously an equity investment of DHC, were related parties through the Spin Off Date. Revenue recorded by Ascent Media for these services in 2008 through the Spin Off Date and for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 aggregated \$24,727,000, \$41,216,000 and \$33,741,000, respectively. Ascent Media continues to provide services to Discovery subsequent to the Spin Off Date that are believed to be at arms-length rates.

(16) Information About Reportable Segments

Ascent Media's chief operating decision maker, or his designee (the "CODM"), has identified Ascent Media's reportable segments based on (i) financial information reviewed by the CODM and (ii) those operating segments that represent more than 10% of the Ascent Media's consolidated revenue or earnings before taxes. Based on the foregoing criteria, Ascent Media's business units have been aggregated into two reportable segments: the Content Services group and the Creative Services group.

In the quarter ended December 31, 2008, Ascent Media changed its alignment of reportable segments. As a result, Ascent Media is organized into two operating groups: businesses that provide content services and

ASCENT MEDIA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

businesses that provide creative services. The content services businesses will provide fully integrated content delivery solutions and services to its customers. The creative services businesses will focus on providing post-production services to the television and movie industry. Segment information for prior periods has been revised to retrospectively reflect Ascent Media's current segment reporting structure. The change to segment reporting has no effect on reported net income.

The Content services group provides a full complement of facilities and services necessary to optimize, archive, manage, and reformat and repurpose completed media assets for global distribution via freight, satellite, fiber and the Internet, as well as the facilities, technical infrastructure, and operating staff necessary to assemble programming content for cable and broadcast networks and distributed media signals via satellite and terrestrial networks. The Creative Services group provides various technical and creative services necessary to complete principal photography into final products, such as feature films, movie trailers and TV spots, documentaries, independent films, scripted and reality television, TV movies and mini-series, television commercials, internet and new media advertising, music videos, interactive games and new digital media, promotional and identity campaigns and corporate communications. These services are referred to generally in the entertainment industry as "post-production" services.

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies and are consistent with GAAP.

Ascent Media evaluates the performance of these operating segments based on financial measures such as revenue and adjusted operating income before depreciation and amortization ("adjusted OIBDA"). Ascent Media defines adjusted OIBDA as revenue less cost of services and selling, general and administrative expenses (excluding stock and other equity-based compensation and accretion expense on asset retirement obligations) determined in each case for the relevant operating segment only. Ascent Media believes this is an important indicator of the operational strength and performance of its businesses, including the businesses' ability to service debt and capital expenditures. In addition, this measure is used by management to evaluate operating results and perform analytical comparisons and identify strategies to improve performance. This measure of performance excludes depreciation and amortization, stock and other equity-based compensation, accretion expense on asset retirement obligations and restructuring and impairment charges, gains on sale of operating assets and other income that are included in the measurement of earnings (loss) before income taxes pursuant to GAAP. Accordingly, adjusted OIBDA should be considered in addition to, but not as a substitute for, earnings (loss) before income taxes, cash flow provided by operating activities and other measures of financial performance prepared in accordance with GAAP. Because segment adjusted OIBDA excludes corporate and other SG&A (as defined below), and does not include an allocation for corporate overhead, segment adjusted OIBDA should not be used as an indication of the operating results that could be expected if either operating segment were operated on a stand-alone basis.

Ascent Media's reportable segments are strategic business units that offer different products and services. They are managed separately because each segment requires different technologies, distribution channels and marketing strategies.

ASCENT MEDIA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

Summarized financial information concerning the reportable segments is presented in the following tables:

	<u>Reportable Segments</u>		<u>Total</u>	<u>Other(1)</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>Content Services Group</u>	<u>Creative Services Group</u>			
Amounts in thousands					
Year ended December 31, 2008					
Revenue from external customers	\$430,648	169,965	600,613	—	600,613
Adjusted OIBDA	\$ 47,169	22,480	69,649	(27,617)	42,032
Capital expenditures	\$ 24,420	9,903	34,323	4,749	39,072
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 41,819	12,226	54,045	5,721	59,766
Total assets	\$236,452	98,587	335,039	410,265	745,304
Year ended December 31, 2007					
Revenue from external customers	\$404,043	185,352	589,395	—	589,395
Adjusted OIBDA	\$ 45,560	35,529	81,089	(22,565)	58,524
Capital expenditures	\$ 30,101	8,965	39,066	3,832	42,898
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 41,988	14,873	56,861	6,007	62,868
Total assets	\$331,931	207,707	539,638	291,348	830,986
Year ended December 31, 2006					
Revenue from external customers	\$386,984	184,139	571,123	—	571,123
Adjusted OIBDA	\$ 39,066	40,830	79,896	(26,420)	53,476
Capital expenditures	\$ 52,948	12,864	65,812	6,084	71,896
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 35,726	20,010	55,736	6,359	62,095
Total assets	\$480,225	233,412	713,637	239,282	952,919

- (1) Amounts shown in Other provide a reconciliation of total reportable segments to the Company's consolidated total. Included in other is (i) corporate SG&A expenses and capital expenditures incurred at a corporate level and (ii) assets held at a corporate level mainly comprised of all cash and cash equivalents, investments in marketable securities and deferred income tax assets.

The following table provides a reconciliation of consolidated segment adjusted OIBDA to loss from continuing operations before income taxes.

	<u>Year Ended December 31,</u>		
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Amounts in thousands			
Total segment adjusted OIBDA	\$ 69,649	81,089	79,896
Corporate selling, general and administrative expenses	(27,617)	(22,565)	(26,420)
Stock-based and long-term incentive compensation	(3,531)	(262)	(934)
Accretion expense on asset retirement obligations	(296)	(296)	(673)
Restructuring and other charges	(8,801)	(761)	(10,832)
Depreciation and amortization	(59,766)	(62,868)	(62,095)
Gain on sale of operating assets, net	9,038	463	2,007
Impairment of goodwill	(95,069)	(165,347)	(93,402)
Other income, net	7,583	9,253	9,815
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	<u>\$(108,810)</u>	<u>(161,294)</u>	<u>(102,638)</u>

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

Information as to the operations in different geographic areas is as follows:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
Amounts in thousands			
Revenue			
United States	\$454,456	443,775	418,828
United Kingdom	123,477	120,821	129,540
Other countries	22,680	24,799	22,755
	<u>\$600,613</u>	<u>589,395</u>	<u>571,123</u>
Property and equipment, net			
United States	\$165,008	167,583	
United Kingdom	41,227	68,548	
Other countries	17,693	22,895	
	<u>\$223,928</u>	<u>259,026</u>	

(17) Quarterly Financial Information (Unaudited)

	1st	2nd	3rd	4th
	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
Amounts in thousands, except per share amounts				
2008:				
Revenue	\$163,035	163,421	146,146	128,011
Operating income (loss)	\$ (4,711)	(2,457)	(4,412)	(104,813)
Net earnings (loss)	\$ (4,515)	(1,543)	39,328	(97,889)
Basic and diluted net earnings (loss) per common share	\$ (0.32)	(0.11)	2.80	(6.96)
2007:				
Revenue	\$142,923	145,255	152,287	148,930
Operating loss	\$ (2,669)	(5,298)	(613)	(161,967)
Net earnings (loss)	\$ (978)	(5,007)	1,643	(127,989)
Basic and diluted net earnings (loss) per common share	\$ (0.07)	(0.36)	0.12	(9.10)

PART III.

The following required information is incorporated by reference to our definitive proxy statement for our 2009 Annual Meeting of Stockholders presently scheduled to be held in the second quarter of 2009:

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES

We will file our definitive proxy statement for our 2009 Annual Meeting of stockholders with the Securities and Exchange Commission on or before April 30, 2009.

PART IV.

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

(a) (1) *Financial Statements*

Included in Part II of this Annual Report:

Ascent Media Corporation:

	Page No.
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	36
Consolidated Balance Sheets, December 31, 2008 and 2007	37
Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss, Years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006	38
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006	39
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity, Years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006	40
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006	41

(a) (2) *Financial Statement Schedules*

(i) All schedules have been omitted because they are not applicable, not material or the required information is set forth in the financial statements or notes thereto.

(a) (3) *Exhibits*

Listed below are the exhibits which are filed as a part of this Report (according to the number assigned to them in Item 601 of Regulation S-K):

- 2.1 Reorganization Agreement, dated as of June 4, 2008, among Discovery Holding Company, Discovery Communications, Inc., Ascent Media Corporation, Ascent Media Group, LLC, and Ascent Media Creative Sound Services, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to Ascent Media Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 (File No. 000-53280), filed with the Commission on June 13, 2008).
- 2.2 Purchase Agreement, dated as of August 8, 2008, by and among Ascent Media Corporation, Ascent Media CANS, LLC and AccentHealth Holdings, LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.2 to Amendment No. 3 to Ascent Media Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 (File No. 000-53280), filed with the Commission on August 12, 2008).

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- 3.1 Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Ascent Media Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Ascent Media Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 (File No. 000-53280), filed with the Commission on June 13, 2008).
- 3.2 Bylaws of Ascent Media Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to Ascent Media Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 (File No. 000-53280), filed with the Commission on June 13, 2008).
- 4.1 Specimen Certificate for shares of Series A common stock, par value \$.01 per share, of Ascent Media Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Ascent Media Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 (File No. 000-53280), filed with the Commission on June 13, 2008).
- 4.2 Specimen Certificate for shares of Series B common stock, par value \$.01 per share, of Ascent Media Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to Ascent Media Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 (File No. 000-53280), filed with the Commission on June 13, 2008).
- 4.3 Rights Agreement between Ascent Media Corporation and Computershare Trust Company, N.A. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to Amendment No. 1 to Ascent Media Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 (File No. 000-53280), filed with the Commission on July 23, 2008).
- 10.1 Services Agreement, dated September 16, 2008, between Ascent Media Group, LLC and CSS Studios, LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Amendment No. 8 to Ascent Media Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 (File No. 001-34176), filed with the Commission on September 17, 2008).
- 10.2 Tax Sharing Agreement, dated as of September 17, 2008, by and among Discovery Holding Company, Discovery Communications, Inc., Ascent Media Corporation, Ascent Media Group, LLC and CSS Studios, LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Amendment No. 8 to Ascent Media Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 (File No. 001-34176), filed with the Commission on September 17, 2008).
- 10.3 Ascent Media Group, LLC 2006 Long-Term Incentive Plan (As Amended and Restated Effective September 9, 2008) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Amendment No. 7 to Ascent Media Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 (File No. 000-53280), filed with the Commission on September 10, 2008).
- 10.4 Ascent Media Group, LLC 2007 Management Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to Amendment No. 1 to Ascent Media Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed with the Commission on July 23, 2008).
- 10.5 Ascent Media Corporation 2008 Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.4 to Ascent Media Corporation's Registration Statement on Form S-8 (File No. 333-156231), filed with the Commission on December 17, 2008).
- 10.6 Services Agreement, dated as of July 21, 2005, by and between Discovery Holding Company and Liberty Media Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Discovery Holding Company filed on August 10, 2005).
- 10.7 Form of Indemnification Agreement between the Registrant and its Directors and Executive Officers (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to Amendment No. 1 to Ascent Media Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 (File No. 000-53280), filed with the Commission on July 23, 2008).
- 10.8 Employment Agreement, dated as of September 1, 2006, by and between Ascent Media Group, LLC and William E. Niles (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 to Amendment No. 1 to Ascent Media Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 (File No. 000-53280), filed with the Commission on July 23, 2008).
- 10.9 Employment Agreement, dated as of September 1, 2006, by and between Ascent Media Group, LLC and George C. Platisa (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 to Amendment No. 1 to Ascent Media Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 (File No. 000-53280), filed with the Commission on July 23, 2008).
- 10.10 Employment Agreement, dated as of September 1, 2006, by and between Ascent Media Group, LLC and Jose A. Royo (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 to Amendment No. 1 to Ascent Media Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 (File No. 000-53280), filed with the Commission on July 23, 2008).

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- 10.12 Employment Agreement, dated as of February 11, 2008, by and between Ascent Media Group, LLC and Jose A. Royo (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.12 to Amendment No. 1 to Ascent Media Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 (File No. 000-53280), filed with the Commission on July 23, 2008).
- 10.13 Ascent Media Corporation 2008 Non-Employee Director Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.13 to Amendment No. 8 to Ascent Media Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 (File No. 001-34176), filed with the Commission on September 17, 2008).
- 10.14 Amendment, dated December 31, 2008, to Employment Agreement, dated as of September 1, 2006, by and between Ascent Media Group, LLC and William E. Niles.*
- 10.15 Amendment, dated December 31, 2008, to Employment Agreement, dated as of September 1, 2006, by and between Ascent Media Group, LLC and George C. Platisa.*
- 10.16 Employment Agreement, dated February 9, 2009, by and between Ascent Media Corporation and William R. Fitzgerald.*
- 21 List of Subsidiaries of Ascent Media Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 21 to Amendment No. 3 to Ascent Media Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 (File No. 000-53280), filed with the Commission on August 12, 2008).
- 23 Consent of KPMG LLP.*
- 24 Power of Attorney dated March 31, 2009.*
- 31.1 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification.*
- 31.2 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification.*
- 31.3 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification.*
- 32 Section 1350 Certification.*

* Filed herewith.

EXHIBIT INDEX

Listed below are the exhibits which are filed as a part of this Report (according to the number assigned to them in Item 601 of Regulation S-K):

- 2.3 Reorganization Agreement, dated as of June 4, 2008, among Discovery Holding Company, Discovery Communications, Inc., Ascent Media Corporation, Ascent Media Group, LLC, and Ascent Media Creative Sound Services, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to Ascent Media Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 (File No. 000-53280), filed with the Commission on June 13, 2008).
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 - 10.18 Tax Sharing Agreement, dated as of September 17, 2008, by and among Discovery Holding Company, Discovery Communications, Inc., Ascent Media Corporation, Ascent Media Group, LLC and CSS Studios, LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Amendment No. 8 to Ascent Media Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 (File No. 001-34176), filed with the Commission on September 17, 2008).
 - 10.19 Ascent Media Group, LLC 2006 Long-Term Incentive Plan (As Amended and Restated Effective September 9, 2008) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Amendment No. 7 to Ascent Media Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 (File No. 000-53280), filed with the Commission on September 10, 2008).
 - 10.20 Ascent Media Group, LLC 2007 Management Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to Amendment No. 1 to Ascent Media Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 (File No. 000-53280), filed with the Commission on July 23, 2008).
 - 10.21 Ascent Media Corporation 2008 Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.4 to Ascent Media Corporation's Registration Statement on Form S-8 (File No. 333-156231), filed with the Commission on December 17, 2008).
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- 10.26 Employment Agreement, dated as of September 1, 2006, by and between Ascent Media Group, LLC and Jose A. Royo (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 to Amendment No. 1 to Ascent Media Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 (File No. 000-53280), filed with the Commission on July 23, 2008).
- 10.27 Amendment, dated as of July 17, 2007, to Employment Agreement, dated as of September 1, 2006, by and between Ascent Media Group, LLC and Jose A. Royo (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 to Amendment No. 1 to Ascent Media Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 (File No. 000-53280), filed with the Commission on July 23, 2008).
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- 31.2 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification.*
- 31.3 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification.*
- 32 Section 1350 Certification.*

* Filed herewith.

AMENDMENT TO EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

This Amendment to Employment Agreement (the "Amendment") is made as of December 31, 2008, to be effective as of January 1, 2009, by and between Ascent Media Group, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Company"), and William E. Niles (the "Executive").

Recitals

The Company and Executive are parties to an Employment Agreement dated as of September 1, 2006 (the "Original Agreement"). The Company and Executive desire to amend the Original Agreement as set forth herein.

Agreement

In consideration of the mutual covenants set forth in this Amendment and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are acknowledged, the parties, intending to be legally bound, agree as follows:

1. The final sentence of the first paragraph of Section 4.2 of the Original Agreement is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

"Subject to Section 4.6 and 4.10, (i) any Severance Payment to which Executive becomes entitled shall be payable in a lump sum on the sixtieth (60th) day following the date of termination of Executive's employment (or, if such day is not a business day, on the first business day thereafter), (ii) any Prorated Bonus shall be paid on April 15th of the year following the year in which the date of termination occurs (or, if such April 15th is not a business day, on the first business day thereafter), and (iii) any Award payable pursuant to the terms of Section 4.2 (d) shall be payable on the Payment Date (as defined in the MIP) relating to such Award (which shall in no event be later than December 31st of the calendar year in which termination occurs)."

2. Section 4.4(c) of the Original Agreement is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

"(c) an amount equal to Executive's monthly Base Salary in effect on such termination date for the lesser of (i) six (6) months or (ii) the remainder of the Term, payable in a single lump sum on the sixtieth (60th) business day following the termination date."

3. The second sentence of the second paragraph of Section 4.6 of the Original Agreement is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

"Executive shall have a period of twenty-one (21) days (or, if required by applicable law, a period of forty-five (45) days) after the effective date of termination of this Agreement (the "Consideration Period") in which to execute and return the original, signed Release to the Company."

4. The definition of “DHC” in Section 4.9 of the Original Agreement is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

“AMC” means Ascent Media Corporation, a Delaware corporation, and any successor (by merger, consolidation, transfer or otherwise) to all or substantially all of its assets; provided, that if a Transferee Parent becomes the beneficial owner of all or substantially all of the equity securities of the Company then beneficially owned by AMC as to which AMC has dispositive power, the term “AMC” shall also mean such Transferee Parent and any successor (by merger, consolidation, transfer or otherwise) to all or substantially all of its assets. “Transferee Parent” for this purpose means, in the event of any transaction or series of related transactions involving the direct or indirect transfer (or relinquishment of control) by AMC of any Person (a “Transferred Person”) that holds equity securities of the Company beneficially owned by AMC, such Transferred Person or its successor in such transaction or any ultimate parent entity (within the meaning of the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended) of such Transferred Person or its successor if immediately after giving effect to such transaction or the last transaction in such series, Voting Securities representing at least a majority of the voting power of the outstanding Voting Securities of such Transferred Person, successor or ultimate parent entity are beneficially owned by any combination of AMC, Persons who immediately prior to such transaction were beneficial owners of a majority of, or a majority of the voting power of, the outstanding Voting Securities of AMC (or of any publicly traded class or series of Voting Securities of AMC designed to track the economic performance of a specified group of assets or businesses).”

Any reference in the Original Agreement to “DHC” is hereafter deemed to refer to “AMC.”

5. Section 4.10 of the Original Agreement is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

“4.10 Timing of Payments Under Certain Circumstances. With respect to any amount that becomes payable to Executive under this Agreement upon Executive’s Separation from Service (as defined below) for any reason, the provisions of this Section 4.10 will apply, notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement to the contrary. If the Company determines in good faith that Executive is a “specified employee” within the meaning of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code, any Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder and any guidance issued by the Internal Revenue Service relating thereto (collectively, “Code Section 409A”), then to the extent required under Code Section 409A, payment of any amount that becomes payable to Executive upon Separation from Service (other than by reason of the death of Executive) and that otherwise would be payable during the six-month period following Executive’s Separation from Service shall be suspended until the lapse of such six-month period (or, if earlier, the date of Executive’s death). A “Separation from Service” of Executive means Executive’s separation from service, as defined in Code Section 409A, with the Company and all other entities with which the Company would be considered a

single employer under Internal Revenue Code Section 414(b) or (c), applying the 80% threshold used in such Internal Revenue Code Sections or any Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder. Any payment suspended as provided in this Section 4.10, unadjusted for interest on such suspended payment, shall be paid to Executive in a single payment on the first business day following the end of such six-month period or within 30 days following the death of Executive, as applicable, provided that the death of Executive during such six-month period shall not cause the acceleration of any amount that otherwise would be payable on any date during such six-month period following the date of Executive's death."

6. A new Section 6.14 is added to the Original Agreement to read in its entirety as follows:

"6.14 Compliance with Section 409A The provisions of this Agreement are intended to satisfy the requirements of Code Section 409A and will be interpreted in a manner that is consistent with such intent. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Company and Executive agree that, to the extent any payments made upon Executive's termination of employment pursuant to Section 4.2 (including by reason of Section 4.3) or Section 4.4 that constitute deferred compensation subject to Code Section 409A, Executive's entitlement to such payments shall be conditioned upon Executive's termination of employment constituting a Separation from Service of Executive as defined in Section 4.10."

7. Except as amended by the preceding provisions of this Amendment, the Original Agreement shall remain in full force and effect according to its terms.

8. This Amendment will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of California, without reference to principles of conflict of laws.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Executive and the Company have executed this Amendment to Employment Agreement as of the day and year first above written.

/s/ William E. Niles

William E. Niles

ASCENT MEDIA GROUP, LLC

By: /s/ Jose A. Royo

Name: Jose A. Royo

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

AMENDMENT TO EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

This Amendment to Employment Agreement (the "Amendment") is made as of December 31, 2008, to be effective as of January 1, 2009, by and between Ascent Media Group, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Company"), and George C. Platasa (the "Executive").

Recitals

The Company and Executive are parties to an Employment Agreement dated as of September 1, 2006 (the "Original Agreement"). The Company and Executive desire to amend the Original Agreement as set forth herein.

Agreement

In consideration of the mutual covenants set forth in this Amendment and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are acknowledged, the parties, intending to be legally bound, agree as follows:

1. The final sentence of the first paragraph of Section 4.2 of the Original Agreement is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

"Subject to Section 4.6 and 4.10, (i) any Severance Payment to which Executive becomes entitled shall be payable in a lump sum on the sixtieth (60th) day following the date of termination of Executive's employment (or, if such day is not a business day, on the first business day thereafter), (ii) any Prorated Bonus shall be paid on April 15th of the year following the year in which the date of termination occurs (or, if such April 15th is not a business day, on the first business day thereafter), and (iii) any Award payable pursuant to the terms of Section 4.2 (d) shall be payable on the Payment Date (as defined in the MIP) relating to such Award (which shall in no event be later than December 31st of the calendar year in which termination occurs)."

2. Section 4.4(c) of the Original Agreement is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

3. "(c) an amount equal to Executive's monthly Base Salary in effect on such termination date for the lesser of (i) six (6) months or (ii) the remainder of the Term, payable in a single lump sum on the sixtieth (60th) business day following the termination date."

4. The second sentence of the second paragraph of Section 4.6 of the Original Agreement is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

"Executive shall have a period of twenty-one (21) days (or, if required by applicable law, a period of forty-five (45) days) after the effective date of termination of this Agreement (the "Consideration Period") in which to execute and return the original, signed Release to the Company."

5. The definition of “DHC” in Section 4.9 of the Original Agreement is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

“AMC” means Ascent Media Corporation, a Delaware corporation, and any successor (by merger, consolidation, transfer or otherwise) to all or substantially all of its assets; provided, that if a Transferee Parent becomes the beneficial owner of all or substantially all of the equity securities of the Company then beneficially owned by AMC as to which AMC has dispositive power, the term “AMC” shall also mean such Transferee Parent and any successor (by merger, consolidation, transfer or otherwise) to all or substantially all of its assets. “Transferee Parent” for this purpose means, in the event of any transaction or series of related transactions involving the direct or indirect transfer (or relinquishment of control) by AMC of any Person (a “Transferred Person”) that holds equity securities of the Company beneficially owned by AMC, such Transferred Person or its successor in such transaction or any ultimate parent entity (within the meaning of the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended) of such Transferred Person or its successor if immediately after giving effect to such transaction or the last transaction in such series, Voting Securities representing at least a majority of the voting power of the outstanding Voting Securities of such Transferred Person, successor or ultimate parent entity are beneficially owned by any combination of AMC, Persons who immediately prior to such transaction were beneficial owners of a majority of, or a majority of the voting power of, the outstanding Voting Securities of AMC (or of any publicly traded class or series of Voting Securities of AMC designed to track the economic performance of a specified group of assets or businesses).”

Any reference in the Original Agreement to “DHC” is hereafter deemed to refer to “AMC.”

6. Section 4.10 of the Original Agreement is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

“4.10 Timing of Payments Under Certain Circumstances. With respect to any amount that becomes payable to Executive under this Agreement upon Executive’s Separation from Service (as defined below) for any reason, the provisions of this Section 4.10 will apply, notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement to the contrary. If the Company determines in good faith that Executive is a “specified employee” within the meaning of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code, any Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder and any guidance issued by the Internal Revenue Service relating thereto (collectively, “Code Section 409A”), then to the extent required under Code Section 409A, payment of any amount that becomes payable to Executive upon Separation from Service (other than by reason of the death of Executive) and that otherwise would be payable during the six-month period following Executive’s Separation from Service shall be suspended until the lapse of such six-month period (or, if earlier, the date of Executive’s death). A “Separation from Service” of Executive means Executive’s separation from service, as defined in Code Section 409A, with the Company and all other entities with which the Company would be considered a

single employer under Internal Revenue Code Section 414(b) or (c), applying the 80% threshold used in such Internal Revenue Code Sections or any Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder. Any payment suspended as provided in this Section 4.10, unadjusted for interest on such suspended payment, shall be paid to Executive in a single payment on the first business day following the end of such six-month period or within 30 days following the death of Executive, as applicable, provided that the death of Executive during such six-month period shall not cause the acceleration of any amount that otherwise would be payable on any date during such six-month period following the date of Executive's death."

7. A new Section 6.14 is added to the Original Agreement to read in its entirety as follows:

"6.14 Compliance with Section 409A The provisions of this Agreement are intended to satisfy the requirements of Code Section 409A and will be interpreted in a manner that is consistent with such intent. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Company and Executive agree that, to the extent any payments made upon Executive's termination of employment pursuant to Section 4.2 (including by reason of Section 4.3) or Section 4.4 that constitute deferred compensation subject to Code Section 409A, Executive's entitlement to such payments shall be conditioned upon Executive's termination of employment constituting a Separation from Service of Executive as defined in Section 4.10."

8. Except as amended by the preceding provisions of this Amendment, the Original Agreement shall remain in full force and effect according to its terms.

9. This Amendment will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of California, without reference to principles of conflict of laws.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Executive and the Company have executed this Amendment to Employment Agreement as of the day and year first above written.

/s/ George C. Platisa
George C. Platisa

ASCENT MEDIA GROUP, LLC

By: /s/ William E. Niles
Name: William E. Niles
Title: Executive Vice President

EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

This Employment Agreement (the "Agreement"), dated as of February 9, 2009, is entered into by and between Ascent Media Corporation (the "Company"), and William R. Fitzgerald ("Executive").

INTRODUCTION

The Company, through its subsidiaries ("Affiliates"), is engaged in the business of providing technical and creative services to the entertainment industry. The Company desires to employ Executive, and Executive desires to accept such employment, under the terms and conditions set forth herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and mutual covenants herein contained and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto agree as follows:

ARTICLE I

EMPLOYMENT; TERM; DUTIES

1.1 Employment. Upon the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth, the Company hereby employs Executive, and Executive hereby accepts employment, as Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of the Company.

1.2 Term. Subject to Article IV below, Executive's employment hereunder shall be for a term of five years commencing effective as of September 17, 2008, and expiring at the close of business on September 16, 2013 (the "Term").

1.3 Duties. During the Term, Executive shall perform such executive duties for the Company and/or its Affiliates, consistent with his position hereunder. Executive shall devote such time as is necessary, but in no event less than 60% of his business time, attention and energies, to the performance of his duties hereunder. Executive shall use his best efforts to advance the interests and business of the Company and its Affiliates. Executive shall abide by all rules, regulations and policies of the Company as may be in effect from time to time. Notwithstanding the foregoing, during the Term Executive may continue to provide services to Liberty Media Corporation ("LMC") as an employee and/or officer of LMC, and Executive may act for his own account in passive-type investments as provided in Section 5.3, or as a member of boards of directors of other companies, where the time allocated for those activities does not materially interfere with or create a conflict of interest with the discharge of his duties for the Company.

1.4 Reporting. Executive shall report directly to the Board of Directors of the Company.

1.5 Location. Except for services rendered during business trips as may be reasonably necessary, for so long as Executive continues to render services to LMC, Executive shall render his

services under this Agreement primarily from the offices of LMC in Englewood, Colorado and periodically from the offices of the Company in Santa Monica, California. Executive shall not be required to relocate his principal residence from the Englewood, Colorado metropolitan area to the Santa Monica, California metropolitan area during the Term. The Company and Executive shall agree on a reasonable budget for Executive's travel between Englewood and Santa Monica as necessary for the conduct of the Company's business and the performance of Executive's duties hereunder

1.6 No Conflicting Agreement. Executive represents and warrants to the Company that there are no agreements or arrangements, whether written or oral, in effect which would prevent Executive from rendering his services to the Company during the Term in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement.

ARTICLE II

COMPENSATION

2.1 Compensation. For all services rendered by Executive hereunder and all covenants and conditions undertaken by him pursuant to this Agreement, the Company shall pay, and Executive shall accept, as full compensation, the amounts set forth in this Article II.

2.2 Base Salary. The base salary shall be an annual salary of \$426,000 (the "Base Salary"), payable by the Company in accordance with the Company's normal payroll practices. Beginning as of the first anniversary of the Commencement Date, the Base Salary shall be reviewed on an annual basis during the Term for increase in the sole discretion of the compensation committee (the "Committee") of the Board of Directors of the Company.

2.3 Bonus. For each fiscal year during the Term, in addition to the Base Salary, Executive shall be eligible for an annual bonus (the "Bonus") of between 75% (the "Minimum Target Bonus") and 150% of Executive's annual Base Salary. (The Company's fiscal year is currently January 1 through December 31 of each year.) Executive's entitlement to any Bonus will be determined by the Committee in its sole discretion, based upon the achievement of such criteria as the Committee may establish in its sole discretion. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to guarantee the payment of any Bonus to Executive. For the avoidance of doubt, any bonus for the 2008 fiscal year shall be prorated to reflect the period of time between the Commencement Date and December 31, 2008 (i.e., September 17, 2008 through December 31, 2008), as determined by the Committee in its sole discretion, based upon the achievement of such criteria as the Committee may establish in its sole discretion.

2.4 Tax Preparation Assistance. On the Company's last regularly scheduled payroll date in August of each calendar year beginning in 2009 and ending in the calendar year following the year in which the Term expires, the Company shall pay Executive an annual tax preparation assistance bonus of \$5,000.

2.5 Deductions. The Company shall deduct from the compensation described in Sections 2.2, 2.3 and 2.4, and from any other compensation payable pursuant to this Agreement, any federal, state or local withholding taxes, social security contributions and any other amounts which

may be required to be deducted or withheld by the Company pursuant to any federal, state or local laws, rules or regulations.

2.6 Disability Adjustment. Any compensation otherwise payable to Executive pursuant to Sections 2.2 and 2.3 in respect of any period during which Executive is Disabled (as contemplated in Section 4.4) shall be reduced by any amounts payable to Executive for loss of earnings or the like under any insurance plan or policy sponsored by the Company.

ARTICLE III
BENEFITS; EXPENSES

3.1 Benefits. Executive shall be entitled to participate in such group life, health, accident, disability or hospitalization insurance plans and retirement plans as the Company may make available to its other senior executive employees as a group (the "Company Plans"), subject to the terms and conditions of any such plans, regardless of whether Executive participates in any group life, health, accident, disability or hospitalization insurance plan or retirement plan offered by LMC, except that Executive may not participate in the Company's group health plan at any time that Executive is participating on a voluntary basis in a group health plan made available by LMC. Executive's participation in any Company Plan shall be at a level, and on terms and conditions, that are commensurate with his positions and responsibilities at the Company.

3.2 Expenses. The Company agrees that Executive is authorized to incur reasonable and appropriate expenses in the performance of his duties hereunder and in promoting the business of the Company in accordance with the terms of the Company's (or LMC's) Travel & Entertainment Policy (as the same may be modified or amended by the Company or LMC, as applicable, from time to time in its sole discretion).

3.3 Vacation. Executive shall accrue a total of one hundred sixty (160) hours of vacation per year following the date of this Agreement. If, at any time during the Term, Executive accumulates two hundred forty (240) hours of earned but unused vacation time (the "Accrual Cap"), Executive will not accrue additional vacation time until he has taken a portion of the previously earned vacation. Executive will again accrue paid vacation time when his accumulated amount of earned but unused vacation time falls below the Accrual Cap. Upon termination of Executive's employment, any accrued but unused vacation time will be paid to Executive.

3.4 Key Man Insurance. The Company may secure in its own name or otherwise, and at its own expense, life, health, accident and other insurance covering Executive alone or with others, and Executive shall not have any right, title or interest in or to such insurance other than as expressly provided herein. Executive agrees to assist the Company in procuring such insurance by submitting to the usual and customary medical and other examinations to be conducted by such physicians as the Company or such insurance company may designate and by signing such applications and other written instruments as may be required by the insurance companies to which application is made for such insurance. Executive's failure to submit to such usual and customary medical and other examinations shall be deemed a material breach of this Agreement.

3.5 Equity Grants. As part of the consideration for Executive's services to the Company during the Term, the Company has made the following grants to Executive pursuant to the Ascent Media Corporation 2008 Incentive Plan (the "Plan"):

(a) A grant of 91,701 shares (the "Restricted Shares") of the Company's Series A Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share ("ASCMA Stock"), pursuant to the Restricted Stock Award Agreement dated as of November 13, 2008, by and between the Company and Executive (the "Restricted Stock Agreement"); and

(b) A grant of options to purchase from the Company, at an exercise price of \$21.81 per share, 347,059 shares of ASCMA Stock (the "Options"), pursuant to the Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement dated as of November 13, 2008, by and between the Company and Executive (the "Option Agreement").

The Restricted Shares and the Options shall be subject in all respects to the terms and conditions of the Plan and the Restricted Stock Agreement and Option Agreement, as applicable.

ARTICLE IV

TERMINATION; DEATH; DISABILITY

4.1 Termination of Employment For Cause. In addition to any other remedies available to the Company at law, in equity or as set forth in this Agreement, the Company shall have the right, upon written notice to Executive, to terminate Executive's employment hereunder at any time for "Cause" (a "Termination For Cause"). In the event of a Termination For Cause, Executive's employment will terminate and the Company shall have no further liability or obligation to Executive (other than the Company's obligation to pay Base Salary and vacation time accrued but unpaid as of the date of termination and reimbursement of expenses incurred prior to the date of termination in accordance with Section 3.2 above).

For purposes of this Agreement, "Cause" shall mean: (a) any act or omission that constitutes a breach by Executive of any of his material obligations under this Agreement; (b) the continued failure or refusal of Executive to (i) substantially perform the material duties required of him as Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of the Company and/or (ii) to comply with reasonable directions of the Board of Directors of the Company; (c) any material violation by Executive of any (i) policy, rule or regulation of the Company or (ii) any law or regulation applicable to the business of the Company or any of its Affiliates; (d) Executive's material act or omission constituting fraud, dishonesty or misrepresentation, occurring subsequent to the commencement of his employment with the Company; (e) Executive's gross negligence in the performance of his duties hereunder; (f) Executive's conviction of, or plea of guilty or *nolo contendere* to, any crime (whether or not involving the Company) which constitutes a felony or crime of moral turpitude or is punishable by imprisonment of 30 days or more, provided, however, that nothing in this Agreement shall obligate the Company to pay Base Salary or any bonus compensation or benefits during any period that Executive is unable to perform his duties hereunder due to any incarceration, and provided, further, that nothing shall prevent Executive's termination under any other subsection of this Section 4.1 if it provides independent grounds for termination; or (g) any other misconduct by Executive that is materially

injurious to the financial condition or business reputation of, or is otherwise materially injurious to, the Company or any of its Affiliates.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, no purported Termination For Cause pursuant to (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) or (g) of the preceding paragraph of this Section 4.1 shall be effective unless all of the following provisions shall have been complied with: (i) Executive shall be given written notice by the Company of its intention to effect a Termination For Cause, such notice to state in detail the particular circumstances that constitute the grounds on which the proposed Termination For Cause is based; and (ii) Executive shall have ten (10) business days after receiving such notice in which to cure such grounds, to the extent such cure is possible, as determined in the sole discretion of the Company.

4.2 Termination of Employment Without Cause. During the Term, the Company may at any time, in its sole discretion, terminate the employment of Executive hereunder for any reason (other than those set forth in Section 4.1 above) upon written notice (the "Termination Notice") to Executive (a "Termination Without Cause"). In such event, the Company shall pay Executive an amount equal to the sum of the following:

- (a) any Base Salary and vacation time accrued but unpaid as of the date of termination;
- (b) subject to Sections 4.5, 4.6, 4.7, 4.10 and 5.3 below, an amount (the "Severance Payment") equal to:
 - (i) if the termination of Executive's employment occurs prior to a Change in Control (as defined in Section 4.8), the product of (i) the sum of Executive's Annual Base Salary plus the Minimum Target Bonus, both as in effect immediately prior to such Termination Without Cause, multiplied by (ii) 2; or
 - (ii) if the termination of Executive's employment occurs concurrently with or following a Change in Control, the product of (i) the sum of Executive's Annual Base Salary plus the Minimum Target Bonus, both as in effect immediately prior to such Termination Without Cause, multiplied by (ii) 2.5;
- (c) any Bonus to which Executive has become entitled for the calendar year prior to the year in which such Termination Without Cause occurs but which remains unpaid at the date of termination ("Unpaid Bonus"); and
- (d) any reimbursement for expenses incurred in accordance with Section 3.2.

Subject to Section 4.10, any Severance Payment to which Executive becomes entitled shall be payable in a lump sum on the sixtieth (60th) day following the date of termination of Executive's employment (or, if such day is not a business day, on the first business day thereafter).

In addition, subject to Sections 4.5, 4.6, 4.7, 4.10 and 5.3 below, to the extent such coverage is available and is elected by Executive under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 ("COBRA"), and to the extent that Executive is not otherwise eligible to participate in LMC's plans, the Company shall contribute to the health insurance plan maintained by the Company and covering the Executive and his dependents as of the date of termination, or any

successor plan maintained by the Company, that amount that reflects the proportionate part of the premium for such coverage that is paid by the Company as of the date of termination (the "Benefits Payments"), such Benefits Payments to be made monthly in accordance with the Company's normal procedures for the payment of health insurance premiums, throughout the period beginning on the date of termination and ending on the earlier of the 24-month anniversary of the date of termination and the expiration of the coverage period specified in COBRA, such period to be determined as of the date of termination (the "Reimbursement Period") (i.e., Executive shall bear responsibility for that portion of the health insurance premiums in excess of the Benefits Payments), or, alternately, in the Company's sole discretion, the Company shall reimburse Executive the amount of the Benefits Payment on a monthly basis during the Reimbursement Period, upon Executive's submission to the Company of adequate proof of payment of the full COBRA premium by Executive; provided, however, that if Executive becomes employed with another employer during the Reimbursement Period and is eligible to receive health and/or medical benefits under such other employer's plans, the Company's payment obligation under this paragraph shall be reduced to the extent that comparable benefits and/or coverage is provided under such other employer's plans. For the avoidance of doubt, Executive shall be responsible for paying any U.S. federal or state income taxes associated with the Benefits Payments.

Provided that a Change in Control (as defined in Section 4.8 below) has not then occurred, within the period beginning on the date that is six (6) months prior to the expiration of the Term and ending on the date that is three (3) months prior to the expiration of the Term (the "Notice Period"), the Company shall deliver a written notice to Executive stating either (i) that the Company does not intend to offer Executive a new employment agreement to take effect at the expiration of the Term (a "Non-Renewal Notice") or (ii) that the Company offers Executive a new employment agreement to take effect at the expiration of the Term upon terms (other than the length of the term of such new employment agreement) that are at least as favorable to Executive as the terms of this Agreement, and the material terms of such offer shall be summarized or set forth in the notice ("Renewal Notice"). If the Company delivers a Non-Renewal Notice, or if the Company fails to deliver either a Renewal Notice or a Non-Renewal Notice within the Notice Period, Executive's employment shall be terminated at the expiration of the Term (or at such earlier date as may be set forth in the Non-Renewal Notice), and such termination shall be a Termination Without Cause, whereupon, subject to Sections 4.5, 4.6, 4.7, 4.10 and 5.3 below, Executive shall be entitled to receive the amounts and benefits as provided under this Section 4.2. If the Company delivers a Renewal Notice and Executive fails to accept such offer in writing prior to the date that is ninety (90) days following delivery of the Renewal Notice, Executive's employment shall be terminated as of such 90th day and such termination shall be a Termination Without Cause, whereupon, subject to Sections 4.5, 4.6, 4.7, 4.10 and 5.3 below, Executive shall be entitled to receive the amounts and benefits as provided under this Section 4.2 except that "1" shall be substituted for "2" in Section 4.2(b)(i) for purposes of calculating Executive's Severance Payment and "12-month anniversary" shall be substituted for "24-month anniversary" for purposes of calculating Executive's Benefits Payments and Reimbursement Period under this Section 4.2.

Executive acknowledges that the payments and benefits described in this Section 4.2, together with any rights or benefits under any written plan or agreement which have vested on or prior to the termination date of Executive's employment under this Section 4.2, constitute the only payments which Executive shall be entitled to receive from the Company hereunder in the event of any termination of his employment pursuant to this Section 4.2, and the Company shall have no further liability or obligation to him hereunder or otherwise in respect of his employment.

4.3 Termination of Employment With Good Reason . In addition to any other remedies available to Executive at law, in equity or as set forth in this Agreement, Executive shall have the right during the Term, upon written notice to the Company, to terminate his employment hereunder upon the occurrence of any of the following events without the prior written consent of Executive: (a) a material reduction in Executive's then current Base Salary; (b) a material reduction in Executive's authority, duties or responsibilities with the Company; (c) a material change in the office or location at which Executive is required to perform services hereunder, or (d) a material breach by the Company of any provision of this Agreement (a "Termination With Good Reason").

Notwithstanding the foregoing, no purported Termination With Good Reason pursuant to this Section 4.3 shall be effective unless all of the following provisions shall have been complied with: (i) Executive shall give the Company a written notice of Executive's intention to effect a Termination With Good Reason, such notice to state in detail the particular circumstances that constitute the grounds on which the proposed Termination With Good Reason is based and to be given no later than ninety (90) days after the initial occurrence of such circumstances; (ii) the Company shall have thirty (30) days after receiving such notice in which to cure such grounds, to the extent such cure is possible; and (iii) if the Company fails to cure such grounds within such 30-day period, Executive terminates his employment hereunder on the last day of such 30-day period.

In the event that a Termination With Good Reason occurs, then, subject to Sections 4.5, 4.6, 4.7, 4.10 and 5.3 below, Executive shall have the same entitlement to the amounts and benefits as provided under Section 4.2 for a Termination Without Cause.

Executive acknowledges that the payments and benefits referred to in this Section 4.3, together with any rights or benefits under any written plan or agreement which have vested on or prior to the termination date of Executive's employment under this Section 4.3, constitute the only payments which Executive shall be entitled to receive from the Company hereunder in the event of any termination of his employment pursuant to this Section 4.3, and the Company shall have no further liability or obligation to him hereunder or otherwise in respect of his employment.

4.4 Death; Disability . In the event that Executive dies or becomes Disabled (as defined herein) during the Term, Executive's employment shall terminate either (i) when such death occurs, or (ii) upon written notice by the Company at any time after Disability occurs (provided that, in the event of any Disability, the Company shall have the right, but not the obligation, to terminate this Agreement), and, in either event, and, subject to Section 4.10, the Company shall pay Executive (or his legal representative, as the case may be) as follows:

- (a) any Base Salary and vacation time accrued but unpaid as of the date of death or termination for Disability;
- (b) any reimbursement for expenses incurred in accordance with Section 3.2; and
- (c) an amount equal to Executive's annual Base Salary in effect on such termination date multiplied by 2, payable in a single lump sum on the sixtieth (60th) business day following the termination date; provided , however , that, in the event Executive is eligible to participate in, and is covered by, the Company's basic life insurance group benefit plan, the Company's obligation under this subsection 4.4(c) shall be reduced

to an amount equal to Executive's annual Base Salary in effect on such termination date multiplied by 1, payable in a single lump sum on the sixtieth (60th) business day following the termination date.

For the purposes of this Agreement, Executive shall be deemed to be "Disabled" or have a "Disability" if, because of Executive's physical or mental disability, he has been substantially unable to perform his duties hereunder for twelve (12) work weeks in any twelve (12) month period. Executive shall be considered to have been substantially unable to perform his duties hereunder only if he is either (a) unable to reasonably and effectively carry out his duties with reasonable accommodations by the Company or (b) unable to reasonably and effectively carry out his duties because any reasonable accommodation which may be required would cause the Company undue hardship. In the event of a disagreement concerning Executive's perceived Disability, Executive shall submit to such examinations as are deemed appropriate by three practicing physicians specializing in the area of Executive's Disability, one selected by Executive, one selected by the Company, and one selected by both such physicians. The majority decision of such three physicians shall be final and binding on the parties. Nothing in this paragraph is intended to limit the Company's right to invoke the provisions of this paragraph with respect to any perceived Disability of Executive.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, to the extent and for the period required by any state or federal family and medical leave law, upon Executive's request (i) he shall be considered to be on unpaid leave of absence and not terminated, (ii) his group health benefits shall remain in full force and effect, and (iii) if Executive recovers from any such Disability, at that time, to the extent required by any state or federal family and medical leave law, upon Executive's request, he shall be restored to his position hereunder or to an equivalent position, as the Company may determine, and the Term of Executive's employment hereunder shall be reinstated effective upon such restoration. The Term shall not be extended by reason of such intervening leave of absence, nor shall any compensation or benefits accrue in excess of those required by law during such intervening leave of absence. Upon the expiration of any such rights, unless Executive has been restored to a position with the Company, he shall thereupon be considered terminated.

Executive acknowledges that the payments referred to in this Section 4.4, together with any rights or benefits under any written plan or agreement which have vested on or prior to the termination date of Executive's employment under this Section 4.4, constitute the only payments which Executive (or his legal representative, as the case may be) shall be entitled to receive from the Company hereunder in the event of a termination of his employment for death or Disability, and the Company shall have no further liability or obligation to him (or his legal representatives, as the case may be) hereunder or otherwise in respect of his employment.

4.5 No Mitigation by Executive. Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, Executive shall not be required to mitigate the amount of any payment provided for in this Agreement by seeking other employment or otherwise, nor shall the amount of any payment provided for herein be reduced by any compensation earned by Executive as the result of employment by another employer; provided, however, that if Executive is or becomes employed with another employer and is eligible to receive health and/or medical benefits under such other employer's plans, Executive's continued benefits and/or plan coverage as set forth in Section 4.2 or 4.3, as the case may be, shall be reduced to the extent that comparable benefits and/or coverage is provided under such other employer's plans.

4.6 Severance Agreement and Release. In the event that Executive's employment hereunder is terminated pursuant to (i) a Termination Without Cause (as defined in Section 4.2 above), or (ii) a Termination With Good Reason (as defined in Section 4.3 above), payment by the Company of the amounts described in said sections shall be subject to the execution and delivery to the Company by Executive of the Company's standard severance agreement and release (the "Release") within the applicable time period described below.

The Release shall be delivered to Executive, in the case of a Termination Without Cause, at the time of delivery of the Termination Notice, and, in the case of a Termination With Good Reason, upon delivery of written notice by the Executive to the Company. Executive shall have a period of twenty-one (21) days (or, if required by applicable law, a period of forty-five (45) days) after the effective date of termination of Executive's employment hereunder (the "Consideration Period") in which to execute and return the original, signed Release to the Company. If Executive delivers the original, signed Release to the Company prior to the expiration of the Consideration Period and does not thereafter revoke such Release within any period of time provided therefor under applicable law, Executive shall, subject to Sections 4.7, 4.10 and 5.3 below, be entitled to the Severance Payment as described in Section 4.2 (including by reason of Section 4.3, if applicable).

If Executive does not deliver the original, signed Release to the Company prior to the expiration of the Consideration Period, or if Executive delivers the original, signed Release to the Company prior to the expiration of the Consideration Period and thereafter revokes such Release within any period of time provided therefor under applicable law, then:

- (a) the Company shall pay Executive an amount equal to the sum of (i) any Base Salary and vacation time accrued but unpaid as of the date of termination, plus (ii) any reimbursement for expenses incurred in accordance with Section 3.2, plus (ii) any Unpaid Bonus described in Section 4.2(c) above; and
- (b) the Company shall have no obligation to pay to Executive the Severance Payment (as that term is defined in Section 4.2(b) above) or the Benefits Payments (as that term is defined in Section 4.2).

4.7 Continued Compliance. Executive and the Company hereby acknowledge that any Severance Payments and Benefits Payments payable by the Company under Section 4.2 (including by reason of Section 4.3) are part of the consideration for Executive's undertakings under Article V below. Such amounts are subject to Executive's continued compliance with the provisions of Article V. If Executive violates the provisions of Article V, then the Company will have no obligation to make any of the Severance Payments or Benefits Payments that remain payable by the Company under Section 4.2 (including by reason of Section 4.3) on or after the date of such violation.

4.8 Change in Control. For purposes of this Agreement, a "Change in Control" means any of the following that otherwise meets the definition of a "change in ownership," a "change in effective control" or a "change in ownership of a substantial portion of the assets" of the Company within the meaning of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, including any Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder and any guidance issued by the Internal Revenue Service with respect thereto (hereinafter, the "Code"):

(a) the acquisition by any person or group (excluding John C. Malone and/or any family member(s) of John C. Malone and/or any company, partnership, trust or other entity or investment vehicle controlled by any of the foregoing persons or the holdings of which are for the primary benefit or any of such persons (collectively, the “Permitted Holders”)) of ownership of stock of the Company that, together with stock already held by such person or group, constitutes more than 50% of the total fair market value or more than 50% of the total voting power of the stock of the Company;

(b) the acquisition by any person or group (other than the Permitted Holders), in a single transaction or in multiple transactions all occurring during the 12-month period ending on the date of the most recent acquisition by such person or group, assets from the Company that have a total gross fair market value equal to or exceeding 40% of the total gross fair market value of all of the assets of the Company immediately prior to such acquisition or acquisitions; or

(c) the acquisition by any person or group (other than the Permitted Holders), in a single transaction or in multiple transactions all occurring during the 12-month period ending on the date of the most recent acquisition by such person or group, of ownership of stock of the Company possessing 30 percent or more of the total voting power of the stock of the Company or the replacement of a majority of the Company’s Board of Directors during any 12-month period by directors whose appointment or election is not endorsed by a majority of the members of the Company’s Board of Directors before the date of appointment or election.

For purposes of this Section 4.8, “person” and “group” have the meanings given to them for purposes of Section 13(d) and 14(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), or any successor provisions, and the term “group” includes any group acting for the purpose of acquiring, holding or disposing of securities within the meaning of rule 13d-5(b)(1) under the Exchange Act, or any successor provision.

4.9 Certain Additional Payments. Anything in this Agreement to the contrary notwithstanding and except as set forth below, in the event it shall be determined that any payment or distribution in the nature of compensation (within the meaning of Section 280G(b)(2) of the Code) to or for the benefit of Executive, whether paid or payable or distributed or distributable pursuant to the terms of this Agreement or otherwise (including, without limitation, any equity grants made pursuant to the Ascent Media Corporation 2008 Incentive Plan), but determined without regard to any additional payments required under this Section 4.9 (the “Payment”), would be subject to the excise tax imposed by Section 4999 of the Code, together with any interest or penalties imposed with respect to such excise tax (“Excise Tax”), then Executive shall be entitled to receive an additional payment (a “Gross-Up Payment”) in an amount such that, after payment (whether through withholding at the source or otherwise) by Executive of all taxes (including any interest or penalties imposed with respect to such taxes), including, without limitation, any income taxes (and any interest and penalties imposed with respect thereto), employment taxes and Excise Tax imposed upon the Gross-Up Payment, Executive retains an amount of the Gross-Up Payment equal to the Excise Tax imposed upon the Payment.

Subject to the provisions of this Section 4.9, all determinations required to be made under this Section 4.9, including whether and when a Gross-Up Payment is required and the amount of such Gross-Up Payment and the assumptions to be utilized in arriving at such determination, shall

be made by a nationally recognized certified public accounting firm that is mutually agreed upon by the Company and Executive (the “Accounting Firm”) which shall provide detailed supporting calculations both to the Company and Executive within 15 business days after the receipt of notice from Executive that there has been a Payment, or such earlier time as is requested by the Company. In the event that the Accounting Firm is serving as accountant or auditor for the individual, entity or group effecting the Change in Control or the Accounting Firm declines or is unable to serve, Executive shall appoint another nationally recognized certified public accounting firm to make the determinations required hereunder (which accounting firm shall then be referred to as the Accounting Firm hereunder). All fees and expenses of the Accounting Firm shall be borne solely by the Company. Any Gross-Up Payment, as determined pursuant to this Section 4.9, shall be paid by the Company to Executive within 15 days after the receipt of the Accounting Firm’s determination. If the Accounting Firm determines that no Excise Tax is payable by Executive, it shall furnish Executive with a written opinion that failure to report the Excise Tax on Executive’s applicable federal income tax return would not result in the imposition of negligence or similar penalty. Any determination by the Accounting Firm shall be binding upon the Company and Executive. As a result of the uncertainty in the application of Section 4999 of the Code at the time of the initial determination by the Accounting Firm hereunder, it is possible that Gross-Up Payments which will not have been made by the Company should have been made (“Underpayment”), consistent with the calculations required to be made hereunder. In the event that the Company exhausts its remedies pursuant to the following provisions of this Section 4.9 and Executive thereafter is required to make a payment of any Excise Tax, the Accounting Firm shall determine the amount of the Underpayment that has occurred and any such Underpayment shall be promptly paid by the Company to or for the benefit of Executive.

Executive shall notify the Company in writing of any claim by the Internal Revenue Service that, if successful, would require the payment by the Company of the Gross-Up Payment. Such notification shall be given as soon as practicable but no later than 10 business days after Executive is informed in writing of such claim and shall apprise the Company of the nature of such claim and the date on which such claim is requested to be paid. Executive shall not pay such claim prior to the expiration of the 30-day period following the date on which it gives such notice to the Company (or such shorter period ending on the date that any payment of taxes with respect to such claim is due). If the Company notifies Executive in writing prior to the expiration of such period that it desires to contest such claim, Executive shall:

- (a) give the Company any information reasonably requested by the Company relating to such claim;
- (b) take such action in connection with contesting such claim as the Company shall reasonably request in writing from time to time, including, without limitation, accepting legal representation with respect to such claim by an attorney reasonably selected by the Company;
- (c) cooperate with the Company in good faith in order to effectively contest such claim; and
- (d) permit the Company to participate in any proceedings relating to such claim;

provided, however, that the Company shall bear and pay directly all costs and expenses (including additional interest and penalties) incurred in connection with such contest and shall indemnify and hold Executive harmless, on an after-tax basis, for any Excise Tax, employment tax or income tax (including interest and penalties with respect thereto) imposed as a result of such representation and payment of costs and expenses. Without limitation of the foregoing provisions of this Section 4.9, the Company shall control all proceedings taken in connection with such contest and, at its sole option, may pursue or forgo any and all administrative appeals, proceedings, hearings and conferences with the taxing authority in respect of such claim and may, at its sole option, either direct Executive to pay the tax claimed and sue for a refund or contest the claim in any permissible manner, and Executive agrees to prosecute such contest to a determination before any administrative tribunal, in a court of initial jurisdiction and in one or more appellate courts, as the Company shall determine; *provided, however*, that if the Company directs Executive to pay such claim and sue for a refund, the Company shall provide the amount of such payment to Executive as an additional payment (“Supplemental Payment”) (subject to possible repayment as provided in the next paragraph) and shall indemnify and hold Executive harmless, on an after-tax basis, from any Excise Tax, employment tax or income tax (including interest or penalties with respect thereto) imposed with respect to such payment or with respect to any imputed income with respect thereto; and further provided that any extension of the statute of limitations relating to payment of taxes for the taxable year of Executive with respect to which such contested amount is claimed to be due is limited solely to such contested amount. Furthermore, the Company’s control of the contest shall be limited to issues with respect to which a Gross-Up Payment or Supplemental Payment would be payable hereunder and Executive shall be entitled to settle or contest, as the case may be, any other issue raised by the Internal Revenue Service or any other taxing authority.

If, after the receipt by Executive of an amount provided by the Company pursuant to the foregoing provisions of this Section 4.9, Executive becomes entitled to receive any refund with respect to such claim, Executive shall (subject to the Company complying with the requirements of this Section 4.9) promptly pay to the Company the amount of such refund (together with any interest paid or credited thereon after taxes applicable thereto)

Notwithstanding anything in this Section 4.9 to the contrary, in accordance with Treasury Regulation § 1.409A-3(i)(1)(v), in no event shall the Company pay Executive (or pay on Executive’s behalf) any amount to which Executive is entitled under this Section later than the end of Executive’s taxable year next following Executive’s taxable year in which Executive remits the Excise Tax or tax (as applicable) to the Internal Revenue Service (or in the case of costs and expenses payable under this Section, no later than the end of Executive’s taxable year next following Executive’s taxable year in which the taxes that are the subject of the audit or litigation are remitted to the Internal Revenue Service, or where as a result of such audit or litigation no taxes are remitted, the end of Executive’s taxable year next following Executive’s taxable year in which the audit is completed or there is a final and nonappealable settlement or other resolution of the litigation).

4.10 Timing of Payments Under Certain Circumstances. With respect to any amount that becomes payable to or for the benefit of Executive under this Agreement upon Executive’s Separation from Service (as defined below) for any reason, the provisions of this Section 4.10 will apply, notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement to the contrary. If the Company determines in good faith that Executive is a “specified employee” within the meaning of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code, any Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder and any

guidance issued by the Internal Revenue Service relating thereto (collectively, “Code Section 409A”), then to the extent required under Code Section 409A, payment of any amount of deferred compensation that becomes payable to or for the benefit of Executive upon Separation from Service (other than by reason of the death of Executive) and that otherwise would be payable during the six-month period following Executive’s Separation from Service shall be suspended until the lapse of such six-month period (or, if earlier, the date of Executive’s death). A “Separation from Service” of Executive means Executive’s separation from service, as defined in Code Section 409A, with the Company and all other entities with which the Company would be considered a single employer under Internal Revenue Code Section 414(b) or (c), applying the 80% threshold used in such Internal Revenue Code Sections or any Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder. Any payment suspended as provided in this Section 4.10, unadjusted for interest on such suspended payment, shall be paid to Executive in a single payment on the first business day following the end of such six-month period or within 30 days following the death of Executive, as applicable, provided that the death of Executive during such six-month period shall not cause the acceleration of any amount that otherwise would be payable on any date during such six-month period following the date of Executive’s death.

ARTICLE V

OWNERSHIP OF PROCEEDS OF EMPLOYMENT; NON-DISCLOSURE; NON-COMPETITION

5.1 Ownership of Proceeds of Employment.

5.1.1 The Company shall be the sole and exclusive owner throughout the universe in perpetuity of all of the results and proceeds of Executive’s services, work and labor in connection with Executive’s employment by the Company, free and clear of any and all claims, liens or encumbrances. Executive shall promptly and fully disclose to the Company, with all necessary detail for a complete understanding of the same, any and all developments, client and potential client lists, know how, discoveries, inventions, improvements, conceptions, ideas, writings, processes, formulae, contracts, methods, works, whether or not patentable or copyrightable, which are conceived, made, acquired, or written by Executive, solely or jointly with another, while employed by the Company (whether or not at the request or upon the suggestion of the Company) and which are substantially related to the business or activities of the Company or any of its Affiliates, or which Executive conceives as a result of his employment by the Company or its Affiliates, or as a result of rendering advisory or consulting services to the Company or its Affiliates (collectively, “Proprietary Rights”).

5.1.2 Executive hereby assigns and transfers, and agrees to assign and transfer, all his rights, title, and interests in the Proprietary Rights to the Company or its nominee. In addition, Executive shall deliver to the Company any and all drawings, notes, specifications, and data relating to the Proprietary Rights. All copyrightable Proprietary Rights shall be considered to be “works made for hire.” Whenever requested to do so by the Company, Executive shall execute and deliver to the Company any and all applications, assignments and other instruments and do such other acts that the Company shall request to apply for and obtain patents and/or copyrights in any and all countries or to otherwise protect the Company’s interest in the Proprietary Rights and/or to vest title thereto to the Company; provided, however, the provisions of this Section 5.1 shall not apply to any

Proprietary Rights that Executive developed entirely on his own time without using the Company's equipment, supplies, facilities or proprietary information, except for Proprietary Rights that (a) at the time of conception or reduction to practice of the Proprietary Rights, relate to the Company's business, or actual or demonstrably anticipated research or development of the Company, or (b) result from any work performed by Executive for the Company.

5.1.3 Executive shall assist the Company in obtaining such copyrights and patents during the term of this Agreement, and any time thereafter on reasonable notice and at mutually convenient times, and Executive agrees to testify in any prosecution or litigation involving any of the Proprietary Rights; provided, however, Executive shall be reasonably compensated for his time and reimbursed for any out-of-pocket expenses incurred in rendering such assistance or giving or preparing to give such testimony.

5.2 Non-Disclosure of Confidential Information. As used herein, "Confidential Information" means any and all information affecting or relating to the business of the Company and its Affiliates, including without limitation, financial data, customer lists and data, licensing arrangements, business strategies, pricing information, product development, intellectual, artistic, literary, dramatic or musical rights, works, or other materials of any kind or nature (whether or not entitled to protection under applicable copyright laws, or reduced to or embodied in any medium or tangible form), including without limitation, all copyrights, patents, trademarks, service marks, trade secrets, contract rights, titles, themes, stories, treatments, ideas, concepts, technologies, art work, logos, hardware, software, and as may be embodied in any and all computer programs, tapes, diskettes, disks, mailing lists, lists of actual or prospective customers and/or suppliers, notebooks, documents, memoranda, reports, files, correspondence, charts, lists and all other written, printed or otherwise recorded material of any kind whatsoever and any other information, whether or not reduced to writing, including "know-how", ideas, concepts, research, processes, and plans. "Confidential Information" does not include information that is in the public domain, information that is generally known in the trade, or information that Executive can prove he acquired wholly independently of his employment with the Company. Executive shall not, at any time during the Term or thereafter, directly or indirectly, disclose or furnish to any other person, firm or corporation any Confidential Information, except in the course of the proper performance of his duties hereunder or as required by law (in which event Executive shall give prior written notice to Company and shall cooperate with Company and Company's counsel in complying with such legal requirements). Promptly upon the expiration or termination of Executive's employment hereunder for any reason or whenever the Company so requests, Executive shall surrender to the Company all documents, drawings, work papers, lists, memoranda, records and other data (including all copies) constituting or pertaining in any way to any of the Confidential Information.

5.3 Non-Competition. Executive shall not, during the Term or during the Consideration Period, directly: (a) compete with the Company; or (b) have an interest in, be employed by, be engaged in or participate in the ownership, management, operation or control of, or act in any advisory or other capacity for, any Competing Entity which conducts its business within the Territory (as such terms are hereinafter defined); provided, however, that notwithstanding the foregoing, Executive may make solely passive investments in any Competing Entity the common stock of which is "publicly held," and of which Executive shall not own or control, directly or indirectly, in the aggregate securities which constitute more than one (1%) percent of the voting rights or equity ownership of such Competing Entity; or (c) solicit or divert any business or any customer from the Company or assist any person, firm or corporation in doing so or attempting to

do so; or (d) cause or seek to cause any person, firm or corporation to refrain from dealing or doing business with the Company or assist any person, firm or corporation in doing so or attempting to do so.

For purposes of this Section 5.3, (i) the term “Competing Entity” shall mean any entity which presently or during the period referred to above engages in any business activity in which the Company or any of its Affiliates is then engaged; and (ii) the term “Territory” shall mean any geographic area in which the Company or any of its Affiliates conducts business during such period; provided, however, that, during the Consideration Period, the term “Territory” shall mean only Los Angeles County, California.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event that Executive elects, during the Consideration Period, to either (a) compete with the Company, or (b) have an interest in, be employed by, be engaged in or participate in the ownership, management, operation or control of, or act in any advisory or other capacity for, any Competing Entity which conducts its business within the Territory (the foregoing subsections (a) and (b), collectively, the “Competitive Activities”), then, at least ten (10) business days prior to commencing any such Competitive Activities, Executive shall deliver to the Company a written notice (the “Competition Notice”) advising the Company of (i) Executive’s intent to commence Competitive Activities, and (ii) the commencement date for such Competitive Activities. Executive’s election to participate in any Competitive Activities during the Consideration Period shall not be deemed a breach of this Agreement; rather, in the event Executive engages in Competitive Activities prior to the expiration of the Consideration Period, then (x) Executive shall forfeit any Severance Payment and Benefits Payments otherwise payable pursuant to Section 4.2 or 4.3 above, and (y) the Company shall have no obligation to make any Severance Payment or Benefits Payments to Executive under Section 4.2 or 4.3.

5.4 Non-Solicitation.

5.4.1 Executive shall not, for a period of eighteen (18) months from the date of any termination or expiration of his employment hereunder, directly or indirectly: (a) acquire any financial interest in or perform any services for himself or any other entity in connection with a business in which Executive’s interest, duties or activities would inherently require Executive to reveal any Confidential Information; or (b) solicit or cause to be solicited the disclosure of or disclose any Confidential Information for any purpose whatsoever or for any other party.

5.4.2 Executive shall not, for a period of eighteen (18) months from the date of any termination or expiration of his employment hereunder, solicit, directly or indirectly, or cause or permit others to solicit, directly or indirectly, any person employed by the Company (a “Current Employee”) to leave employment with the Company. The term “solicit” includes, but is not limited to the following (regardless of whether done directly or indirectly): (i) requesting that a Current Employee change employment, (ii) informing a Current Employee that an opening exists elsewhere, (iii) assisting a Current Employee in finding employment elsewhere, (iv) inquiring if a Current Employee “knows of anyone who might be interested” in a position elsewhere, (v) inquiring if a Current Employee might have an interest in employment elsewhere, (vi) informing others of the name or status of, or other information about, a Current Employee, or (vii) any other similar conduct, the effect of which is that a Current Employee leaves the employment of the Company.

5.5 Breach of Provisions . In the event that Executive shall breach any of the provisions of this Article V, or in the event that any such breach is threatened by Executive, in addition to and without limiting or waiving any other remedies available to the Company at law or in equity, the Company shall be entitled to immediate injunctive relief in any court, domestic or foreign, having the capacity to grant such relief, without the necessity of posting a bond, to restrain any such breach or threatened breach and to enforce the provisions of this Article V. Executive acknowledges and agrees that there is no adequate remedy at law for any such breach or threatened breach and, in the event that any action or proceeding is brought seeking injunctive relief, Executive shall not use as a defense thereto that there is an adequate remedy at law.

5.6 Reasonable Restrictions . The parties acknowledge that the foregoing restrictions, the duration and the territorial scope thereof as set forth in this Article V, are under all of the circumstances reasonable and necessary for the protection of the Company and its business.

5.7 Definition . For purposes of this Article V, the term “Company” shall be deemed to include (i) any predecessor to, or successor of the Company, (ii) any subsidiary of the Company (including, without limitation, any entity in which the Company owns 50% or more of the issued and outstanding equity), and (iii) any entity that is under the control or common control of the Company (including, by way of illustration and not as a limitation, any joint venture to which the Company or one of its subsidiaries is a party).

ARTICLE VI MISCELLANEOUS

6.1 Binding Effect . This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective legal representatives, heirs, distributees, successors and assigns.

6.2 Assignment . The Company may assign this Agreement to any successor in interest to its business, and Executive hereby agrees to be employed by such assignee as though such assignee were originally the employer named herein; provided, however, that, notwithstanding any such assignment, the Company shall remain liable to Executive for any obligations arising under Article IV above (including, without limitation, any amounts and benefits payable under Sections 4.2, 4.3, 4.4 and 4.9), regardless of the time of payment . Executive hereby acknowledges that the services to be rendered by Executive are unique and personal, and, accordingly, Executive may not assign any of his rights or delegate any of his duties or obligations under this Agreement.

6.3 Notices . Any notice provided for herein shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been given or made when personally delivered or three (3) days following deposit for mailing by first class registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, or if delivered by facsimile transmission, upon confirmation of receipt of the transmission, to the address of the other party set forth below or to such other address as may be specified by notice given in accordance with this Section 6.3:

(a) If to the Company:

Ascent Media Corporation
520 Broadway, 5th Floor
Santa Monica, CA 90401
Attention: Chairman, Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors
Fax No.: (310) 434-7005

With a copy to:

Ascent Media Corporation
520 Broadway, 5th Floor
Santa Monica, CA 90401
Attention: General Counsel
Fax No.: (310) 434-7005

(b) If to Executive:

William R. Fitzgerald
c/o Liberty Media Corporation
12300 Liberty Boulevard
Englewood, CO 80112

6.4 Severability. If any provision of this Agreement, or portion thereof, shall be held invalid or unenforceable by a court of competent jurisdiction, such invalidity or unenforceability shall attach only to such provision or portion thereof, and shall not in any manner affect or render invalid or unenforceable any other provision of this Agreement or portion thereof, and this Agreement shall be carried out as if any such invalid or unenforceable provision or portion thereof were not contained herein. In addition, any such invalid or unenforceable provision or portion thereof shall be deemed, without further action on the part of the parties hereto, modified, amended or limited to the extent necessary to render the same valid and enforceable.

6.5 Confidentiality. The parties hereto agree that they will not, during the Term or thereafter, disclose to any other person or entity the terms or conditions of this Agreement (excluding the financial terms hereof) without the prior written consent of the other party, except as required by law, regulatory authority or as necessary for either party to obtain personal loans or financing. Approval of the Company and of Executive shall be required with respect to any press releases regarding this Agreement and the activities of Executive contemplated hereunder.

6.6 Arbitration. If any controversy, claim or dispute arises out of or in any way relates to this Agreement, the alleged breach thereof, Executive's employment with the Company or termination therefrom, including without limitation, any and all claims for employment discrimination or harassment, civil tort and any other employment laws, excepting only claims which may not, by statute, be arbitrated, both Executive and the Company (and its directors, officers, employees or agents) agree to submit any such dispute exclusively to binding arbitration. Both Executive and the Company acknowledge that they are relinquishing their right to a jury trial

in civil court. Executive and the Company agree that arbitration is the exclusive remedy for all disputes arising out of or related to Executive's employment with the Company.

The arbitration shall be administered, at the election of the party initiating the arbitration proceeding, either by JAMS in accordance with the Employment Arbitration Rules & Procedures of JAMS then in effect and subject to JAMS Policy on Employment Arbitration Minimum Standards or by the American Arbitration Association in accordance with the Employment Dispute Resolution Rules of the American Arbitration Association, except as provided otherwise in this Agreement. Arbitration shall be commenced and heard in the Englewood, Colorado metropolitan area. Only one arbitrator shall preside over the proceedings. The arbitrator shall apply the substantive law (and the law of remedies, if applicable) of Colorado or federal law, or both, as applicable to the claim(s) asserted. In any arbitration, the burden of proof shall be allocated as provided by applicable law. The arbitrator shall have the authority to award any and all legal and equitable relief authorized by the law applicable to the claim(s) being asserted in the arbitration, as of the claim(s) were brought in a court of law. Either party may bring an action in court to compel arbitration under this Agreement and to enforce an arbitration award. Discovery, such as depositions or document requests, shall be available to the Company and Executive as though the dispute were pending in Colorado state court. The arbitrator shall have the ability to rule on pre-hearing motions, as though the matter were in a Colorado state court, including the ability to rule on a motion for summary judgment.

Unless otherwise permitted under applicable law, the fees of the arbitrator and any other fees for the administration of the arbitration that would not normally be incurred if the action were brought in a court of law (e.g., filing fees, room rental fees, etc.) shall be paid by the Company, provided that Executive shall be required to pay the amount of filing fees equal to that which Executive would be required to pay to file an action in Colorado state court. The arbitrator must provide a written decision which is subject to limited judicial review consistent with applicable law. If any part of this arbitration provision is deemed to be unenforceable by an arbitrator or a court of law, that part may be severed or reformed so as to make the balance of this arbitration provision enforceable.

6.7 Waiver. No waiver by a party hereto of a breach or default hereunder by the other party shall be considered valid unless in writing signed by such first party, and no such waiver shall be deemed a waiver of any subsequent breach or default of the same or any other nature.

6.8 Controlling Nature of Agreement. To the extent any terms of this Agreement are inconsistent with the terms or provisions of the Company's Employee Handbook or any other personnel policy statements or documents, the terms of this Agreement shall control. To the extent that any terms and conditions of Executive's employment are not covered in this Agreement, the terms and conditions set forth in the Employee Handbook or any similar document shall control such terms.

6.9 Entire Agreement. This Agreement sets forth the entire agreement between the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof, and supersedes any and all prior agreements or understanding between the Company and Executive, whether written or oral, fully or partially performed relating to any or all matters covered by and contained or otherwise dealt with in this Agreement.

6.10 Amendment. No modification, change or amendment of this Agreement or any of its provisions shall be valid unless in writing and signed by the party against whom such claimed modification, change or amendment is sought to be enforced.

6.11 Authority. The parties each represent and warrant that they have the power, authority and right to enter into this Agreement and to carry out and perform the terms, covenants and conditions hereof.

6.12 Applicable Law. This Agreement, and all of the rights and obligations of the parties in connection with the employment relationship established hereby, shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the substantive laws of the State of Colorado without giving effect to principles relating to conflicts of law.

6.13 Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, and all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.

6.14 Compliance with Section 409A The provisions of this Agreement are intended to satisfy the requirements of Code Section 409A and will be interpreted in a manner that is consistent with such intent so that all payments and reimbursements made and all in-kind benefits provided hereunder are either made or provided in compliance with Code Section 409A or are exempt from the provisions thereof. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Company and Executive agree that Executive's entitlement to any payment made pursuant to Section 4.2(b) or (c) or any Benefit Payments (including by reason of Section 4.3) or Section 4.4(c) upon a Termination Without Cause or a Termination with Good Reason or a termination pursuant to Section 4.4 shall be conditioned upon such termination constituting a Separation from Service of Executive as defined in Section 4.10. The parties intend that, to the maximum extent possible, any payment made pursuant to Section 4.2(b) or (c) or any Benefit Payments (including by reason of Section 4.3) or Section 4.4(c) shall qualify as a short-term deferral pursuant to Treasury Regulation § 1.409A-1(b)(4) or a separation payment pursuant to Treasury Regulation § 1.409A-1(b)(9).

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement as of the day and year first above written.

“COMPANY”

ASCENT MEDIA CORPORATION

By: /s/ William E. Niles

Name: William E. Niles

Title: Executive Vice President and Secretary

“EXECUTIVE”

/s/ William R. Fitzgerald

William R. Fitzgerald

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Stockholders
Ascent Media Corporation:

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the registration statements on Form S-8 (Nos. 333-156231 and 333-156230) of Ascent Media Corporation of our report dated March 31, 2009, with respect to the consolidated balance sheets of Ascent Media Corporation and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss, cash flows and stockholders' equity for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2008, which report appears in the December 31, 2008 annual report on Form 10-K of Ascent Media Corporation.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Los Angeles, California
March 31, 2009

POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that each person whose signature appears below constitutes and appoints [] and [] his true and lawful attorneys-in-fact and agents, each with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for him and in his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign any and all amendments to this Annual Report on Form 10-K for Ascent Media Corporation, and to file the same, with all exhibits thereto, and other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite or necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent or his substitute, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this Power of Attorney has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities and on the date indicated.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<u> /s/ William R. Fitzgerald</u> William R. Fitzgerald	Chairman of the Board, Director and Chief Executive Officer of Ascent Media Corporation	March 31, 2009
<u> /s/ Jose A. Royo</u> Jose A. Royo	Director, President and Chief Operating Officer of Ascent Media Corporation	March 31, 2009
<u> /s/ Philip J. Holthouse</u> Philip J. Holthouse	Director of Ascent Media Corporation	March 31, 2009
<u> /s/ Brian C. Mulligan</u> Brian C. Mulligan	Director of Ascent Media Corporation	March 31, 2009
<u> /s/ Michael J. Pohl</u> Michael J. Pohl	Director of Ascent Media Corporation	March 31, 2009
<u> /s/ George C. Platisa</u> George C. Platisa	Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of Ascent Media Corporation (Principal Accounting Officer)	March 31, 2009

CERTIFICATION

I, William R. Fitzgerald, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Ascent Media Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this annual report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this annual report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included in this annual report fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this annual report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and we have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this annual report is being prepared;
 - b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this annual report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this annual report based on such evaluation; and
 - c) disclosed in this annual report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ William R. Fitzgerald

William R. Fitzgerald
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Date: March 31, 2009

CERTIFICATION

I, Jose A. Royo, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Ascent Media Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this annual report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this annual report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included in this annual report fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this annual report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and we have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this annual report is being prepared;
 - b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this annual report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this annual report based on such evaluation; and
 - c) disclosed in this annual report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Jose A. Royo

Jose A. Royo
President and Chief Operating Officer

Date: March 31, 2009

CERTIFICATION

I, George C. Platisa, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Ascent Media Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this annual report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this annual report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included in this annual report fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this annual report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and we have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this annual report is being prepared;
 - b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this annual report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this annual report based on such evaluation; and
 - c) disclosed in this annual report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ George C. Platisa

George C. Platisa
Executive Vice President,
Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Date: March 31, 2009

CERTIFICATION

PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002
(Subsections (a) and (b) of Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code)

Pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (subsections (a) and (b) of section 1350, chapter 63 of title 18, United States Code), each of the undersigned officers of Ascent Media Corporation, a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), does hereby certify, to such officer's knowledge, that:

The Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2008 (the "Form 10-K") of the Company fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and information contained in the Form 10-K fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 and for the three years ended December 31, 2008.

/s/ William R. Fitzgerald
William R. Fitzgerald
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Dated: March 31, 2009

/s/ Jose A. Royo
Jose A. Royo
President and Chief Operating Officer

Dated: March 31, 2009

/s/ George C. Platisa
George C. Platisa
Executive Vice President,
Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
(Principal Accounting Officer)

Dated: March 31, 2009

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (subsections (a) and (b) of section 1350, chapter 63 of title 18, United States Code) and is not being filed as part of the Form 10-K or as a separate disclosure document.